

from forest to final form



user manual

Instrukcja obsługi | Руководство полъзователя Manuel de l'Utilisateur | Betriebsanweisung Bruksanvisning | Manual del Usuario Betjeningsvejledning | Gebruikershandleiding Käyttöohjeet | Manual de utilizare | Bruksanvisning Manuale d'uso | Příručka uživatele | Navodila za uporabo

Retain for future use Zachować do przyszłego użytku Coхраните для последующего и с п о л ь з о в а н и я A conserver pour une utilisation future Für zukünftige Benutzung aufbewahren Behold for senere bruk Säilytä nämä käyttöohjeet tulevaa tarvetta marten Opbevar manualen til fremtidig brug Bewaren voor gebruik in de toekomst Conservare il presente manuale a l'uso futuro Pästraţi acest manual pentru utilizare viitoare Conservar para futuras consultas Behall för framtida användning Uchovejte pro další použití Hranite za prihodnjo uporabo

Wood-Mizer® Sawmill

Safety, Setup, Operation & Maintenance Manual

LT40L AH rev. D6.04 LT40L AH Wide rev. D6.04



Safety is our #1 concern! Read and understand all safety information and instructions before operating, setting up or maintaining this machine.

Form #940

This is the original language for the manual.

This manual is to replace or to be used with all previous information received on the Wood-Mizer®* sawmill. All future mailings will be an addition to or a revision of individual sections of this manual as we obtain new information.

The information and instructions given in this manual do not amend or extend the limited warranties for the equipment given at the time of purchase.

If You Need To Order Parts...

From Europe call our European Headquarters and Manufacturing Facility in Kolo, Poland at **+48-63-2626000**. Please have the vehicle identification number and your customer number ready when you call. Wood-Mizer will accept these methods of payment:

- Visa, Mastercard, or Select Purchase
- COD
- Prepayment
- Net 15 (with approved credit)

Be aware that shipping and handling charges may apply. Handling charges are based on size and quantity of order. In most cases, items will ship on the day they are ordered. Second Day and Next Day shipping are available at additional cost.

If You Need Service ...

From Europe call our European Headquarters and Manufacturing Facility in Kolo, Poland at **+48-63-2626000**. Ask to speak with a Customer Service Representative. Please have your vehicle identification number and your customer number ready when you call. The Service Representative can help you with questions about alignment of your mill, blade sharpening, or cutting a particular species of wood. He also can schedule you for a service call.

Office Hours: All times are Eastern Standard Time. Please remember that Indiana does not go on Daylight Savings Time in the summer.

Country	Monday - Friday	Saturday	Sunday
U.S., Indiana	8 a.m. to 5 p.m.	8 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Closed
Poland	8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.	8 a.m. to 1 p.m.	Closed



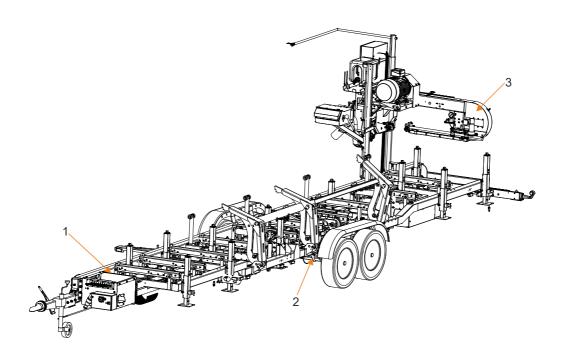
IMPORTANT! Read the entire Operator's Manual before operating the sawmill. Take notice of all safety warnings throughout this manual and those posted on the machine. Keep this manual with this machine at all times, regardless of ownership.

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^{*}Wood-Mizer® is a registered trademark of Wood-Mizer Products, Inc.

Sawmill and Customer Identification

Each Wood-Mizer sawmill has a 17-digit Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). See the figure below for VIN locations. See the chart for VIN description.



V.I.N. LOCATIONS

Manufacturer's Identification Code S-Europe U-Poland 9-Manufacturer	Gross Vehicle Weight; A= Up to 750kg B=751-1300kg C=1301-2200 kg D=2201-2600kg E=2601-3000kg F=3001-3500kg	Product Id.: 1=LT15, 2=LT20, 4=LT40 7=LT70	Number of axles on the trailer	Empty Slot	Empty Slot	Month of Manufacture A=January, B=February, C=March, etc	Year of Manufacture; L=2020 M=2021 N=2022 P=2023	State of Manufacture K=Koło	Manufacturer's No. Given by PIMOT		Serial Number	
itification Code 9-Manufacturer	to 750kg B=751-1300kg =2601-3000kg F=3001-3500kg	2=LT20, 4=LT40 0	on the trailer	Slot	Slot	iufacture y, C=March, etc	ıfacture; =2022 P=2023	ufacture o	Siven by PIMOT		mber	

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Each sawmill is also identified with a model number which includes the base model and the engine/motor configuration. See the figure for a description of the model number.

LT40
Basic Sawmill I.D.

E25
Engine/Motor
Configuration

MODEL NUMBER DESCRIPTION.

When you pick up your mill, you will receive a customer number. Both the VIN and your customer number expedite our service to you. Please write these numbers below so you have quick, easy access to them.

Customer No.	Model No.	V.I.N.	Revision

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Getting Service

Wood-Mizer is committed to providing you with the latest technology, best quality and strongest customer service available on the market today. We continually evaluate our customers' needs to ensure we're meeting current wood-processing demands. Your comments and suggestions are welcome.

General Contact Information

From Europe call your local distributor or our European Headquarters and Manufacturing Facility in Koło, Nagórna 114 St, Poland at **+48-63-2626000**. From the continental U.S., call our U.S. Headquarter 8180 West 10th St.Indianapolis, IN 46214, toll-free at *1-800-525-8100*. Ask to speak with a Customer Service Representative. Please have your machine identification number and your customer number ready when you call. The Service Representative can help you with questions about the operation and maintenance of your machine. He also can schedule you for a service call.

Office Hours:

Country	Monday - Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Poland	7 a.m 3 p.m.	Closed	Closed
US	8 a.m 5 p.m.	8 a.m 12 p.m	Closed

Please have your vehicle identification number and your customer number ready when you call. Wood-Mizer will accept these methods of payment:

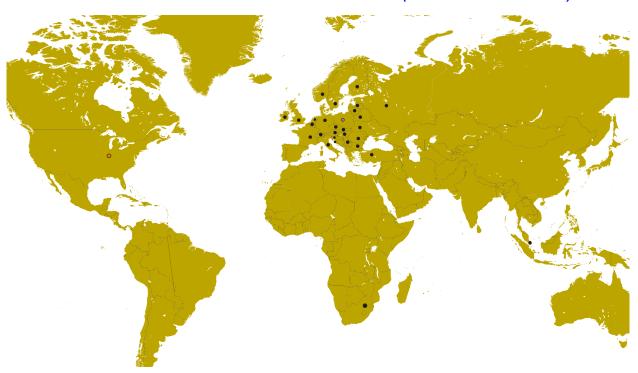
- Visa, Mastercard, or Discover
- COD
- Prepayment
- Net 15 (with approved credit)

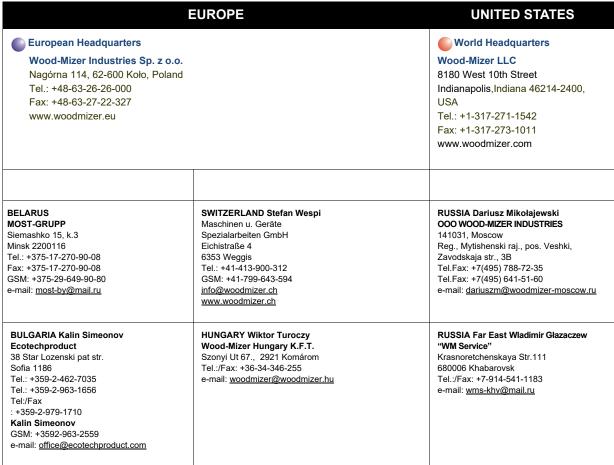
Be aware that shipping and handling charges may apply. Handling charges are based on size and quantity of order.

Technical data are subject to change without prior notice.

Actual product may differ from product images. Some illustrations show machines with optional equipment.

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SECTION 1 SAFETY & GENERAL INFORMATION



This symbol calls your attention to instructions concerning your personal safety. Be sure to observe and follow these instructions. This symbol accompanies a signal word. The word **DANGER** indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. **WARNING** suggests a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. **CAUTION** refers to potentially hazardous situations which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury to persons or equipment. Read all safety instructions before operating this equipment and observe all safety warnings!



Warning stripes are placed on areas where a single decal would be insufficient. To avoid serious injury, keep out of the path of any equipment marked with warning stripes.

Read and observe all safety instructions before operating this equipment! Also read any additional manufacturer's manuals and observe any applicable safety instructions including dangers, warnings, and cautions.

Always be sure that all safety decals are clean and readable. Replace all damaged safety decals to prevent personal injury or damage to the equipment. Contact your local distributor, or call your Customer Service Representative to order more decals.

IMPORTANT! It is always the owner's responsibility to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations regarding the ownership, operation and towing of your Wood-Mizer sawmill. All Wood-Mizer mill owners are encouraged to become thoroughly familiar with these applicable laws and comply with them fully while using or towing the mill.

Always properly dispose of all sawing by-products, including sawdust and other debris, coolant, oil, fuel, oil filters and fuel filters.

Safety instructions are listed in this section by the following operations:

- Blade Handling
- Sawmill Setup
- Sawmill Operation
- Sawmill Maintenance

1.1 Blade Handling



DANGER! Shut off the sawmill motorbefore changing the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



WARNING! Always wear gloves and eye protection when handling bandsaw blades. Changing blades is safest when done by one person! Keep all other persons away from area when coiling, carrying or changing a blade. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.



WARNING! Do not spin the blade wheels by hand. Spinning the blade wheels by hand may result in serious injury.

Safety & General Information Sawmill Setup

1.2 Sawmill Setup



WARNING! Securely fasten the feet of a stationary sawmill to the floor before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always make sure the trailer is supporting the sawmill frame when operating a sawmill with adjustable outriggers. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death. The adjustable outriggers are intended to support the saw frame with assistance from the trailer.

WARNING! Do not set up the mill on ground with more than a 10 degree incline. If setup on an incline is necessary, put blocks under one side of the mill or dig out areas for outrigger legs to keep mill level. Setting up the mill on an incline could cause it to tip over, resulting in serious personal injury.



CAUTION! Changes in temperature could cause increased pressure in the blade tensioner and loss of fluid from the gauge. Release the blade tension when the mill is not in use to avoid damage to the tensioner.

1.3 Sawmill Operation



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

DANGER! Always keep hands away from moving bandsaw blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



DANGER! Stay clear of the area between the trailer axle and saw carriage. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Keep all persons out of the path of moving equipment and logs when operating sawmill or loading and turning logs. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Maintain a clean and clear path for all necessary movement around the mill and lumber stacking areas. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Always be sure the blade is disengaged and all persons are out of the path of the blade before starting the engine or motor. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Keep all persons out of the path of returning boards. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



WARNING! Always wear eye, ear, respiration, and foot protection when operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the (#1) or (#2) position. This prevents accidental carriage movement which may cause serious injury or death.



WARNING! Secure all loose clothing and jewelry before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always make sure log is clamped securely before sawing. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! The automatic board return is intended to assist a second operator in removing boards quickly. Do not use the board return when operating the sawmill alone. Serious injury, death or damage to the equipment may result.

Safety & General Information Sawmill Operation

WARNING! Never use the board return table as a platform to stand on. This table is designed and intended to assist in the removal of boards only. Standing on the table may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Use ONLY water with the water lube accessory. Never use flammable fuels or liquids. If these types of liquids are necessary to clean the blade, remove it and clean with a rag. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION! Be sure the pivot rails, turning arm, clamp, and toe boards are below bed level before loading a log onto the bed. Failure to do so may result in machine damage or cause misalignment.



CAUTION Before loading a log, be sure the cutting head is moved far enough forward so the log does not hit it. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

CAUTION! Nie zostawiać załączonych dźwigni sterowania hydrauliką podczas postoju maszyny. Zakończyć się to może wyczerpaniem akumulatora!



CAUTION! Be careful when manually lowering the log loader. Do not drop the loader onto the ground or perform any action which might break the velocity fuse valves on the loader cylinders. These valves control hydraulic flow and are necessary to prevent the loading arm from collapsing during use.

CAUTION! Do not try to force the saw head beyond its upper and lower travel limits. Damage to the up/down system may result.

CAUTION! Always make sure the up/down switch moves to the neutral or off position when released to ensure that the saw head stops moving. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

CAUTION! Move the hydraulic clamp and turner to provide maximum ground clearance before towing. Failure to do so may result in damage to the sawmill.

CAUTION! Be sure to stop the blade when returning the carriage. This will not only prevent the blade from being pulled off and ruined by a wood sliver, but also will increase the life of the blade.



DANGER! Any arbitrary repairs of the electric installation could result in serious injury or death.

DANGER! Any damaged electric parts, especially the wires supplying the power feed motors must be repaired by a qualified electrician.

DANGER! Any repairs done to the electric installation may be done by a qualified electrician with the power off.



UDANGER! The electric connector must be equipped with a safety device to protect against shock.

DANGER! The electric connector must be installed by a qualified electrician.

DANGER! Do not operate the sawmill with an open electric box.

DANGER! In the event that water appears in the electric box further work on the sawmill may result in electric shock as well as damage to the power feed motor.

Safety & General Information Sawmill Operation

DANGER! The electric box door must always be closed, even when the sawmill is not in use.

DANGER! Always disconnect the power when the sawmill has been not in use for a long period.

DANGER! Any maintenance or repair must be done with the power off (the plug must be taken out of the outlet).

CAUTION! Maintain a clean and clear path for all necessary movement around the mill and lumber stacking areas. Failure to do so may result in personal injury or machine damage.

CAUTION! Always be sure that all safety decals are clean and readable. Replace all damaged safety decals to prevent personal injury or damage to the equipment. Contact your local distributor, or call your Customer Service Representative to order more decals.

CAUTION! Before towing the machine, move the log clamp all the way out. Failure to do so may cause damage to the log clamp during mill transportation.

CAUTION! The sawmill's work-stand should be equipped with a 4 kg or bigger dry powder extinguisher.

1.4 Sawmill Maintenance



WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the up/down chain. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the mast pads. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before removing the up/down motor belt. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

WARNING! Drum switch grease contains Petroleum Hydrocarbon Lubricant. Eye and skin irritant. If introduced into eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If film or irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water. If ingested, do not induce vomiting - contact a physician. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.



CAUTION! Do not over-grease the blade guide bearings. Over-greasing will push the seals out of the bearings causing premature failure.

CAUTION! Reinstall the track wiper so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

CAUTION! Never use grease on the mast rails as it will collect sawdust.

CAUTION! Do not use chain lube. It causes sawdust buildup in chain links.

CAUTION! Do not over-tension the up/down chain. Over-tensioning may lead to early failure of the gear reducer.

CAUTION! Do not overtighten the feed chain. Damage to the power feed motor may result.





CAUTION! Do not overtighten the contact set screws on the hydraulic valve assembly. Overtightening may cause the threads in the screw hole to strip.

CAUTION! Due to variations in the vertical mast, the pad spacing may vary throughout the travel of the saw head. Check the pad spacing at the top and bottom ends of the mast only. Pads adjusted too tight will cause premature up/down motor failure.

CAUTION! It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the carriage on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

See Table 1-1. Pictogram decals used to warn and inform the user about danger in the LT40.

TABLE 1-1

Decal View	W-M No.	Description
096317	096317	CAUTION! Read thoroughly the manual before operating the machine. Observe all safety instructions and rules when operating the sawmill.
© 099220	099220	CAUTION! Close all guards and covers before starting the machine.

		IABLE I-I
→ - • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	099219	Blade tension. Turning the bolt clockwise will increase the blade tension and turning the bolt counterclockwise will decrease the tension.
099223	099223	Blade tension - See manual.
→ ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	099221	CAUTION! Keep all persons a safe distance away from work area when operating the machine.
	098176	CAUTION! Keep away from debarker blade!



Sawmill Maintenance

0	096316	CAUTION! Do not open or close the electric box when the switch is not in the "0" position.
1	096319	CAUTION! Disconnect power supply before opening the box.
099222	099222	CAUTION! Sawdust outlet. Protect eyes!
	099542	CAUTION! Trailer.
096321	096321	Blade movement direction

50h	512235	Clean chain from sawdust every 50 hours of operation or once a week
50h	512157	Lubricate chain every 50 hours of operation or once a week
	S12004G	CAUTION! Always wear safety goggles when operating the sawmill!
	S12005G	CAUTION! Always wear protective ear muffs when operating the sawmill!
	501465	CAUTION! Always wear safety boots when operating the sawmill
	501467	Lubrication Point



P11789b	P11789	Aligning the blade on the wheels
CE	P85070	CE safety certification
P A A A A A A A A A B A B A B A B B B B B C C C C C C C C C C	099401	Russian safety certification
2930 RPM S20097E	S20097E	2930 RPM - Motor rotation direction

1.5 Transporting the Sawmill



CAUTION! Be sure that the hitch and safety cable are secured before towing the sawmill.

- 1. Check all lights and signals for correct operation.
- 2. Make sure the overrunning brake is functioning properly. Adjust if necessary.
- 3. Check to see tires are properly inflated.

1.6 Belt Sizes

See Table 1-2. Belt sizes for the LT40L AH are shown.

Description	Belt Size	Wood-Mizer Part #
Blade Pulley Belts	B57 ¹	P04185
Power Feed Drive Belt	AX13X1000	086532
Up/Down Drive Belt	AX23	015257
Motor Drive Belt EA20 & EA25 (50Hz)	3BX74	014249

TABLE 1-2

¹ To insure proper blade tracking, use Goodyear, Dayco Super II, or Browning belts only.

Safety & General InformationBlade Sizes

1.7 Blade Sizes

See Table 1-3. Wood-Mizer TRU•SHARP™ offers three types of blades to provide efficient sawing for all models of sawmills. The engine/motor size of your sawmill and the type of wood you saw should determine which blade you choose for optimum performance.

	Softwood ¹	Medium Hardwood	Frozen Timber or Dense Hardwood
5-15HP Gas	B275IH1030 B275IH741030	B375IH929	B375IH929 ²
7.4-11kW (10-15HP) Electric 16-24HP Gas 30HP Diesel	B376IH1030 B376IH741030	B275IH1030 B275IH741030 B376IH1030 B376IH741030 ³	B375IH929 ²
15-18.5kW (20-25HP) Electric 40HP Diesel	B376IH1030 B376IH741030	B275IH1030 B275IH741030 B376IH1030 B376IH741030 ³	B375IH929 ²

TABLE 1-3

LT40 Wide Sawmill is equipped with a blade with a length of 4.33 m.

See The Blade Handbook for blade hook angle, tooth height, and tooth set specifications.

¹LT40 Sawmill is equipped with a blade with a length of 4.01 m.

² TRU•SHARP™ "F" blades use a 9/29 profile (9° hook angle and 29° back angle) and are designed to cut frozen and/or extremely dense, hard-to-cut wood. Standard TRU•SHARP™ blades use a 10/30 profile.

³ Customer may choose preferred blade.

1.8 Cutting Capacity

See Table 1-4. The log size capacities of the LT40S/M/L AH sawmills are listed below...

	Max. Diameter ¹	Max. Length ¹
LT40S AH	91,5 cm (36")	4,8 m (15' 7")
LT40M AH	91,5 cm (36")	6,1 m (20')
LT40S AH with Optional 6' Bed Extension 2	91,5 cm (36")	6,9 m (22' 8")
LT40M AH with Optional 6' Bed Extension 2	91,5 cm (36")	8,2 m (27')
LT40S AH with Optional 12' Bed Extension ²	91,5 cm (36")	8,7 m (28' 8")
LT40M AH with Optional 12' Bed Extension ²	91,5 cm (36")	10,1 m (33')
LT40S AH with Optional 24' Bed Extension ²	91,5 cm (36")	12,4 m (40' 8")
LT40M AH with Optional 24' Bed Extension ²	91,5 cm (36")	13,7 m (45')
LT40L AH	91,5 cm (36")	8,4m

TABLE 1-4

See Table 1-5. The log size capacities of the LT40 Wide.

	Max. cutting width	Max. cant width	Max. Diameter	Max. Length
LT40 S	84 cm (33")	62 cm (24")	100 cm (39")	4,8 m (15' 7")
LT40 M	84 cm (33")	62 cm (24")	100 cm (39")	6,1 m (20')
LT40 L	84 cm (33")	62 cm (24")	100 cm (39")	8,4 m (27')

TABLE 1-5

See Table 1-6. The performance capacity of the LT40S/M/L AH sawmills is listed below. Peak cutting rates are measured in 12" (30 cm) wide red oak and represent the capability of the sawmill only. Rates based on using Tru-Sharp 1 1/2" x .045 blades.

Model	Blade speed	Cutting Rate
LT40S/M AH	30 m/s	18 m/min.
LT40L AH	30 m/s	18 m/min.

¹ Maximum log capacity for a basic mill is 4400 lbs. (1996 Kg).

² Logs over 4400 lbs. must be distributed so that neither the basic mill or extension is loaded beyond the 4400 lb. maximum weight rating. Loading logs heavier than 4400 lbs. (1996 Kg.) on a mill equipped with bed extension requires auxiliary log handling equipment.

1.9 Motor Specifications

See Table 1-7. The power options available for the LT40S/M/L AH sawmills are listed below.

Model	Manufacturer	Rated output	Current at 380V, 50Hz	Rated speed	Weight
3Sg 160M-2B-HM-T Motor, Tamel	Tamel SA, Poland	15kW (20KM)	28,1 A	2930 RPM	117 Kg
3Sg 160L-2-HM-T Motor, Tamel	Tamel SA, Poland	18.5kW (25KM)	33,8 A	2930 RPM	135 Kg

TABLE 1-7

See Table 1-8. The other motors used in sawmills are listed below

Model	Manufacturer	Voltage	Rated output
Power Feed Motor controlled by ALTIVAR (Super)	Besel, Poland	3x380V	1,1 kW, 1380 RPM
Up/Down Motor (2-Speed, Super only)	Besel, Poland	3x380V	0,55/0,9 kW, 950/1400 RPM
Hydraulic Pump Motor (Super only)	Tamel, Poland	3x380V	4 kW
Blade Guide Arm Motor	Motor Products Owosso, USA	12V	17W, 60 RPM

TABLE 1-8



DANGER! It is recommended that a 30mA Ground Fault Interrupter (GFI) be used.

1.10 Noise Level

See Table 1-9. The average noise level is given in the table below 12.

Sawmill	Noise Level L _{EX8}
LT40LE15AH	77,1 dB (A)
LT40LE20AH	78,0 dB (A)

^{1.} The noise level measurement was taken in accordance with PN-EN ISO 3746 Standard. The noise exposure level given above concerns an 8-hour work day.

^{2.}The measured values refer to emission levels, not necessarily to noise levels in the workplace. Although there is a relation between emission levels and exposure levels, it is not possible to determine with certainty if preventives are needed or are not needed. The factors affecting a current level of noise exposure during work are inter alia room characteristics and characteristics of other noise sources, e.g. number of machines and machining operations nearby. Also, the permissible exposure level value may vary depending on country. This information enables the machine's user to better identify hazards and a risk.

Safety & General Information

e Level 💄	ation	1
	e Level	

86,2 dB (A) LT40LE25AH

Safety & General Information Overall Dimensions

1.11 Overall Dimensions

See Table 1-10. The overall dimensions of the Wood-Mizer LT40S/M/L AH sawmills are listed below.

Model	Length ¹	Width ²	With (Operating Position with Loading Arms)	Height ³	Weight ⁴	Weight w/Trailer
LT40S AH	6,7 m	2 m	2,5 m	2,4 m	1481 kg	1672 kg
LT40M AH	8 m	2 m	2,5 m	2,4 m	1571 kg	1762 kg
LT40L AH	10,8 m	2,3 m	2,5 m	2,57 m (mobile: 2,26 m)		2600 kg

TABLE 1-10

See figure 1-1.

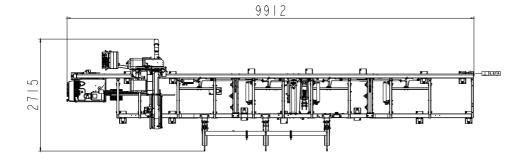


FIG. 1-1

¹ Length from hitch to chain bracket.

² Width from fender to fender.

³ Height from ground to mast. Placing head in maximum position will add to total height.

⁴ Weight with gasoline unit. Weight will increase when sawmill will be equipped with additional acessories, like Remote or debarker...

See figure 1-2.

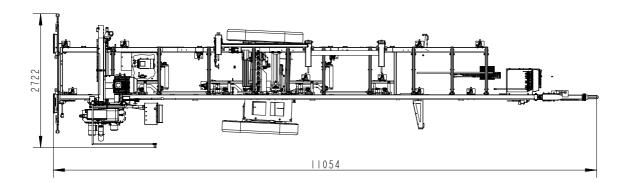


FIG. 1-2

1.12 Chains

See Table 1-11. The load capacity of the chains is listed below.

	Load Capacity According to ISO Nr 08A-1
Power Feed Chain	1780N
Up/Down Chain	1780N

TABLE 1-11

1.13 Hydraulic System

See Table 1-12. The specifications of the hydraulic system are shown below.

Hydraulic Pump	HYDROIRMA
Pressure Rating	15MPa

TABLE 1-12

1.14 Dust Extractor Specifications

See Table 1-13. Specifications of the dust extractors used on the resaw for each saw head are listed below.¹

Airflow	1200 m ³ /h 3937ft ³ /h
Inlet diameter	100 mm (5.9")
Motor power	1,5 kW
Number of sacks	1 pcs
Sack capacity	0,25 m ³ (8.8 ft) ³
Weight	110 kg (242.5 lb)
Pressure drop	1,5 kPa (0.22 psi) ¹
Recommended conveying air velocity in the duct	20 m/s 65.6 ft/s

TABLE 1-13

¹ The pressure drop between the inlet of the capture device and the connection to the CADES should be maximum 1,5 kPa (for the nominal air flow rate). If the pressure drop exceeds 1,5 kPa the machine might not be compatible with conventional CADES.



IMPORTANT! The dust extractor hoses must be grounded or made with materials not accumulating electrostatic charge.



CAUTION! Always turn on the dust extractor before starting the machine



IMPORTANT! The total value of hand-arm vibration the operator may be exposed to does not exceed 2.5 m/s2. The highest root mean square value of weighted acceleration to which the whole operator's body is subjected does not exceed 0.5 m/s2.

^{1.} External chip and dust extraction equipment with fixed installations are dealt with in EN 12779:2016-04

1.15 Components

See figure 1-3. The major components of the Wood-Mizer LT40L AH are shown below.

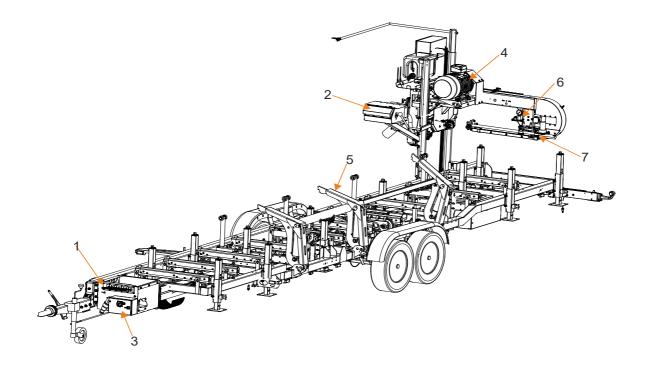


FIG. 1-3

See Table 1-14.

1	Hydraulic Control Box	
2	Control Box	
3	Power Cord Connection Box	
4	Motor	
5	Hydraulic Log Loader	
6	Blade Tensioner	
7	Blade Guide Arm	

TABLE 1-14

1.16 Electrical Information

See figure 1-4. The Hydraulic Pump Electrical Diagram is shown below.

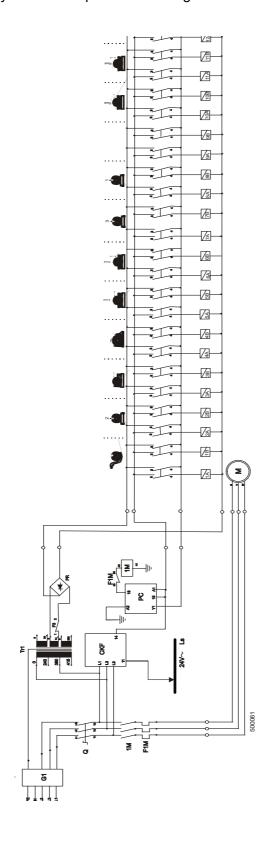


FIG. 1-4



Description (See Figure above):

Re	Symbol	Name - type	Wood-Mizer#
Ť			
1	G1	Socket, 16A	E85239
2	Q	Main Switch, ABB OT16E3	89801
3	1M Contactor, LC1K0910B7		084451
4	F1M	Thermal Relay, LR2K0316 8445	
5	M	Pump Motor, SLg100L-4PC	
6	CKF	Phase Controller, RM3TG2 0844	
7	PC	Time Relay, RE8RA 084453	
8	F1	Circuit Breaker, C60N C1 24395 084454	
9	F2	Circuit Breaker, C60N C2 24396 88278	
10	L1	Control Light, XB4-BVM1 84310	

Safety & General Information Electrical Information

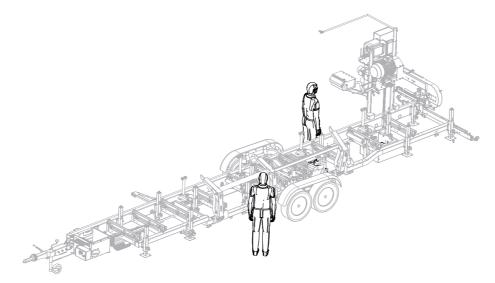
SECTION 2 SETUP & OPERATION

2.1 Sawmill Setup



IMPORTANT! Before starting to use the sawmill you have to meet the following conditions:

- ■Set up the sawmill on firm and level ground.
- ■The sawmill can be operated with the sawdust collection system only.
- ■The sawmill can be operated under roof only.
- ■The sawmill can be operated in temperature range from -15° C to 40° C only.
- ■The sawmill operator's position is shown below.



■ Have a qualified electrician install the power supply (according to EN 60204 Standard). The power supply must meet the specifications given in the table below.

See Table 2-1.

3-Phase Volts	Fuse disconnect	Suggested Wire Size
400 VAC	40 A	6 mm ² up to 15 m long

TABLE 2-1

IMPORTANT! When starting the machine for the first time, check that main motor rotation direction is as indicated by the arrow located on the motor body (fan guard). If the rotation direction is incorrect, invert

Setup & Operation doc020723 2-1

the phases in the phase inverter in the power socket (electric box).

Setting the phases in the phase inverter correctly will ensure correct rotation directions of all sawmill motors.

2.2 Stationary Sawmill Setup

See Figure 2-1. Prepare a firm, level area where the sawmill can be anchored. There should be enough room around the sawmill for operators, sawdust removal, log loading and board removal. A cement pad with 5/8" (16 mm) diameter anchor bolts is recommended. The cement pad should be rated to support 6350 lbs./sq.ft. (31 T/m²) at each sawmill foot position.

NOTE: Make sure the unit is level before securing. It is possible to twist the mill frame by jacking one foot higher than the others.



WARNING! Securely fasten the feet of a stationary sawmill to the floor before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

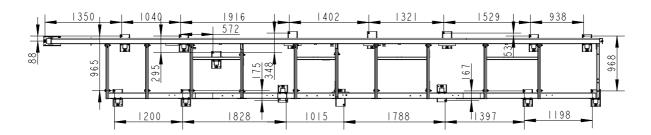


FIG. 2-1

- 1. Unhook the carriage safety chain, located at the bottom of the vertical mast.
- 2. Turn the key switch on the control panel to the accessory (#3) position to enable accessories. Use the up/down switch on the control panel to raise the cutting head from the carriage rest pin. Remove the locking pin and swing the rest pin down below bed level.
- Use the carriage forward/reverse switch (left side of control box) to move the cutting head toward the front end of the mill. The hydraulic control levers become operational when the contacts at the bottom of the carriage touch the power strip on the frame tube. The hydraulic control levers will only work when the cutting head is close enough to the front end of the mill to touch the power strip.
 - **4.** Raise the two side supports that will prevent a log from falling off the side of the mill when loaded.

See Figure 2-2.

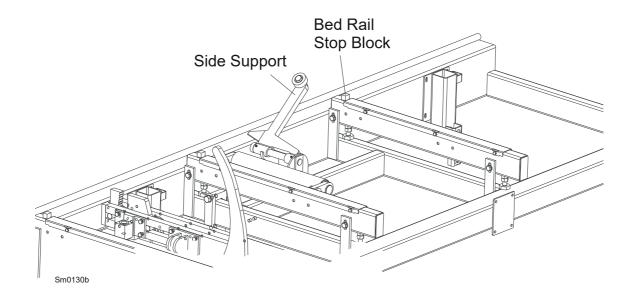


FIG. 2-2

2.3 Sawmills with cable guide

See Figure 2-3. The figure below shows setup of the sawmill, the control box and the guiding rail columns.

Secure the columns to the ground using 16mm anchored bolts.

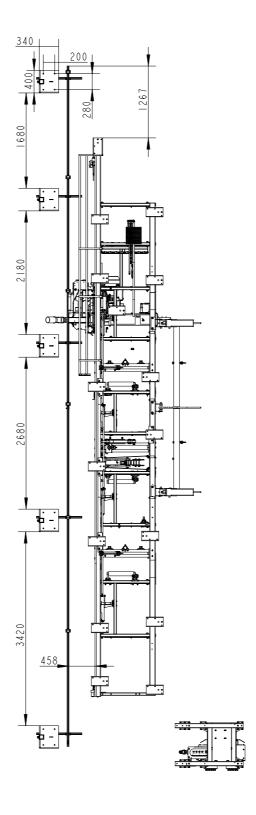


FIG. 2-3 LT40MRC

See Figure 2-4. The electrical wires should be installed on the guiding rail as shown below.

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FIG. 2-4

See Figure 2-5. Install the rail bracket arm as shown below.

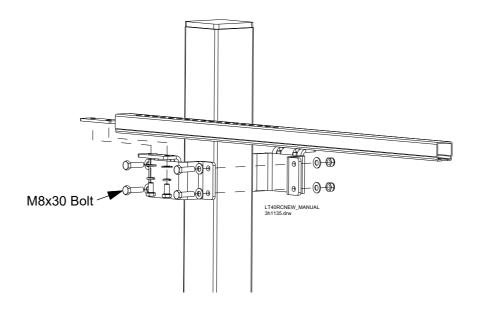


FIG. 2-5

See Figure 2-6. Install the guiding rail.

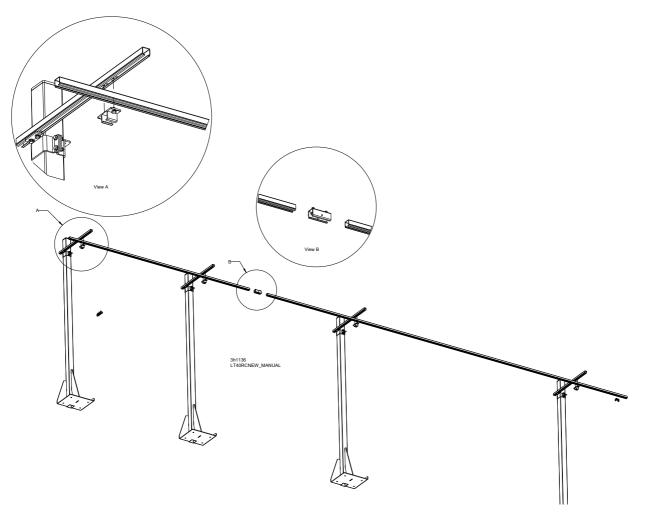


FIG. 2-6

See Figure 2-7.

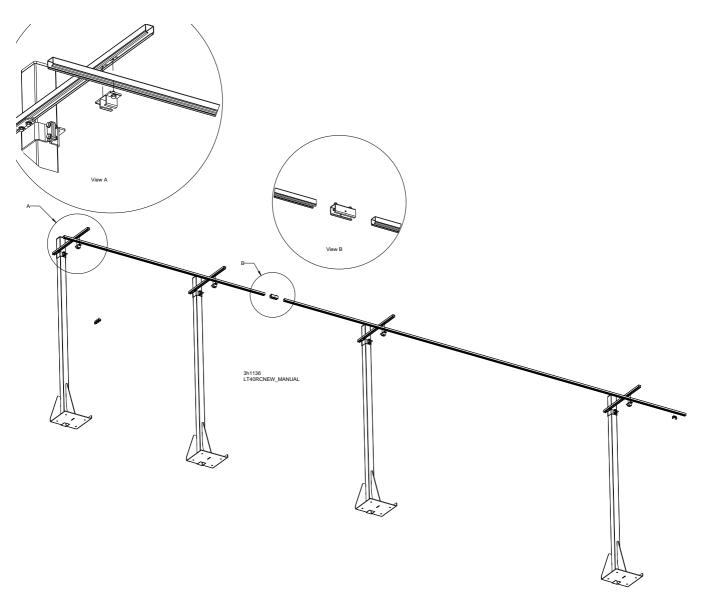
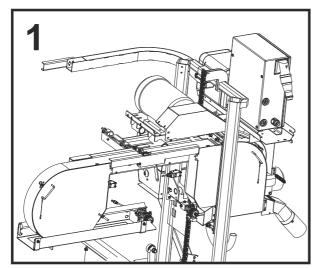


FIG. 2-7

See Figure 2-8. The figure below shows how the cable hanger should be set.



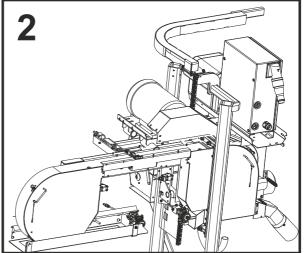


FIG. 2-8

Unbolt the four bolts, rotate the hanger 90 degrees to the right and tighten the bolts.

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2.4 Portable Sawmill Setup



WARNING! Do not set up the mill on ground with more than a 10 degree incline. If setup on an incline is necessary, put blocks under one side of the mill or dig out areas for outrigger legs to keep mill level. Setting up the mill on an incline could cause it to tip over, resulting in serious personal injury.

WARNING! Chock the trailer wheels to prevent movement before unhitching it from the towing vehicle. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always make sure the trailer is supporting the sawmill frame when operating a sawmill with adjustable outriggers. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death. The adjustable outriggers are intended to support the saw frame with assistance from the trailer.

- 1. Unhitch the mill from the vehicle.
- 2. Lower and set the front three outriggers. Lift the weight from the locking pin using the jack handle. Pull the locking pin to release the outrigger and lower the outrigger as necessary. Secure with the locking pin.



WARNING! Put front outrigger down before moving cutting head from the rest position. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

See Figure 2-9.

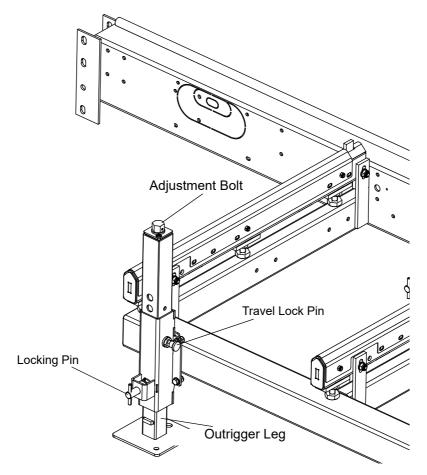


FIG. 2-9. OUTRIGGER ADJUSTMENT.



CAUTION! When setting up the sawmill on boggy terrain (such as deep mud or sand), place a board or a metal plate under each outrigger leg to prevent the legs from sinking.

- 3. Unhook the carriage safety chain, located at the bottom of the vertical mast.
- **4.** Turn the key switch on the control panel to the accessory (#3) position to enable accessories. Use the up/down switch on the control panel to raise the cutting head from the carriage rest pin. Remove the locking pin and swing the rest pin down below bed level.



WARNING! Failure to put front outrigger down before moving cutting head from the rest position may result in serious injury.

5. Remove the fenders by lifting them out of the slots.



CAUTION! To prevent fender damage, remove fenders before operating sawmill or loading logs.

- G. Use the carriage forward/reverse switch (left side of control box) to move the cutting head toward the front end of the mill. Lower and set the remaining rear outriggers.
 - 7. Lower and set the remaining rear outriggers. Level the sawmill by turning each outrigger adjustment bolt clockwise to raise a given sawmill end, or counterclockwise to lower it. Adjust all outriggers evenly to avoid twisting the mill frame by jacking one outrigger higher than the others.
 - **8.** Raise the side supports to prevent the log from falling off the side of the mill when loaded.

See Figure 2-10.

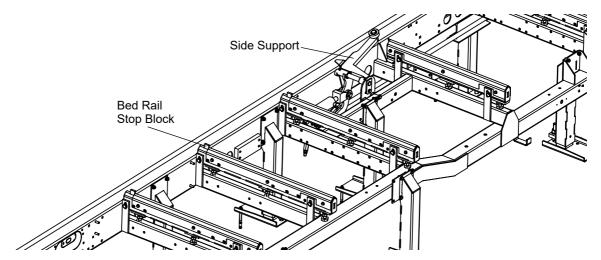


FIG. 2-10

2.5 Middle Track Cover

Before operating the sawmill do as follows:

- 1. Clean the upper and lower rails to remove any sawdust and rust preventives.
- 2. Unbolt and remove the middle track cover from its storage position.
- 3. Soak the felt wiper with Dexron III transmission fluid, 10W30 motor oil or 3-in-1 turbine oil.
- 4. Install the middle track cover so it fits against the rail and secure with two thumb screws.

See Figure 2-11.

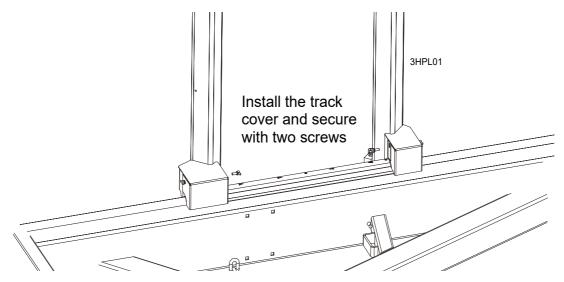


FIG. 2-11



CAUTION! Install the track cover so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

2.6 Replacing The Blade



DANGER! Always disengage the blade and shut off the sawmill engine before changing the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



WARNING! Always wear gloves and eye protection when handling bandsaw blades. Changing blades is safest when done by one person! Keep all other persons away from area when coiling, carrying or changing a blade. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Remove the two main blade housing covers that cover the blade wheels. Lower the hinged middle blade housing cover. Turn the blade tension handle to release the blade tension until the wheel is pulled in and the blade is lying loose in the blade housing. Lift the blade out of the blade housing.

When installing a blade, make sure the teeth are pointing the correct direction. The teeth should be pointing toward the operator side of the mill when you are looking at the blade below the blade guides. Install the blade so it is lying around the wheels.

Position 1 1/4" wide blades on the wheels so the gullet is 1/8" (3.0 mm) out from the edge of the wheel. Position 1 1/2" wide blades on the wheels so the gullet is 3/16" (4.5 mm) out from the edge of the wheel.

Close the middle blade housing cover.

Next, turn the tension handle until the blade is tensioned correctly.



CAUTION! Should you need to adjust the blade position, never grab the wheel arms to spin the idle-side blade wheel as your fingers can get pinched.

2.7 Tensioning The Blade

See Figure 2-12. Tension the blade by turning the hydraulic tensioning handle clockwise until the tension gauge indicates the recommended tension.

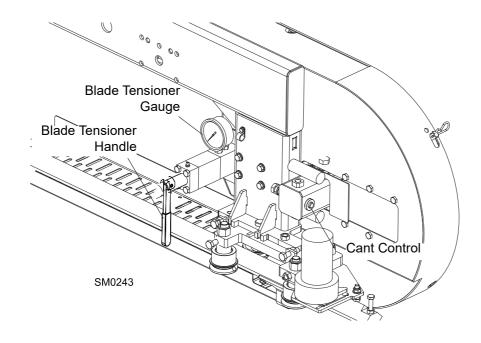


FIG. 2-12

See Table 2-2. The recommended tension for different blades is shown below.

Typ piły	Dopuszczalny zakres	Wartość optymalna
B375IH929	12,4 - 14,5 MPa (1800 - 2100 psi)	13,8 MPa (2000 psi)
B275IH1030	14,5 - 16,5 MPa (2100 - 2400 psi)	15,9 MPa (2300 psi)
B2735	16,5 - 17,9 MPa (2400-2600 psi)	17,0 MPa (2466 psi)
B275IH741030	14,5 - 16,5 MPa (2100 - 2400 psi)	15,9 MPa (2300 psi)

TABELA 2-2

The tension gauge should be checked occasionally when adjusting the cant control or while cutting. Ambient temperature changes will cause tension to change. Adjust the tension handle as necessary to maintain the recommended tension level.



CAUTION! Changes in temperature could cause increased pressure in the blade tensioner and loss of fluid from the gauge. Release the blade tension when the mill is not in use to avoid damage to the tensioner.

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2.8 Tracking The Blade

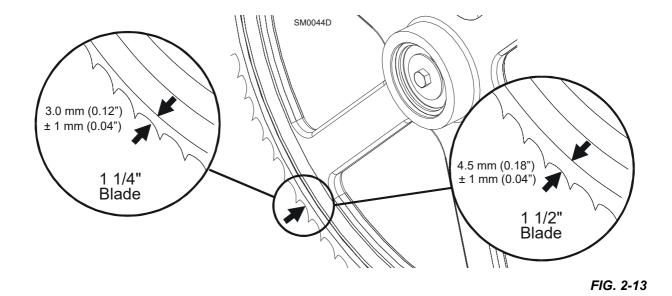
- 1. Make sure the middle blade housing cover is closed and all persons are clear of the open side of the saw head.
- 2. Start the motor by pushing the START button located on the control box.



WARNING! Do not spin the blade wheels by hand. Spinning the blade wheels by hand may result in serious injury.

3. Push the STOP button to stop the blade. Remove the key and check the position of the blade on the blade wheels.

See Figure 2-13. Position 1 1/4" wide blades so the gullet is 1/8" (3.0 mm) out from the edge of the blade wheel ($\pm 1/16$ [1.5 mm]). Position 1 1/2" blades so the gullet is 3/16" (4.5 mm) out from the edge of the blade wheel ($\pm 1/16$ [1.5 mm]).



4. To adjust where the blade travels on the blade wheels, use the cant control shown in Figure 2-12.

If the blade is too far out, back the blade onto the wheel by turning the cant control counterclockwise. If the blade is too far in, turn the cant control clockwise until the gullet of the blade is the correct distance from the front edge of the wheel.

- **5.** Retension the blade to the recommended tension to compensate for any adjustments you have made in the cant control.
- **6.** Replace the blade housing covers.



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade

housing covers.

IMPORTANT! After aligning the blade on the wheels, always double-check the blade guide spacing and location. (See Section 5 for more information.)

2.9 Starting The Motor

See the appropriate manual supplied with your specific motor configuration for starting and operating instructions.



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.



WARNING! Always wear eye, ear, respiration, and foot protection when operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the (#1) or (#2) position. This prevents accidental carriage movement. which may cause serious injury or death.

WARNING! Hazardous voltage inside the electric control box attached to the hydraulic control box is dangerous. Turn the main switch to the OFF ("0") position and lock out power supply before opening the box door!

WARNING! The door of the electric box can be opened only when the main switch is in the "0" position. The door is closed when the switch is in the "1" position. Damage to the main switch may result while opening the door when the switch is in the "1" position.

At least once a year the electric wires should be checked for isolation and hazardous voltage by a qualified person.

Keep the electrical starter box clean. Remove any dust or wood chips from the box from time to time. Make sure the electric box door is closed before operating the sawmill.

WARNING! Hazardous voltage inside the electric box and inside the motor can cause shock, burns, and death. Turn the main switch to the OFF ("0") position and lock out power supply before opening the box door!

The time-delay relay in the electrical starter box attached to the hydraulic box should be set between 4 and 5 seconds.

After installation, test the sawmill for proper motor rotation.

If rotation is incorrect, turn the motor off pushing the STOP button located on the control box. Turn the main switch on the starter box to the OFF ("0") position. Disconnect the power cord on the left side of the starter box.

Use the screwdriver to turn the phase converter switch 180 degrees to the left or to the right to change the motor rotation direction.

2.10 Hydraulic Control Operation

The hydraulic control levers become operational when the contacts at the bottom of the saw head touch the power strip on the frame tube. The hydraulic control levers will only work when the saw head is close enough to the front end of the sawmill to touch the power strip.

See Figure 2-14. The sawmills with the A/DH3 hydraulic system are equipped with six hydraulic control levers for loading, clamping, turning and levelling logs. The A/DH5 and A/DH7 hydraulic systems are controlled with four additional control levers that allows positioning the Pull Down clamps. On the A/DH5 hydraulic system each clamp cylinder is controlled with a separate lever. On the A/DH7 hydraulic system in/out movement of all clamps is controlled with one lever, and up/down

movement of each clamp is controlled with a separate lever.

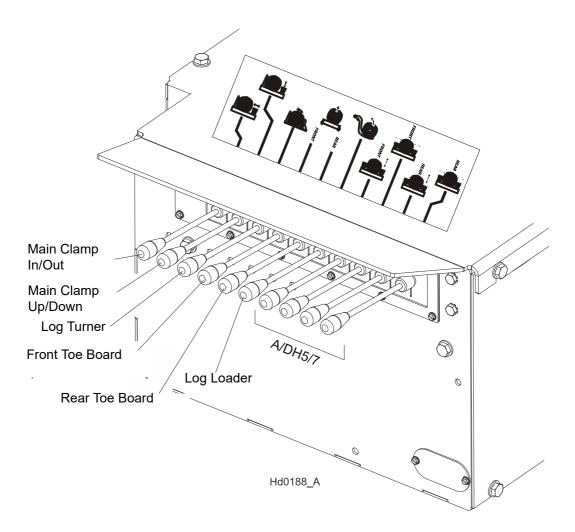


FIG. 2-14

See Figure 2-15. A/DH5 Hydraulic System

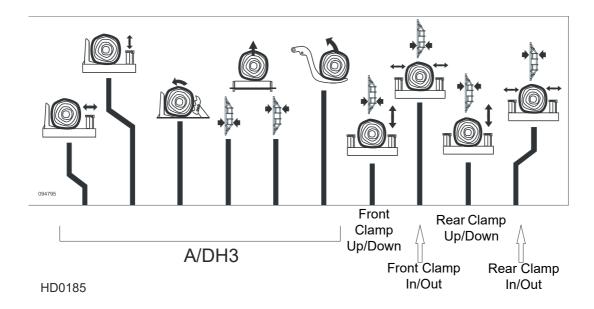


FIG. 2-15

See Figure 2-16. A/DH7 Hydraulic System

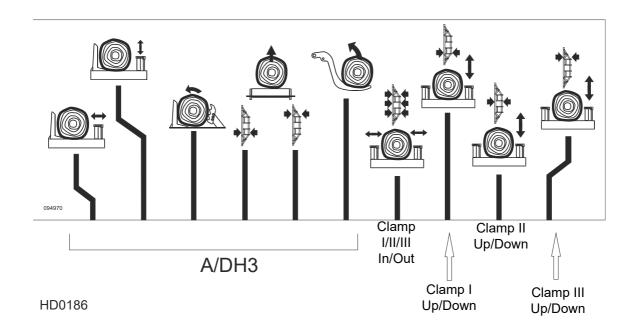
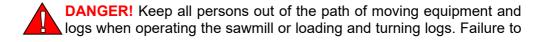


FIG. 2-16

Use the hydraulic control levers to get the mill ready to load a log.





do so will result in serious injury. **CAUTION!** Always make sure the engine is running before operating the hydraulic controls. Operating the controls without the engine running will result in power drainage from the battery. Holding the hydraulic switches halfway up or down also will cause excessive drainage from the battery.



IMPORTANT! Check the state of battery charge measuring the voltage every 16 hours of operation or once a week. The voltage should not be lower than 12.5V when the engine is not running and not lower than 13.8V when the engine is running (during both measurements the hydraulic system and all accessories must not work). If the voltage values are lower than the values given above, recharge the battery and check the battery charging system.

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1. Move the clamp out and down so it will not get in the way of logs being loaded onto the bed.



Lower the clamp in/out lever to move the clamp out toward the loading side of the sawmill.



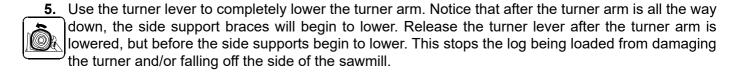
Lower the clamp up/down lever to lower the clamp below the bed level.

2. Push the log loader lever up to completely lower the log loader feet.



3. The chain securing the log loader arm to the turner arm will be tight. Push the turner lever up to raise the turner arm until there is slack in the chain.





- **6.** When raising the turner lever, the side supports rise first. After reaching a fully vertical position, the turner arm will engage and start to rise.
- 7. Manually lower the log loader so it rests on the ground.



CAUTION! Be careful when manually lowering the log loader. Do not drop the loader onto the ground.

8. Lower the loader lever to lower the loading arm as far as it will go. Logs must be rolled onto the loading arms one at a time.



The front, middle and rear toe boards should be below the bed level. Once a tapered log has been loaded, the front or rear end of the log may be lifted to parallel the heart of the log to the path of the blade.

2.11 Loading, Turning, And Clamping Logs



CAUTION! Be sure the pivot rails, turning arm, clamp, and toe boards are below bed level before loading a log onto the bed. Failure to do so may result in machine damage or cause misalignment.



CAUTION! Before loading a log, be sure the cutting head is moved far enough forward so the log does not hit it. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

To Load Logs

- 1. Move the saw carriage to the front end of the frame.
- 2. Raise the side supports on the sawmill bed to prevent the log from falling off the side of the bed.
- **3.** Move a log up to the loading arm. Use cant hooks or loading equipment to move the logs to the foot of the loading arms.
- **4.** Roll the log onto the loader so that it is approximately centered with the sawmill bed. The log turner will operate much easier if the log is centered on the sawmill bed.
- 5. Raise the loader lever to raise the log onto the sawmill bed. Simply let the loader rise until the log rolls onto the mill bed.
 - **6.** Lower the loading arm. Leave the loading arm about halfway up while squaring the log. This will stop the log from rolling off the side of the mill.



WARNING! Always leave loading arm halfway up while log is on saw-mill bed. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

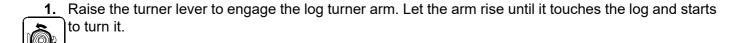
NOTE: Logs also may be loaded onto the mill with a tractor or other equipment specifically designed for that purpose.

- 7. Raise the clamp up to prevent the log from rolling of the bed.
- **8.** Raise the clamp up/down lever.



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To Turn Logs



- 2. Spin the log against the side supports until it is turned the way you want it for the first cut. If you want to turn the log more, do the following steps.
- 3. Engage the clamp by raising the clamp in/out lever. Clamp the log against the side supports.



Lower the turner lever to lower the turner arm below the log.

- **5.** Raise the turner arm to get a new bite on the log.
- 6. Disengage the clamp.
- 7. The log can be turned now. Repeat steps 4 through 7 until the log is turned as desired.

To Turn Logs (Optional Procedure For Hydraulic Mills Except Only)

If you are turning a small cant on a Super Series mill, you may opt to use the clamp to turn the cant.

- 1. Lower the clamp up/down lever to lower the clamp below bed level.
- 2. Raise the clamp in/out lever to move the clamp in, beneath the edge of the cant.
- 3. Raise the clamp up/down lever to raise the clamp and flip the cant.



Setup & Operation

Loading, Turning, And Clamping Logs

To Clamp Logs

1. Raise the clamp in/out lever and clamp the log against the side supports.



2. Lower the turner lever until the turner arm falls below the bed.



- 3. When the turner arm is lowered all the way, the side supports will begin to lower. Back the clamp off slightly, and let the side supports come down until they are positioned below the level of your first few cuts.
- **4.** Using the clamp in/out lever, clamp the log firmly.

Depending on the length of the log being sawn, you can use either the middle log clamp together with the front clamp **and** the rear one (when the log length is minimum 3.5 m), or the middle clamp together with the front clamp **or** the rear clamp (log length below 3.5 m). As the front and rear clamps ensure that the log lies flat on the sawmill bed, they are essential to cut long logs with internal tension accurately.

1. Use the up/down lever of the front/rear clamp to raise the clamp up.



2. Push the in/out lever of the front/rear clamp to move the clamp jaws in.



3. Perform the procedure decribed above to clamp the log against the side supports.



4. Pushtheup/downleverofthefront/rearclamptolowertheclampuntilthelogliesflatonthebed.

To Level A Tapered Log

Use the toe board lever(s) to raise either end of a tapered log, if desired.



Raise the appropriate lever to raise the front or rear toe board until the heart of the log measures the same distance from the bed rails at each end of the log.

2.12 Up/Down Operation

- 1. Install a blade, if needed, and check for correct blade tension. (See Section 2.7).
- 2. Set the cutting head to the desired height. (The blade height scale shows the height of the blade above the bed rails.)

See Figure 2-17. The up/down switch is located on the far right side of the control panel. Push the switch up to raise the cutting head; push the switch down to lower the cutting head. Hold the switch in position until the cutting head reaches the desired height, then release.

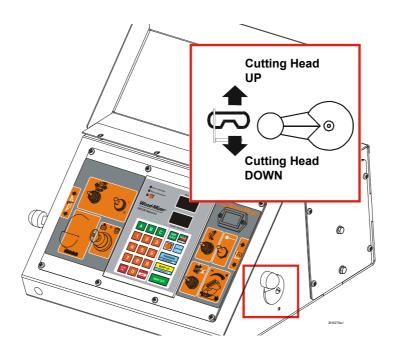


FIG. 2-17

The up/down switch is designed to return to the neutral or "off" position when released. If the switch remains engaged, manually move the switch to the neutral or "off" position. Repair the up/down drum switch (<u>See Section 4.2</u>).



CAUTION! Always make sure the up/down switch moves to the neutral or "off" position when released to ensure that the saw head stops moving. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

CAUTION! DO NOT try to force the carriage above the 35" (88 cm) mark or below the 1" (2.54 cm) mark. Damage to the up/down system may result.

2.13 Blade Guide Arm Operation

- 1. Look down the length of the log to see its maximum width. The outer blade guide should be adjusted to clear the widest section of the log by less than 1" (25.4 mm).
- 2. Use the blade guide toggle switch on the control panel to adjust the outer blade guide as necessary. Push the switch to the left to move the arm in. Push the switch to the right to move the arm out.



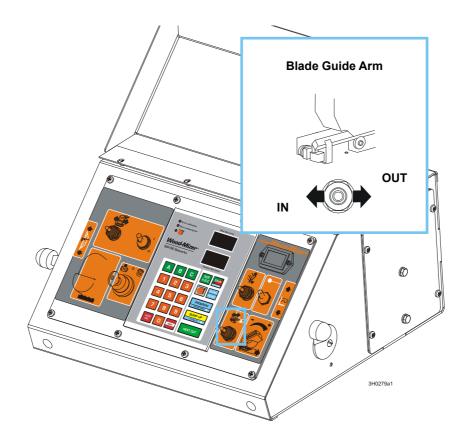


FIG. 2-18

3. Use the blade guide toggle switch to readjust the outer blade guide as you are cutting in order to keep the guide within 1" (2.5 cm) of the log. Be sure to adjust the arm back out before returning the carriage.

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2.14 Clutch/Brake Operation

NOTE: If your sawmill is equipped with the Remote Option, see the option manual for clutch/brake operation.

- 1. Clear any loose objects from the area of the blade, motor, and drive belt.
- 2. Make sure the clamp and side supports are adjusted below the level of your first few cuts.
- 3. Start the engine or motor as instructed in the engine manual.



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure before starting the engine or motor. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

See Figure 2-19. The clutch/brake lever is located next to the engine.

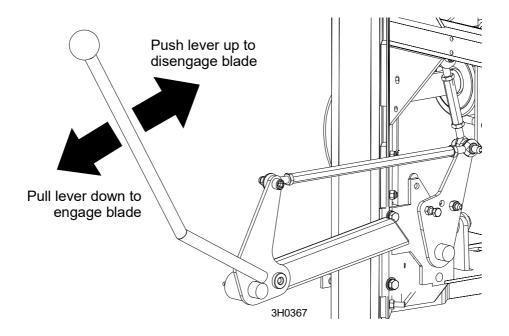


FIG. 2-19

Setup & Operation Clutch/Brake Operation

4. To engage the blade, pull the lever down until it locks in the down position. This engages the drive mechanism, releases the blade brake, and increases the engine speed to full throttle.

To disengage the blade, raise the clutch/brake lever to the up position. This disengages the drive belt, engages the blade brake, and returns the engine to idle.

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2.15 Power Feed Operation

See Figure 2-20. The power feed system moves the carriage forward and backward by using two switches on the control panel.

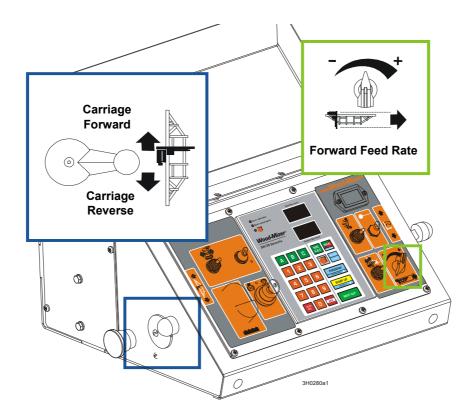


FIG. 2-20

Carriage Feed Rate



The carriage feed rate switch controls the speed at which the carriage travels forward. Turn the switch clockwise to increase speed. Turn it counterclockwise to reduce speed.

Carriage Forward and Reverse



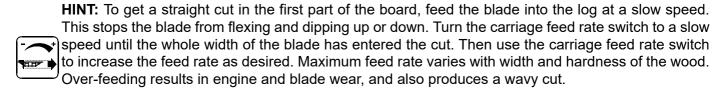
The carriage forward/reverse switch controls the direction in which the carriage travels. Turn the forward/reverse switch upward to move the carriage forward. Turn the switch down to move the carriage backward.

The middle position (as shown) is the neutral position. The power feed switch is designed to return to the neutral or "off" position when released from operating in the reverse position. If the switch remains engaged, manually move the switch to the neutral or "off" position. Repair the drum switch (<u>See Section 4.2</u>).



WARNING! Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the (#2) or (#1) position. This prevents accidental carriage movement. which may cause serious injury or death.

Using The Power Feed



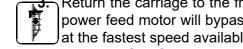


Stop the carriage at the end of the cut by turning the carriage feed rate switch counterclockwise until the carriage stops moving.

2. Push the STOP button to stop the blade. Remove the board from the top of the log.



CAUTION! Be sure to stop the blade when returning the carriage. This will not only prevent the blade from being pulled off and ruined by a wood sliver, but also will increase the life of the blade. See Section 2.18 for optional procedure for Super series mills.



Return the carriage to the front of the mill by turning the carriage forward/reverse switch down. The power feed motor will bypass the carriage feed rate switch and the carriage will automatically return at the fastest speed available. Always disengage the blade before returning the carriage for the **next cut.** See Section 2.18 for optional procedure for Super series mills.

4. Make sure that the blade does not catch on the end of the log. Raise the carriage slightly to make sure the blade clears the log when returned. **HINT:** Try to stop the blade while the heel of the blade is still on the log. Then bring the carriage back without adjusting the blade up. This lets you keep the blade at the current height setting so you can make the next blade height adjustment more guickly.



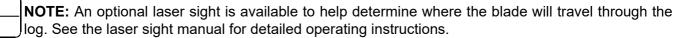
DANGER! Stay clear of the area between the trailer axle and saw carriage. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

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2.16 Cutting The Log

The following steps guide you through normal operation of the Wood-Mizer sawmill.

- 1. Once the log is placed where you want it and clamped firmly, turn the key switch to the accessory (#2) position.
- 2. Use the blade height scale to determine where to make your first cut (<u>See Section 2.19</u>). The blade height scale will help you to do this. Set the blade to the desired height with the up/down switch. Make sure that the blade will clear all side supports and the clamp. Adjust the outer blade guide to clear the widest section of the log by moving the blade guide toggle switch.



- 3. Make sure all covers and guards are in place. Push the START button to start the blade spinning.
- 4. Start the water lube if necessary to prevent sap buildup on the blade. See Section 2.18.
- 5. If you want to use the board return function, push the toggle switch on the control panel down. <u>See Section 2.8</u>.
- Feed the blade into the log slowly (<u>See Section 2.14</u>). Once the blade completely enters the log, increase the feed rate as desired. Always try to cut at the fastest speed you can while keeping an accurate cut. Cutting too slowly will waste blade life and lower production!
- As you get to the end of the log, slow down the feed rate. When the teeth exit the end of the log, turn the feed rate all the way down. Push te STOP button to stop the motor. Remove the slab that you have just cut from the log.
- 8. Use the carriage forward/reverse switch to return the carriage to the front of the mill. Always disengage the blade before returning the carriage for the next cut.
 - **9.** Repeat until the first side of the log is cut as desired. Set aside the usable flitches (boards with bark on one or both sides). You can edge them on the mill later.

- the log turner. Turn the log 90 or 180 degrees. Make sure the flat on the log is placed flat against side supports if turned 90 degrees. Make sure it is placed on bed rails if turned 180 degrees. If the log was turned 90 degrees and you are using toe boards to compensate for taper in the log, raise the front or rear toe board again on the second side of the log until the heart is parallel with the bed.
 - **11.** Repeat the steps used to cut the first side of the log until the log is square. Cut boards from the remaining cant by adjusting the blade height for the thickness of boards that you want.

Example: Remember that the blade cuts a 1.5 - 3 mm wide kerf. f you want 25 mm thick boards, lower the carriage 27 - 29 mm for each board.

2.17 Edging

The following steps guide you through edging boards on the Wood-Mizer sawmill.

- 1. Raise the side supports to 1/2 the height of the flitches, or the boards that need to be edged.
- **2.** Stack the flitches on edge against the side supports.
- **3.** Clamp the flitches against the side supports halfway up the flitch height. (Wider flitches should be placed to the clamp side. When they are edged, flip them over to edge the second side without disturbing the other flitches or without having to pull them from the middle of the stack).
- **4.** Adjust the blade height to edge a few of the widest boards.
- **5.** Loosen the clamp and turn the edged boards over to edge the other side.
- **6.** Repeat steps 2-4.
- **7.** Loosen the clamp and remove the boards that have good clean edges on both sides. Clamp the remaining flitches and repeat steps 2-5.

2.18 Optional Cutting Procedure for Super Series Mills

In order to achieve maximum production rates with Super Series mills; it may be desirable to leave the blade engaged when returning the carriage. (Normal operation procedures recommend disengaging the blade before returning the carriage for maximum blade life and fuel economy.)



DANGER! If leaving the blade engaged for maximum production rates, make sure the off-bearer stays out of the path of the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION! If you choose to leave the blade engaged; raise the blade to clear the log before returning the carriage. Failure to do so may cause damage to the blade and/or sawmill.

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2.19 Blade Height Scale

See Figure 2-21. The blade height scale is attached to the carriage head frame. It includes:

- a blade height indicator
- an inch scale
- a quarter scale

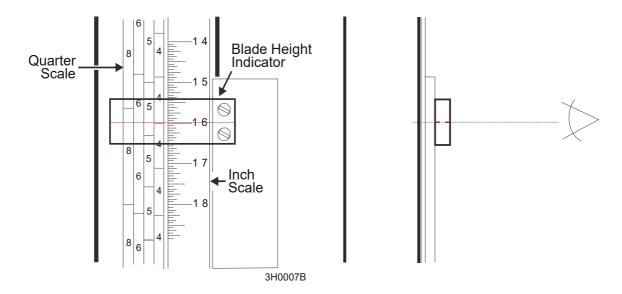


FIG. 2-21

The scales are attached to the frame and move up and down with the carriage head. The blade indicator, used to read the inch and quarter scales, remains stationary.

Blade Height Indicator

The blade height indicator has two horizontal, red lines on both sides. Readings should be taken with eyes level with the indicator, when the two red lines are in line. This will allow to avoid the parallax error (different scale readings depending on the angle of vision).

The Inch Scale

The horizontal red line on the blade height indicator shows how many inches the bottom of the blade is above the bed of the mill. If you know the height of your blade at each cut, you can determine the thickness of lumber you are sawing.

Example: You want to cut 1" (25 mm) random width boards from a log. Position the blade for the first cut. Move the carriage to an even measurement on the inch scale. Make a trim cut. Return the carriage for the second cut and lower it 1 1/8" (29 mm) below the original measurement. (The extra 1/8" (3 mm) allows for saw kerf and shrinkage of the lumber.)

The yellow area on the scale identifies where the blade could encounter a side support or log clamp. Check that these items are below the blade level before sawing.

The Quarter Scale

See Table 2-3. Two quarter scales are provided with four sets of marks. Each set represents a specific lumber thickness. Saw kerf and shrinkage allowance are included, but actual board thickness will vary slightly depending on blade thickness and tooth set.

To choose which scale to use, determine what finished thickness you want to end up with. The Grade Hardwood Quarter Scale provides thicker finished boards usually required by commercial buyers. The Standard Quarter Scale allows for kerf and shrinkage of finished boards suitable for most custom applications. Always check with your customer before you saw to determine what actual finished thickness is required.

Standard Quarter Scale				
Scale Actual Board Thickness				
4/4	25 mm (1")			
5/4	32 mm (1 1/4")			
6/4	38 mm (1 1/2")			
8/4	51 mm (2")			

Grade Hardwood Quarter Scale				
Scale Actual Board Thickness				
4/4	29 mm (1 1/8")			
5/4	35 mm (1 3/8")			
6/4	41 mm (1 5/8")			
8/4	54 mm (2 1/8")			

TABELA 2-3

To use the quarter scale, look at the blade height indicator.Line up the horizontal red line on the indicator with the nearest mark on the scale you want to use. Make a trim cut. When you return the carriage for a second cut, lower the carriage to the next mark on the scale. This mark shows where the blade should be positioned to cut a certain thickness of lumber, without having to measure on the inch scale.

Example: You want to cut 1" (25 mm) (4/4) random width boards from a log. Position the blade for the first cut. Adjust the quarter scale so a 4/4 mark is aligned with the red line on the indicator. Make a trim cut. Return the carriage for the second cut. Now, instead of having to measure down 1 1/8" (29 mm) on the inch scale, you can simply lower the blade so the indicator is aligned with the next 4/4 mark on the quarter scale. Turn the log 90 degrees and repeat.

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2.20 Water Lube Operation

See Figure 2-22. The Water Lube System keeps the blade clean. Water flows from a 5-gallon (18.9 liter) bottle through a hose to the blade guide where the blade enters the log. A valve in the bottle cap controls the amount of water flow.

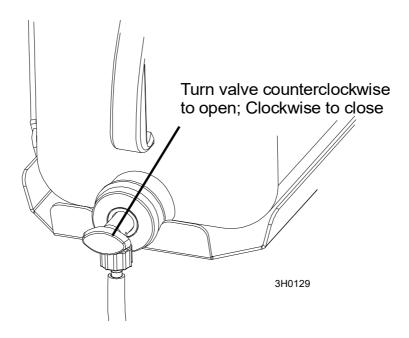


FIG. 2-22

Super models include a solenoid valve that will automatically start the water flow when the power feed is activated in the forward direction. The solenoid will stop the water flow when the feed switch is returned to the neutral position.

Not all types of wood require the use of the Water Lube System. When it is needed, use just enough water to keep the blade clean. This saves water, and lowers the risk of staining the boards with water. Usual flow will be 1-2 gallons (3.8-7.6 liters) per hour. A squirt of liquid dishwashing detergent in the water bottle will help clean the blade when cutting wood with a high sap content.



WARNING! Use ONLY water with the water lube accessory. Never use flammable fuels or liquids. If these types of liquids are necessary to clean the blade, remove it and clean with a rag. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

Before removing the blade, start the motor. Let the blade spin with water running on it for about 15 seconds. This will clean the blade of sap buildup. Wipe the blade dry with a rag before storing or sharpening.

If you are sawing in freezing temperatures, remove the water lube bottle from the sawmill when done sawing and store it in a warm place. Blow any remaining water from the water lube hose.

To remove water from the water valve on Super models, turn the key switch to accessory (#2), turn the feed rate knob down to '0' and place the feed switch in the forward position. Blow any remaining water from the water lube hose and valve. Return the forward/reverse switch to neutral and turn the key switch to off (#0).

2.21 Preparing The Sawmill For Towing

The Wood-Mizer trailer package makes transporting your sawmill easy and convenient. To get your sawmill ready for towing, follow these instructions.

1. Move the saw carriage to the front end of the sawmill. Raise the rear outriggers.

See Figure 2-23. Secure outrigger with both Locking Pin and Travel Lock Pin.

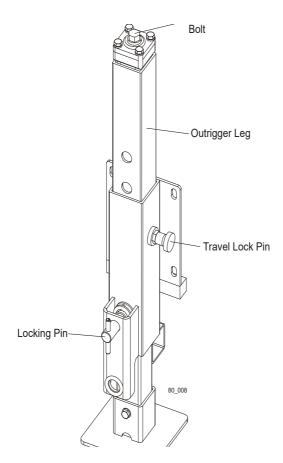


FIG. 2-23. ADJUSTABLE OUTRIGGER.



CAUTION! Be sure the outrigger base is adjusted properly before securing in travel position with the lock pin.



CAUTION! Do not adjust the outrigger base height while there is weight on it. Damage to the outrigger may result.

2. Move the clamp all the way in toward the main bed frame tube.

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CAUTION! Move the hydraulic clamp and turner to provide maximum ground clearance before towing. Failure to do so may result in damage to the sawmill.

- 3. Move the carriage forward to the travel position over the rear bed rail.
- **4.** Position the hole in the saw head over the travel rest pin.
- **5.** Lower the saw head until it is seated firmly on the rest pin.
- **6.** Secure the rest pin in the vertical position with the locking pin.

See Figure 2-24.

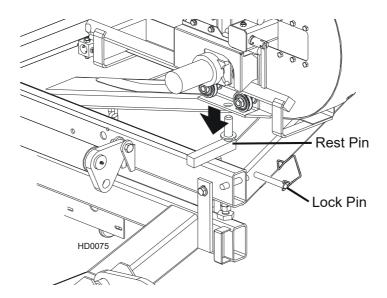


FIG. 2-24

7. Continue lowering the head 19mm (3/4") until it contacts the stop blocks on the mast rails.



CAUTION! It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the carriage on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

8. If necessary, adjust the two stops located at the bottom of the mast so the saw head contacts them after it is lowered 19mm (3/4") past where it contacts the rest pin.

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See Figure 2-25.

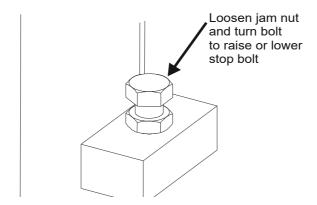


FIG. 2-25

- **9.** Use the hydraulic controls to raise the log turner and loader as high as they will go. Manually lift the loader and hook the loader chains to the sawmill frame. Use the hydraulic loader lever to lower the loader until the chains are tight. Push the loader lever down to bring the loader feet up to the loader arms.
- **10.** In sawmills equipped with manual clutch engage the clutch/brake handle to tension the drive belt and prevent motor vibration during mill transportation. When the transportation is completed, disengage the clutch to avoid the drive belt deformation.
- **11.** Hook the carriage safety chain located at the bottom of the carriage to the bracket at the bottom of the mast.

See Figure 2-26.

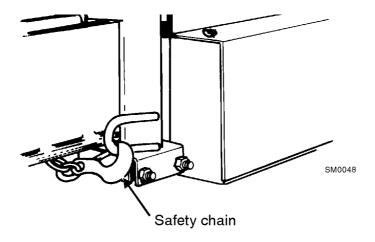


FIG. 2-26



CAUTION! Check to be sure the saw head safety chain is secured before towing the sawmill. Failure to properly secure the saw head can result in severe machine damage. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

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- **12.** Remove all loose objects from the bed of the mill. Store the outrigger jack handle in the bracket provided on the rear/loading-side outrigger guide. Reel in the winch cable. Remove the winch handle.
- **13.** Place both fenders in the slots located behind the trailer tires and secure with retaining pins. Raise all but the very front outrigger.

See the trailer operator's manual for specific information regarding hitch operation and towing the sawmill.

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SECTION 3 MAINTENANCE

This section lists the maintenance procedures that need to be performed.

The Short Interval Maintenance Schedule lists procedures that need to be performed every 4, 8 or 25 hours. The Maintenance Log lists procedures that need to be performed every 50, 100, 200, or 1000 hours. Keep track of machine maintenance by filling in the machine hours and the date you perform each procedure.



This symbol identifies the interval (hours of operation) at which each maintenance procedure should be performed.

Be sure to refer to option and engine manuals for other maintenance procedures.

3.1 Wear Life

See Table 3-1. This chart lists estimated life expectancy of common replacement parts if proper maintenance and operation procedures are followed. Due to the many variables which exist during sawmill operation, actual part life may vary significantly. This information is provided so that you may plan ahead in ordering replacement parts.

Part Description	Estimated Life
B57 Blade Wheel Belts	500 hours
Up/Down Motor	2000 hours
Up/Down Drum Switch	1000 hours
Blade Guide Rollers	1000 hours
Power Feed Drum Switch	1200 hours
Drive Belt	1250 hours
Power Feed Motor	1500 hours
Power Feed Belt	2000 hours
Up/Down Belt	2000 hours

TABLE 3-1

3.2 Blade Guides

1. Check the rollers for performance and wear every blade change. Make sure the rollers are clean and spinning freely. If not, rebuild them. Replace any rollers which have worn smooth or have become cone shaped. See The LT40S/M AH Parts manual for blade guide rebuild kits and complete roller assemblies.

See Figure 3-1.

2. Make sure the blade screw in the top center of the C-frame is 1/16" (1.5 mm) below the bottom of the blade. If not, loosen the nut and adjust the screw as necessary. Check the screw every blade change. Failing to maintain this adjustment will lead to early blade breakage.

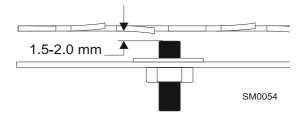


FIG. 3-1

3.3 Sawdust Removal

- **1.** Remove the excess sawdust from the blade wheel housings and sawdust chute every blade change.
- **2.** Remove all sawdust and debris from around the velocity fuse valves every 8 hours of operation. The valves are located at the bottom of the log loader cylinders.
- 3. Remove sawdust buildup as necessary from top rail cover.



CAUTION! Failure to remove sawdust buildup from track rail cover could result in damage to these parts when the saw head is lowered to its lowest position.

4. As required, remove sawdust buildup from the power feed belt housing. Turn the control panel key switch to OFF (0) and remove the key. Disassemble the power feed belt cover and remove sawdust buildup in and around the power feed belt and pulleys. Replace the power feed belt cover.

3.4 Carriage Track, Wiper & Scrapers

See Figure 3-2.

- 1. Clean the upper and lower track rails to remove any sawdust and sap buildup every eight hours of operation. Lubricate the lower track rail by wiping it with Dexron III ATF.
- 2. Remove sawdust from the upper cam housings. Loosen the thumb screws on the upper cam housing covers and open. Brush any sawdust buildup from the housings.
- **3.** Check the track scrapers as needed. Make sure the scrapers fit firmly against the rail. If a track scraper needs to be adjusted, loosen the thumb screw, push the scraper downward until it fits firmly against the rail, and retighten the thumb screw.
- Clean and lubricate the upper track wiper every twenty-five hours of operation. Unbolt the wiper, remove it from the sawmill, and remove any sawdust buildup. Soak the felt wiper with Dexron III transmission fluid, 10W30 motor oil or 3-in-1 turbine oil.



CAUTION! Reinstall the track wiper so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

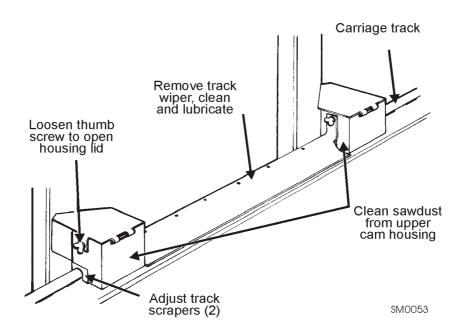
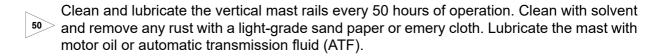


FIG. 3-2

3.5 Vertical Mast Rails





CAUTION! Never use grease on the mast rails as it will collect sawdust.

3.6 Drum Switches

Lubricate the up/down and power feed drum switch contacts inside the control panel every fifty hours of operation. Use only contact grease supplied by Wood-Mizer. Remove the control panel cover. Use a cotton swab to apply grease to the switch contact ends.



WARNING! Drum switch grease contains Petroleum Hydrocarbon Lubricant. Eye and skin irritant. If introduced into eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If film or irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water. If ingested, do not induce vomiting - contact a physician. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

3.7 Miscellaneous

- 1. Apply a thin film of a grade lithium grease to the blade guide arm every fifty hours of operation to help prevent it from rusting.
- **2.** Grease the clamp mechanism, loading arm, and side supports with a grade lithium grease every 50 hours of operation.
- 3. Oil all chains with Dexron III ATF every fifty hours of operation np. WD-40.



CAUTION! Do not use chain lube. It causes sawdust buildup in chain links.

- 4. Lubricate the board return pivot every fifty hours of operation with a grade lithium grease.

 50 Apply grease to the grease fitting on the board return pivot tube.
- **5.** Check the mill alignment every setup. See Section 5, Alignment.
- **6.** Make sure all safety warning decals are readable. Remove sawdust and dirt. Replace any damaged or unreadable decals immediately. Order decals from your Customer Service Representative.
- **7.** Lubricate the clutch lever bushings every 200 hours of operation (or once a month). Apply lithium grease to the fitting.

3.8 Blade Tensioner

- 1. Lubricate the chrome rods of the tensioner system with a heavy duty teflon spray lubricant every 50 hours of operation.
- 2. Lubricate the tensioner screw handle with a grade lithium grease as needed.

See Figure 3-3.

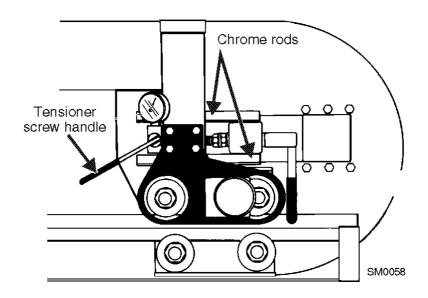


FIG. 3-3

3. Add an Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF) such as Dexron III ATF to the hydraulic blade tensioner as needed.

See Figure 3-4. To add enough fluid to completely fill the tensioner block:

- Remove the tensioner handle and ball. Remove the sawmill blade housing covers, blade and idle-side blade wheel.
- Push the idle-side shaft housing all the way in to collapse the rear tensioner piston and fully extend the front piston. The front piston should reach the threaded area of the piston guide.

NOTE: If the hydraulic fluid level is extremely low, collapsing the rear piston may not fully extend the front piston. If it does not, finish the fill procedure in its entirety and repeat. The first pass should add enough fluid to allow the front piston to fully extend. The second pass should add enough fluid to completely fill the block.

■ Locate the fill plug behind the tension gauge. Clean any dirt and debris from the plug area. Use a 7/16" wrench to remove the plug, making sure to keep the plug o-ring with the plug.

- Manually extend the rear piston (the front piston should remain extended).
- Use a small funnel or cup to completely fill the block with hydraulic fluid. When full, place the fill plug in the fill plug hole and thread 1-2 turns. Manually push the rear piston all the way in to allow excess oil and air to bleed from system through the plug. Tighten the plug all the way.
- Reinstall the idle-side blade wheel, blade and blade housing covers. Reinstall the tensioner ball and handle.

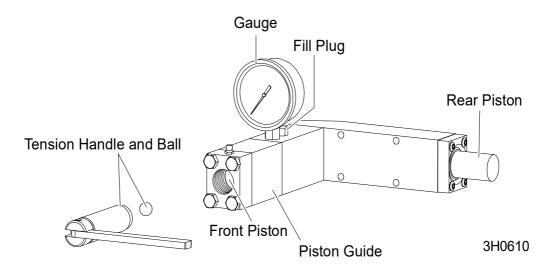


FIG. 3-4

3.9 Blade Wheel Belts

- 1. Rotate the blade wheel belts and check them for wear. Rotating the belts every 50 hours will give you longer belt life. Replace belts as necessary. Use only B57 belts manufactured by Goodyear or Browning.
 - 2. Periodically check all belts for wear. Replace any damaged or worn belts as needed.

3.10 Drive Belt Adjustment



WARNING! Do not for any reason adjust the engine drive belts or belt support bracket with the engine running. Doing so may result in serious injury.

Patrz tabela 3-2. Check the drive belt tension after the first 20 hours, and every 50 hours thereafter. See the table below for drive belt tension specifications for your model sawmill.

Engine/Motor	Belt Tension			
E20	11 mm deflection with 7.2 kG deflection force			
E25	11 mm deflection with 7.2 kG deflection force			

TABELA 3-2



3.11 Hydraulic System

1. Check the hydraulic fluid level every 50 hours of operation. Add fluid as necessary. The ⁵⁰ level in the hydraulic pump should be 19mm from the top with all cylinders collapsed.

If humidity is a problem or the mill is used outside in humid weather, drain and replace two quarts (.95 liters) of fluid every six months. This will drain any accumulated water and help prevent pump failure due to water ingestion. It also will prevent excessive fluid wear and allow the fluid to maintain its hot end performance. If humidity is not a problem, drain and replace one gallon (3.8 liters) of fluid every year to prevent fluid wear.

See Figure 3-5. If you are operating in temperatures -20° to 100° F (-29° to 38° C), use an all-weather hydraulic fluid such as Exxon Univis J26. For alternate fluids and/or other temperature ranges, refer to the chart below. Operating above the recommended temperature range of a fluid could result in excessive pump wear. Operating below the recommended temperature range could result in reduced hydraulic cylinder speed. To change fluid types, replace one gallon of the current fluid with one gallon of the alternate fluid.

TEMPERATURE

F -30° -20° -10° 0° 10° 20° 30° 40° 50° 60° 70° 80° 90° 100° 110° 120°

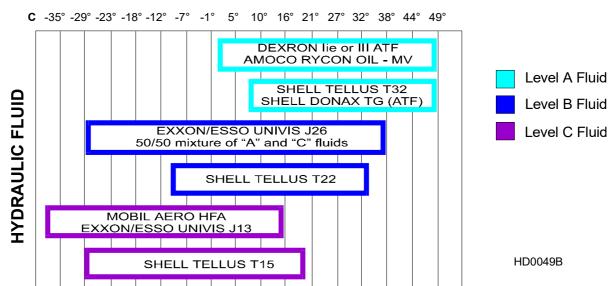


FIG. 3-5

- 2. Replace the hydraulic system cartridge filter every 500 hours of operation. 500>
 - 3. Periodically check all hydraulic lines and fitting as needed. Replace as necessary.

3.12 Drive Bearing

Refill the fluid in the drive-side cylinder bearing housing every 500 hours of operation. Remove the top and bottom oil plugs. Pour an Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF, SAE 30) into the top hole until it begins to flow from the bottom hole. Reinstall the square oil plug to the bottom hole and the vented oil plug to the top hole.

See Figure 3-6.

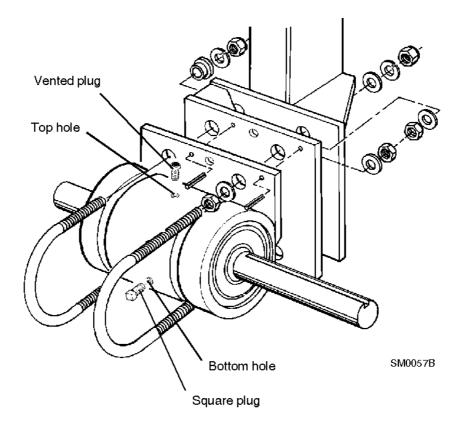


FIG. 3-6

3.13 Up/Down System

See Figure 3-7.

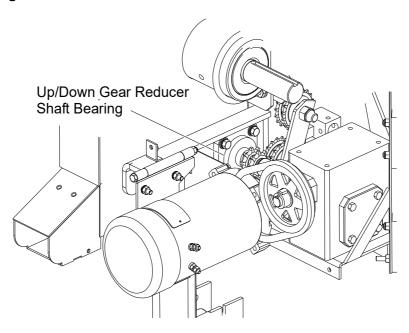


FIG. 3-7

1. Super model up/down systems feature a spring loaded belt design. Belt tension is automatically maintained and requires no adjustment. Replace the belt when adequate belt tension can no longer be obtained.



WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before removing the up/down motor belt. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

2. Adjust the up/down chain tension as needed. Measure chain tension with the head all the way to the top of the vertical mast. Secure the carriage with a chain at the top, or shim it underneath. Find the chain adjusting bolt at the bottom of the mast, behind the battery box. Adjust the bolt until the center of the chain can be deflected 3/4" (1.9cm) forward and 3/4" (1.9cm) backward with a 5 lb. (2.3 Kg) deflection force.



WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the up/down chain. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.



CAUTION! Do not over-tension the chain. Over-tensioning the chain may lead to early failure of the gear reducer.

See Figure 3-8.

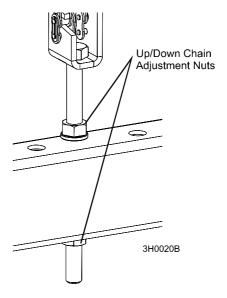


FIG. 3-8



3.14 Power Feed

1. Adjust the power feed belt as needed. When the power feed belt gets loose, it will begin slipping. This causes the carriage to not move forward when cutting. To retighten the belt:

See Figure 3-9. Remove the four cover bolts and belt cover and measure the belt tension. The belt should be tightened so there is 1/8" (3 mm) deflection with a 7 lb. (3.2 Kg) deflection force. To adjust the belt tension, loosen the four motor mount bolts. Place a wrench on the jam nut and turn the adjustment bolt clockwise to tighten the belt. Retighten the motor bolts and replace the feed motor cover.

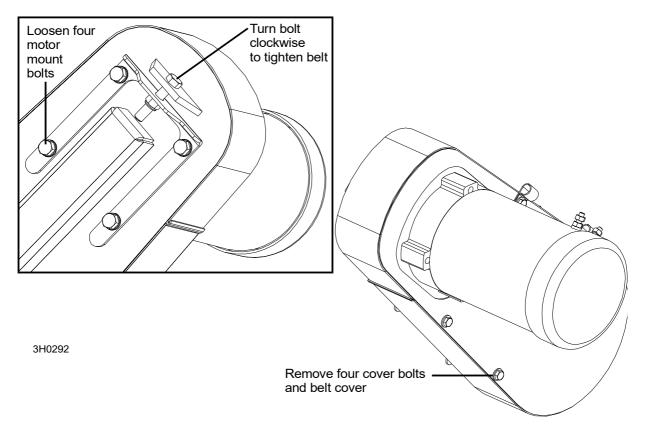


FIG. 3-9

2. Adjust the power feed chain as needed. Measure the power feed chain tension with the saw head all the way toward the front of the mill. Use the two lock nuts at the rear of the mill to tighten or loosen the power feed chain. Adjust the chain until it measures 7 to 8 inches (17.8 to 20.3 cm) from the top of the top rail at its lowest point.



CAUTION! Do not overtighten the feed chain. Damage to the power feed motor may result.

See Figure 3-10.

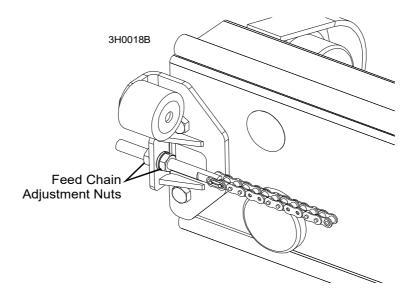


FIG. 3-10

3.15 Adjusting the Air Gap of the Up/Down Feed Brake.

1. The air gap widens as a result of brake disc wear. The gap must not be greater than 0.5mm. The air gap must be restored to the nominal value of 0.2mm (±0.05mm) by tightening the adjusting screws in the body. During the adjustment, loosen the mounting screws and, using a feeler gauge inserted between the armature and the body, set the air gap to the nominal value by screwing in the adjustment screws. Tighten the clamping screws - complete tightening of the clamping node is achieved by contracting the adjusting screws.

LT40 Series A/DH Short Interval Maintenance Schedule

(Check engine and option manuals for additional maintenance procedures)

PROCEDURE	MANUAL REFERENCE
EVERY BLADE CHANGE	
Check Blade Guide Roller Performance	See Section 3.2
Remove Excess Sawdust From Blade Wheel Housings And Sawdust Chute	See Section 3.3
Check Blade Screw	See Section 3.2
EVERY 8 HOURS	
Clean And Lubricate Track	See Section 3.4
Remove Sawdust From Upper Cam Housings	See Section 3.4
Clean Sawdust From Hydraulic Loader Fuses, Battery Box Lid & Track Cover	See Section 3.3
EVERY 25 HOURS	
Clean And Lubricate Upper Track Wiper	See Section 3.4

WOOD-MIZER LT40 SERIES A/DH MAINTENANCE LOG (Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) **PROCEDURE** MANUAL **TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION** REFERENCE FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCEDURE. A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME. 50 HRS 100 HRS 150 HRS 200 HRS 250 HRS 300 HRS 400 HRS 450 HRS 500 HRS 350 HRS Clean & lube mast rails See Section 3.5 Lubricate drum switches See Section 3.6 Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains See Section 3.7 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check belt tensions See Section 3.11 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check brake strap tension See Section 3.10 Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for See Section 3.9 wear Check feed & up/down chain tensions See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check up/down gear box fluid level See Section 3.16 Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods See Section 3.8 Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings See Section 3.14 Check hydraulic fluid level See Section 3.14

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See Section 3.14

See Section 3.15

See Section 3.14

See Section 3.16

Replace hydraulic system filter

Grease up/down shaft bearing

Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid

Inspect hydraulic pump motor brushes

WOOD-MIZER LT40 SERIES A/DH MAINTENANCE LOG (Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) **PROCEDURE** MANUAL **TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION** REFERENCE FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCEDURE. A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME. 550 HRS 600 HRS 650 HRS 700 HRS 750 HRS 800 HRS 900 HRS 950 HRS 1000 HRS 850 HRS Clean & lube mast rails See Section 3.5 Lubricate drum switches See Section 3.6 Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains See Section 3.7 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check belt tensions See Section 3.11 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check brake strap tension See Section 3.10 Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for See Section 3.9 wear Check feed & up/down chain tensions See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check up/down gear box fluid level See Section 3.16 Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods See Section 3.8 Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings See Section 3.14

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See Section 3.14

See Section 3.14

See Section 3.15

See Section 3.14

See Section 3.16

Check hydraulic fluid level

Replace hydraulic system filter

Grease up/down shaft bearing

Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid

Inspect hydraulic pump motor brushes

WOOD-MIZER LT40 SERIES A/DH MAINTENANCE LOG

(Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures)

PROCEDURE	MANUAL REFERENCE										
		1050 HRS	1100 HRS	1150 HRS	1200 HRS	1250 HRS	1300 HRS	1350 HRS	1400 HRS	1450 HRS	1500 HRS
Clean & lube mast rails	See Section 3.5										
Lubricate drum switches	See Section 3.6										
Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains	See Section 3.7 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17										
Check belt tensions	See Section 3.11 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17										
Check brake strap tension	See Section 3.10										
Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for wear	See Section 3.9										
Check feed & up/down chain tensions	See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17										
Check up/down gear box fluid level	See Section 3.16										
Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods	See Section 3.8										
Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings	See Section 3.14										
Check hydraulic fluid level	See Section 3.14										
Replace hydraulic system filter	See Section 3.14										
Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid	See Section 3.15										
Inspect hydraulic pump motor brushes	See Section 3.14										
Grease up/down shaft bearing	See Section 3.16										

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WOOD-MIZER LT40 SERIES A/DH MAINTENANCE LOG (Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) **PROCEDURE** MANUAL **TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION** REFERENCE FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCEDURE. A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME. 1550 HRS 1600 HRS 1650 HRS 1700 HRS 1750 HRS 1800 HRS 1850 HRS 1900 HRS 1950 HRS 2000 HRS See Section 3.5 Clean & lube mast rails Lubricate drum switches See Section 3.6 Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains See Section 3.7 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check belt tensions See Section 3.11 See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check brake strap tension See Section 3.10 Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for See Section 3.9 wear Check feed & up/down chain tensions See Section 3.16 See Section 3.17 Check up/down gear box fluid level See Section 3.16 Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods See Section 3.8 Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings See Section 3.14 Check hydraulic fluid level See Section 3.14 Replace hydraulic system filter See Section 3.14 Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid See Section 3.15 Inspect hydraulic pump motor brushes See Section 3.14

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See Section 3.16

Grease up/down shaft bearing

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SECTION 4 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

4.1 Sawing Problems

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Blades Dull Quickly	Dirty logs	Clean or debark logs, especially on entry side of the cut
	When grinding teeth, heating too much and causing teeth to soften	Grind just enough metal to restore sharpness to the teeth. Use water/coolant while sharpening blade
	Poor sharpening techniques	Make sure the tip is being sharp- ened completely (See Sharpener Manual)
Blades Break Prematurely	Rubber belts on blade wheels worn to a point that blade contacts metal pulley - look for shiny spots on edge of wheels	Change blade wheel belts (B-57)
	Poor sharpening techniques	See Sharpener Manual
	Tension too tight	Tension blade to recommended specifications
Blade Does Not Track Right on Drive Wheel	Cant adjustment is incorrect	Readjust
	Flat/worn belts	Replace B-57 belts
Blade Guides Do Not Spin While Cutting	Frozen bearings	Replace bearings
	Stiff bearings	Grease bearings
Drive Belts Wear Prematurely or Jump	Engine/motor and drive pul- leys out of alignment	Align pulleys <u>See Section 4.5</u> <u>Motor and Drive Pulleys Align-</u> <u>ment.</u>

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PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Boards Thick Or Thin On Ends Or Middle Of Board.	Stress in log which causes log to not lay flat on the bed.	After log has been squared, take equal cuts off opposing sides. Take a board off the top. Turn the log 180 degrees. Take a board off. Repeat, keeping the heart in the middle of the cant, and making it your last cut.
	Set in teeth.	Resharpen and reset blade.
	Bed rails misaligned.	Realign sawmill.
Height Adjustment Jumps or Stutters When Moving Up or Down.	Mast needs lubrication.	Lubricate mast track surface.
	Up/down chain improperly adjusted.	Adjust up/down chain.
	Vertical wear pads are too tight.	Adjust pads.
	Drive belt(s) loose.	Adjust belts.
Lumber Is Not Square	Vertical side supports not square to bed	Adjust side supports.
	Blade not parallel to bed rails	Adjust bed rails parallel to blade.
	Sawdust or bark between cant and bed rails	Remove particles
	Tooth set problems	Resharpen and reset blade
Sawdust Builds Up On Track	Excessive oiling	Do not oil track
	Track wipers worn	Adjust wipers to firmly contact track
	Track is sticky	Clean track with solvent and apply silicone spray
Wavy Cuts	Excessive feed	Slow feed rate
	Improperly sharpened blade (This will be the problem 99% of the time!)	Resharpen blade (See Sharpener Manual - read entire manual!)
	Blade guides improperly adjusted	Adjust blade guides.
	Sap buildup on blade	Use Water Lube.
	Tooth set problem	Resharpen and reset blade

4.2 Electrical Problems

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Up/down Excessively Slow.	Vertical wear pads too tight.	Adjust pads.
	Up/down belt loose.	Adjust belt to be as loose as possible without slipping
Up/down Or Power Feed Motors Do Not Work.	Worn/dirty contacts in drum switch.	Replace switch or remove control panel cover and clean contacts.
	Bad key switch.	Replace key switch.
	Circuit breaker.	Reset breaker in control box.
	Burned-out motor.	Replace motor.
	Bad connection on battery post or loose wire.	Check for loose wire or terminal connections.
	Up/down motor relay damaged.	Have a qualified electrician replace the relay.
	Up/down motor is damaged.	Have a qualified electrician replace the up/down motor.
	One phase lacks.	Check circuit breakers in the connectors.
	Motor thermal protector started to work.	Let the motor cool and then reset the thermal protector.
	Speed switch circuit overloaded.	Turn off the power and let the motor cool. Turn the power back on.
	Power feed is overheated.	Turn off the power and let the motor cool. Turn the power back on.
	Short circuit in speed switch motor system.	Have a qualified electrician remove the short circuit.
Power Feed Motor Does Not Work.	Sawdust buildup in the power feed pulleys.	Sawdust buildup puts mechanical bind on power feed which causes automatic motor protection circuit to activate. Remove sawdust from pulleys and operate normally. If motor does not operate after sawdust removal, reset 70 amp circuit breaker on the front of the control box.

4.3 Power Feed Problems

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Power Feed Is Jerky At Low Speeds Or Does Not Move Until Speed Is Above Halfway Mark.	Drum switch is dirty.	Clean drum switch and lubricate with contact grease supplied by Wood-Mizer.
	Drum switch contacts are bad	Check that contacts are in good condition and positively close circuit.
	Speed switch is worn.	Replace the speed switch.
	Speed switch is blocked.	Turn off the power for 20 seconds and turn it back on.
Power Feed Is Jerky, But Power Feed Motor Runs Prop- erly At All Speeds.	Problem is mechanical.	Refer to the Mechanical Test.
Power Feed Is Sluggish, Trips Circuit Breaker Or Current Limit.	Sawdust buildup in power feed cover.	Remove power feed belt cover and remove sawdust.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Power Feed Motor Overheats.	Middle track oiler is dragging.	Clean middle track oiler and lubricate with 30-weight oil or ATF (Automatic Transmission Fluid) such as Dexron II. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Ground is not level.	Level mill with carpenter's level. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Track roller bearing drag is excessive.	Lubricate bearings; Replace tight bearings. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Lower track rollers are not aligned properly.	Check stop block clearance from lower bed rail. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Chain is dragging.	Make sure chain is centered on cam follower bearing; Clean and lubricate chain; Adjust chain tension. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Chain is improperly tensioned.	Adjust chain tension. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Seat load is excessive.	Check seat bearings for freedom of movement; Loosen clamping screw 1/4 turn. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Power feed is binding.	Adjust belt tension; Check condition of belt, pulleys, bearings, and sprocket; Check motor for ground fault. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Saw head load is excessive.	Avoid unnecessary modifications to saw heads that would give them extra weight. Allow motor to cool before restarting.
	Blade is dull or improperly set.	Use proper blade maintenance procedures (See Sharpener or Toothsetter manual). Allow motor to cool before restarting

4.4 Hydraulic Problems

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
You Can Actuate Any Hydrau- lic Handle, But Get No Response From The Pump.	Carriage not positioned properly to provide power to the pump	Make sure carriage contact bracket is adjusted far enough forward for battery positive contact to touch 6ft. strip on main tube. Check contact and strip for tarnish or loose wires. Clean as necessary
	Hydraulic feeder does not work	Turn on the power switch on the front side of the electric box mounted on the front side of the hydraulic box. Check whether the power is on (in position "1")
		Check whether the key switch is in ACC position
		Disconnect the plug on the left side of the electric box and change the phases using a screwdriver
		Check whether the emergency switch is off
	One phase lacks power	Check fuses in the electric connector
	Pump motor relay damaged	Have a qualified electrician change it
	Hydraulic pump motor is over- heated	Let the motor cool. When the motor is off, reset the thermal motor breaker located in the electric box mounted in the hydraulic box
	The hydraulic feeder works despite the release of the hydraulic control lever	Standard situation. Hydraulic feeder assembly should keep working for 5-8 seconds after the hydraulic lever is released (in the neutral position)
	Poor ground connection	Check ground connection between pump and saw frame. Check contact and rail for tarnish or loose wires. Clean as necessary
	Blown fuse	Replace
	Defective pump motor	Remove motor from pump and inspect. Repair or replace as necessary

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You Can Get Response From the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted

Locate the valve switch at the bottom of the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each of the five switch contacts. Press each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. **CAUTION!** Do not overtighten!

NOTE: Do not adjust the valve switch or switch spring; they have been preset at the factory.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Pump Motor Runs With Little Or No Response From The Cylinders	Low fluid level	Check fluid level. Add an all-season hydraulic fluid such as Amoco Rycon Oil MV or Mobil Multipurpose ATF (automatic transmission fluid) until level is 4 - 4 1/2" from bottom of reservoir with all cylinders retracted
	Pressure relief valve moved from proper setting	Adjust pressure relief valve.
	Low air temperature causing fluid to thicken	Allow fluid to warm up. Synthetic fluids are available that allow for hydraulic operation in cold weather conditions (Mobil SHC 526)
Fluid Leaks From Around Cyl- inder Piston Ram	Worn seals	Replace seals in cylinder. Check piston ram for abrasive weld that may be causing premature seal failure
Fluid Leak Around Pump Box	Loose seal or fitting	Wipe pump off completely to locate cause of lead. You may have to unbolt the pump to wipe behind it. NOTE: Movement of the sawmill can cause fluid to slosh up into the foam filter in the reservoir cap, and subsequently spray out, giving the appearance that fluid is leaking from the pump

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PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Hydraulic Side Supports Go Down Before Or At Same Time As Log Turner	Dirt in sequence valve	Remove sequence valves and clean thoroughly with kerosene. NOTE: Be sure to reassemble the valve and install it in its original position on the cylinder
	Retainer in sequence valve worn	Replace sequence valve
	Low air temperature causing fluid to thicken	Allow fluid to warm up. Synthetic fluids are available that allow for hydraulic operation in cold weather conditions (Mobil SHC 526)
Hydraulic Turner Goes Up Before Or At Same Time As Side Supports	Spring weakening in sequence valve	Locate sequence valve at top of turner cylinder. Turn heavy spring in about 1/4 turn
	Dirt in sequence valve	Remove sequence valves and clean thoroughly with kerosene. NOTE: Be sure to reassemble the valve and install it in its original position on the cylinder
	Retainer in sequence valve worn	Replace sequence valve
	Low air temperature causing fluid to thicken	Allow fluid to warm up. Synthetic fluids are available that allow for hydraulic operation in cold weather conditions. (Mobil SHC 526)
	Springs weakening in sequence valve.	Locate sequence valve at bottom of turner cylinder. Turn heavy spring in about 1/4 turn

4.5 Motor and Drive Pulleys Alignment

- 1. Install the drive belt.
- 2. Use a straight edge to align the engine/motor pulley to the drive pulley.
- **3.** Check front-to-back movement of the engine does not exceed 6,5 mm (1/4"). Tighten the motor mount U-bolts if necessary.
- **4.** Engage the clutch handle and adjust the drive belt tension to 12-13 mm (7/16") deflection with 5 kG of force.
- **5.** Recheck the pulley alignment and engine squareness with the clutch handle engaged. Adjust if necessary.
- **6.** Adjust the drive belt support to 8 mm from the belt while engaged.

4.6 Power Feed Variable Speed Switch Test

With the feed rate dial switch all the way down, move the shaft of the dial back and forth to see if there is a jerky response. Turn the dial and move the shaft back and forth again. Repeat several times. If the jerkiness occurs at the same location on the dial several times, you need to replace the variable speed switch.

4.7 Power Feed Preliminary Test

This test will determine if the problem is a mechanical or electrical.

- 1. Remove the drive belt from the power feed drive pulley.
- 2. Turn the key switch to the (#2) position. Put the carriage forward/reverse switch into the forward position and turn the feed rate dial through all speeds. If the power feed motor runs properly at all speeds, the problem is a mechanical one instead of an electrical one.

4.8 Power Feed Mechanical Test

- **1.** Remove the weight from the track rollers. They should turn smoothly and easily with very little play.
- 2. Make sure the middle track cover is not bent or touching the top rail.
- 3. Make sure the middle track oiler is free of sawdust buildup.
- **4.** Make sure the power feed chain is not stiff from rust. Also make sure the chain is not too tight.
- **5.** Check the power feed shaft. Visually inspect the bearings. The shaft should move neither in or out nor side to side.
- **6.** Make sure the power feed chain cam bearing is not touching the main frame tube.
- 7. Make sure there is no sap or rust on the rails.
- **8.** Make sure the block on the lower track roller assembly is not rubbing the lower rail. Also make sure the track rollers are not too tight.
- **9.** Make sure the power feed belt is properly tightened.

4.9 Hydraulic Pressure Test



CAUTION! Pressure should not exceed 16 MPa. Pressure above 16 MPa may damage the hydraulic hoses.

SECTION 5 SAWMILL ALIGNMENT

5.1 Pre-Alignment Procedures

The Wood-Mizer sawmill is factory aligned. Two alignment procedures are available to realign the sawmill if necessary. The Routine Alignment instructions should be performed as necessary to solve sawing problems not related to blade performance. The Complete Alignment procedure should be performed approximately every 1500 hours of operation (sooner if you regularly transport the sawmill over rough terrain).

Routine Alignment Procedure:

- 1. Install and track the blade (See Section 5.3).
- 2. Check the angle of the blade in relation to the bed rails and adjust the lower track rollers if necessary (<u>See Section 5.15</u>).
- **3.** Check and adjust the vertical alignment of the blade guide arm (<u>See Section 5.7</u>).
- **4.** Check and adjust the horizontal alignment of the blade guide arm (<u>See Section 5.8</u>).
- **5.** Check and adjust the vertical angle of the blade guides (<u>See Section 5.9</u>).
- **6.** Check and adjust the horizontal angle of the blade guides (<u>See Section 5.11</u>).
- 7. Check and adjust the spacing between the blade guide flanges and the back of the blade (<u>See Section 5.10</u>).
- 8. Check and adjust the horizontal angle of the side supports (See Section 5.12).
- **9.** Check and adjust the vertical angle of the side supports (<u>See Section 5.13</u>).
- **10.** Check that the blade height scale accurately displays the actual distance from the bottom of the blade to the bed rails and adjust if necessary (<u>See Section 5.16</u>).

Complete Alignment Procedure:

Perform all steps in this section to completely realign the sawmill.

5.2 Frame Setup

Stationary sawmills should be setup on firm, level ground before proceeding with alignment. Shim the feet so the weight of the sawmill is evenly supported.

Portable sawmills should also be setup on firm, level ground:

LT40S AH: Adjust the two middle outriggers on the main frame tube down just enough to lift weight from the trailer tire.

LT40M AH: Adjust the two end outriggers on the main frame tube down just enough to lift weight from the trailer tire.

All Portable Sawmills: Adjust the two outer outriggers down just so they touch the ground but do not bear weight.

See SECTION 2 Setup & Operation for additional setup information.

5.3 Blade Installation And Alignment

See Figure 5-1. Install a blade and apply the appropriate tension (<u>See Section 2.7</u>). Blade tension is adjusted with the tension handle shown.

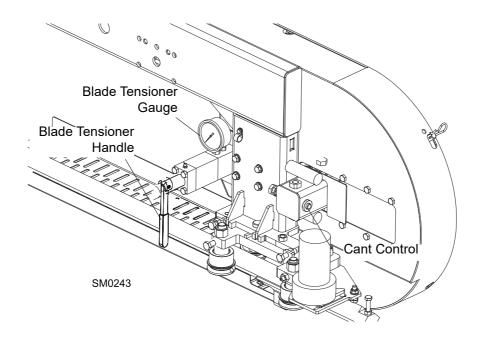


FIG. 5-1

- **1.** Raise the middle blade housing cover and make sure all persons are clear of the open side of the saw head.
- 2. Start the motor.

WARNING! Do not spin the blade wheels by hand. Spinning the blade wheels by hand may result in serious injury.

3. Turn off the engine, remove the key and check the position of the blade on the blade wheels.

Check the vertical alignment of the idle-side blade wheel. The gullet of the blade should ride the same distance from the front edge of the wheel at the top and bottom of the wheel. If it does not, loosen and tighten the appropriate adjustment screws on the wheel shaft.

See Figure 5-2. The blade wheels should be adjusted so that the gullet of 1 1/4" blades ride 1/8" (3 mm) out from the front edge of the wheels ($\pm 1/16$ [1.5 mm]). The gullet of 1 1/2" blades should ride 3/16" (4.5 mm) from the front edge of the wheels ($\pm 1/16$ [1.5 mm]). Do not let the teeth ride on the wheels.

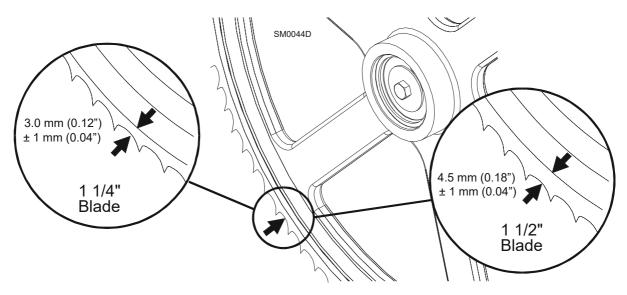


FIG. 5-2

To adjust where the blade travels on the idle-side blade wheel, use the cant control shown in **Figure 5-1**.

If the blade is too far forward on the wheels, turn the cant control counterclockwise. If it is too far back on the wheels, turn the cant control clockwise.

Some adjustment in blade tension may be needed to compensate for adjustments made with the cant control.

Adjustment with the cant control is usually all that is required to track the blade properly on both blade wheels. The drive-side blade wheel will usually not have to be adjusted. If necessary, the drive-side wheel can be adjusted as follows:

See Figure 5-3. For horizontal adjustment, use the horizontal adjustment nuts. If the blade is running too far back on the drive-side blade wheel, locate the long U-bolt on the right which mounts the bearing housing to the mounting plates. Loosen the hex nuts on the U-bolt (on the back side of the back plate). Tighten the adjustment nuts to spread the plates apart and bring the blade forward.

If the blade is running too far to the front, loosen the jam nuts on the long U-bolt and back the adjustment bolts out. Tighten the hex nuts on the long U-bolt (on the back side of the back plate).

Be sure to tighten all nuts against the mounting plates when the adjustment is complete.

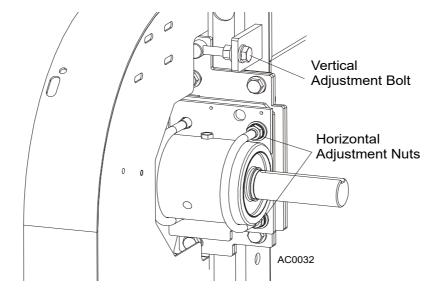


FIG. 5-3

The vertical angle of the drive side wheel is factory-set and should not need to be adjusted. If adjustment is needed, use the vertical adjustment bolt. To tilt the wheel upward, loosen the jam nut and turn the vertical adjustment bolt clockwise. To tilt the wheel downward, loosen the jam nut and turn the vertical adjustment bolt counterclockwise. Be sure to tighten the jam nut.

5.4 Saw Head Slide Pad Adjustment

There are eight nylon pads positioned between the saw head frame and vertical mast. The spacing of the pads is factory set and rarely needs adjusting. To check the pad spacing, perform the following steps.

NOTE: The pads on the engine side of the mast are referred to as the "inner" pads. The pads on the control side of the mast are referred to as the "outer" pads.

NOTE: Shims are often used around the clamping bolts, between the C-frame support bracket and the mast v-brace. The shims align the v-brace to the mast so that the entire face of each slide pad makes contact with the mast. Be sure to keep these shims in place when performing the following adjustment.

See Figure 5-4.

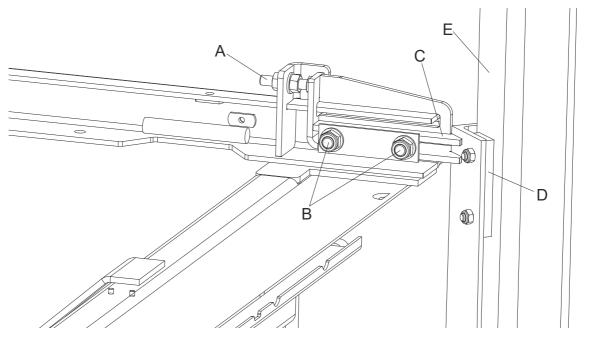


FIG. 5-4

1. Raise the saw head to the top of the vertical mast and secure the saw head with a chain at the top, or shim it underneath. Check the top set of four pads. The outer two pads should be touching the mast rails. There should be a small gap (just wide enough to slide a business card through) between one of the inner pads and the mast rail.



WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the mast pads. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

2. To adjust the spacing of the upper set of pads, lower the saw head until you can access the upper slide pad adjustment bolts.

- **3.** Loosen the upper locking bolts and turn the adjusting bolt as necessary to provide the pad spacing described in punkt 1.
- 4. Lower the saw head to the bottom of the vertical mast. Check the bottom set of four pads.

There should be a small gap between one of the outer pads and the mast rail. The gap should be just wide enough to slide a business card through. The inner two pads should be touching the mast rails. To adjust the spacing of the lower set of pads, raise the saw head until you can access the lower slide pad adjustment bolts.

5. Loosen the lower locking bolts and turn the adjusting bolt as necessary to provide the pad spacing described in punkt 4.



CAUTION! Due to variations in the vertical mast, the pad spacing may vary throughout the travel of the saw head. Check the pad spacing at the top and bottom ends of the mast only. Pads adjusted too tight will cause premature up/down motor failure.

5.5 Adjusting The Lower Track Rollers

See Figure 5-5. Making these adjustments correctly will give you square cuts and accurate dimensions across the width of your boards.

- **1.** Using the feed controls, move the saw carriage so that the blade is positioned over the front end rail.
- 2. Check the lower roller on the bottom track rail. Make sure that the bottom rollers touch the bottom rail but remain loose enough that you can turn them with your finger. Use the vertical bolts to adjust the bottom track rollers.
- 3. Check the inside lower rollers. Both inside rollers should touch the rail so that you cannot spin them by hand. If the rollers are not adjusted evenly and you can spin either one, adjust the horizontal nuts until the roller cannot be spun by hand. Check the other roller and adjust if necessary. Adjust both inside rollers until each evenly supports the carriage and you cannot spin either by hand.
- **4.** Move the carriage forward until the blade is positioned over the rear end rail. Repeat steps 2 & 3 until all lower rollers are adjusted properly at the front and rear of the sawmill.

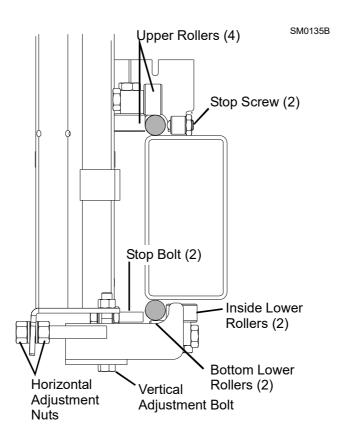


FIG. 5-5

- 5. Remove the blade guides, or adjust them so that they do not touch the blade.
- **6.** Move the carriage back to the front end rail. Raise the cutting head until the bottom of the blade is 17" (400 mm) above the outside of the rail support by actual measurement with a tape or ruler.
- **7.** Move the carriage forward to check the distance to the blade at the inside of the rail support. All measurements should be equal within 1/32" (0.8 mm).
- **8.** Turn the horizontal adjustment nuts evenly to adjust the inner lower rollers to tilt the saw head until the blade is parallel (+1/32" [0.8 mm] -0) to the pivot rail support on the outside.

NOTE: Adjustments of the lower track rollers change the angle between the cutting head and sawmill bed rails. Only small adjustments of the lower track rollers should ever be needed.

9. After the lower track rollers are adjusted properly, adjust the upper and lower stop screws. Tighten each screw until it just touches the rail. Then, back the screw off 1/2 turn. The gap will be approximately 1/32" (0.8mm).



CAUTION! It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the carriage on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

5.6 Adjusting Bed Rails To The Blade

- **1.** Move the vertical clamp to its lowest position. Before using the clamp tube as a reference to set the blade, make sure it is level.
- 2. Move the clamp all the way toward the clamp stop. Position the saw head so the blade is over the clamp tube. Measure from the outer end of the clamp tube to the bottom of the blade
- **3.** Move the saw head back to power the hydraulics and move the clamp all the way out. Position the blade over the clamp tube again and measure from the inner end of the clamp tube to the bottom of the blade.
- **4.** If the clamp tube is level, the measurement to the blade at both ends will be the same within 1/16" (1.5 mm). If adjustment is needed, loosen the four mounting bolts at the outer end of the clamp tube and adjust the clamp tube up or down as necessary. Tighten the mounting bolts.

See Figure 5-6.

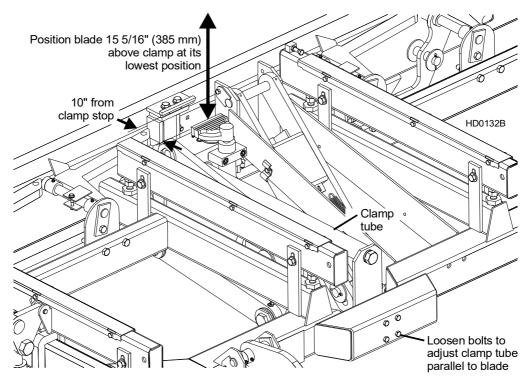


FIG. 5-6

5. Move the saw head back to power the hydraulics and move the clamp so it is 10" from the clamp stop. Move the saw head forward until it is positioned over the clamp. Raise the saw head until the blade measures 15 5/16" (385 mm) from the clamp at its lowest position.

- 6. Move the saw head so the blade is positioned over the center of the front main bed rail.
- 7. Measure the distance between the bottom of the blade and the bed rail at each end of the bed rail. The bed rail should measure 15" (375 mm) (+1/32 [0.8 mm] -0) from the blade at each end of the rail.

See Figure 5-7.

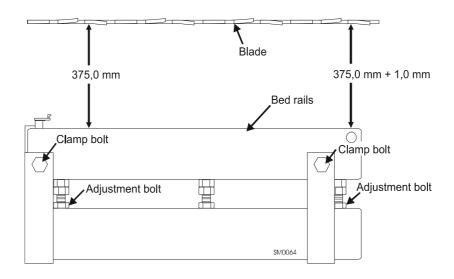


FIG. 5-7

See Figure 5-8. Optional bed rail (angled)

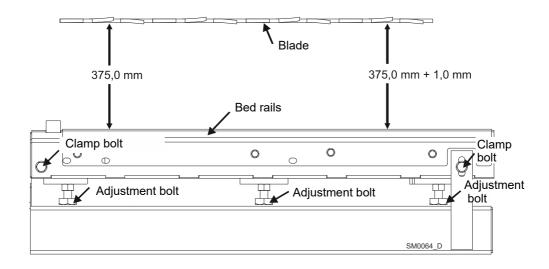


FIG. 5-8

8. Loosen the bed rail clamping bolts and turn the adjustment bolts to move the bed rails to the blade if necessary.

- **9.** Retighten the clamping bolts and adjustment bolts.
- **10.** Without adjusting the saw head height, check the remaining main bed rails and the rear rail. Adjust them so that all measure the same distance from the blade at both ends of the bed rail.

5.7 Blade Guide Arm Alignment

Each Wood-Mizer sawmill has two blade guide assemblies that help the blade maintain a straight cut. The two blade guide assemblies are positioned on the saw head to guide the blade on each side of the material being cut.

One blade guide assembly is mounted in a stationary position on the drive side of the saw head. This assembly is referred to as the "inner" blade guide assembly.

The other blade guide assembly is mounted on the idle side of the saw head. It is referred to as the "outer" assembly and is adjustable for various widths of materials to be processed.

Blade guide alignment includes four steps:

- Blade Deflection
- Blade Guide Vertical Tilt
- Blade Guide Flange Spacing
- Blade Guide Horizontal Tilt

Perform the blade guide alignment after you have aligned the blade on the wheels and adjusted the blade and blade guide arm parallel to the bed rails. After blade guide alignment, check the scale indicator to make sure it is adjusted properly.

NOTE: During blade guide alignment, remove the blade guide adjusting screws and apply a lubricating oil such as 10W30 or Dexron III to each screw. This will prevent the screws and threaded holes from corroding and make screw adjustments easier.

- 1. Adjust the blade guide arm in to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed.
- **2.** Manually try to move the arm up and down. If you can move the arm by hand, you will need to tighten the arm rollers.

See Figure 5-9. Loosen the jam nuts and turn the adjustment bolts in to tighten the blade guide arm rollers. Retighten the jam nuts.

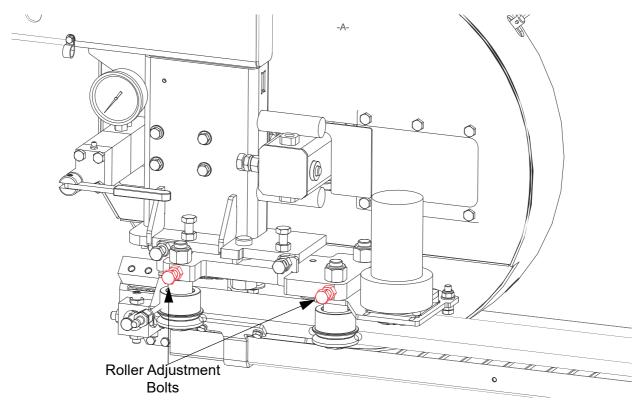


FIG. 5-9

After tightening the blade guide arm rollers, check that the arm is aligned properly.

3. With the arm adjusted 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed, measure the distance between the rear blade guide roller and the back of the blade.

See Figure 5-10.

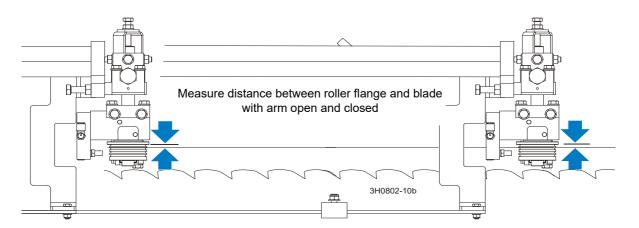


FIG. 5-10

4. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully open and remeasure the distance from the roller flange to the back of the blade. The two measurements should be the same. If not, adjust the outer rollers in or out to tilt the arm horizontally.

See Figure 5-11. Loosen the horizontal adjustment bolt jam nuts. To tilt the arm in toward the blade, loosen the right bolt and tighten the left bolt. To tilt the arm out away from the blade, loosen the left bolt and tighten the right bolt. Retighten the jam nuts and recheck the blade guide arm horizontal tilt.

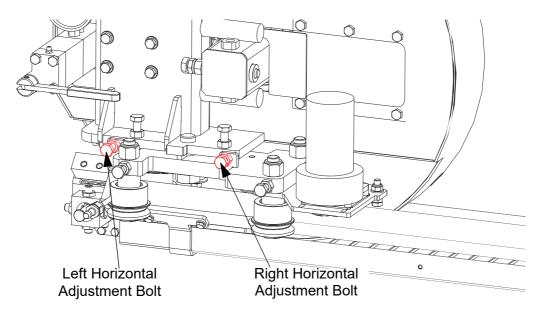


FIG. 5-11

- **5.** Now check the vertical tilt of the blade guide arm. Move the saw head so the blade guide arm is positioned over a bed rail.
- **6.** With the arm 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed, raise or lower the saw head until the bottom of the blade guide block is 15" (375 mm) from the top of the bed rail (dimension A).

See Figure 5-12.

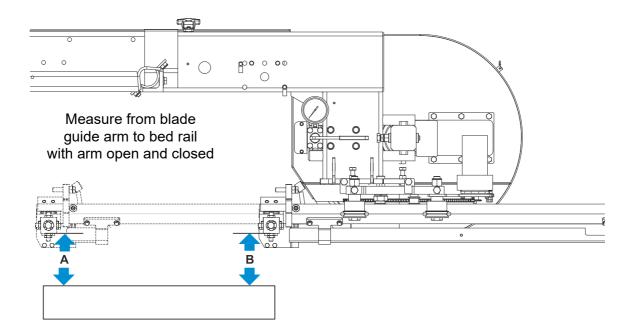


FIG. 5-12

7. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully open. Measure the distance from the bottom of the blade guide mounting block to the bed rail. This measurement should be 15", 375 mm (dimension B) or slightly higher because the saw head is tilted up 1/26" (1 mm) on the outside (See 5.15 Saw Head Tilt). If the measurement is different, adjust the blade guide arm vertically.

See Figure 5-13. Loosen the vertical adjustment bolt jam nuts. To tilt the blade guide arm down, loosen the right bolt and tighten the left bolt. To tilt the blade guide arm up, loosen the left bolt and tighten the right bolt. Retighten the jam nuts and recheck the blade guide arm vertical tilt.

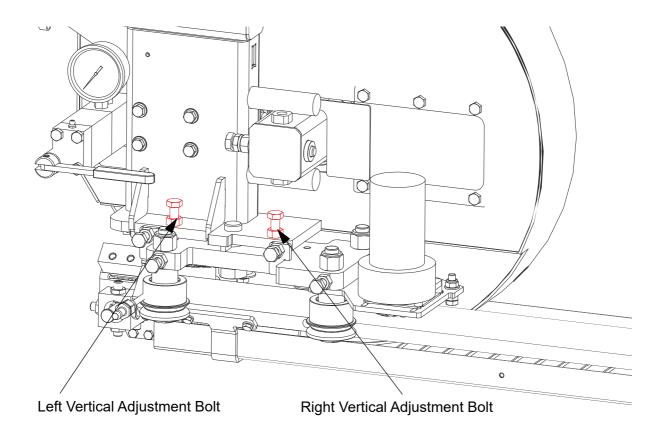


FIG. 5-13

5.8 Blade Deflection

Perform the following steps to achieve proper blade deflection with the blade guides.

- **1.** Raise the carriage until the blade is 15" (375 mm) above a bed rail. Measure the actual distance with a tape from the top of the rail to the bottom of the blade.
- 2. Install the blade guides. Make sure the two set screws shown are threaded into the blade guide shaft until they touch each other.

See Figure 5-14.

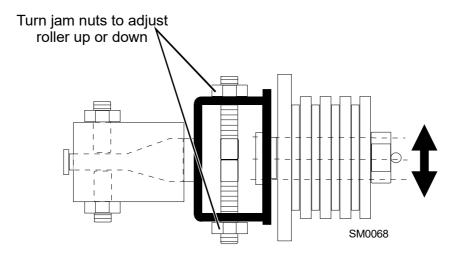


FIG. 5-14

- **3.** Loosen the bottom jam nut and tighten the top jam nut until the blade guide deflects the blade down 1/4" (6.5 mm).
- 4. Repeat for the other blade guide.

NOTE: Be sure that the blade guide deflector rod clears the blade on both guide assemblies. The rod on the outer guide assembly should be checked with the arm all the way in and all the way out.

5.9 Blade Guide Vertical Tilt Adjustment

Check that the blade guide does not tilt the blade up or down. A Blade Guide Alignment Tool (BGAT) is provided to help you measure the vertical tilt of the blade.

- 1. Open the adjustable blade guide arm 1/2" (15 mm) from full open.
- **2.** Clamp the alignment tool on the blade. Position the tool close to a blade guide roller. Be sure the tool does not rest on a tooth or burr, and is lying flat on the blade.

See Figure 5-15.

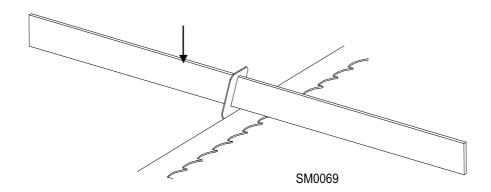


FIG. 5-15

3. Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom of the tool.

NOTE: If the sawmill is equipped with stainless steel bed rail covers, be sure to measure from the blade guide alignment tool to the top surface of the cover rather than the bed rail tube.

- **4.** Move the carriage so that the front end of the tool is positioned above the bed rail.
- **5.** Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom edge of the tool.
- **6.** Loosen one set screw at the side of the blade guide assembly.
- **7.** Use the set screws shown to tilt the blade guide until the measurement from the bed rail to the tool equals the first measurement taken at the center of the tool.

See Figure 5-16.

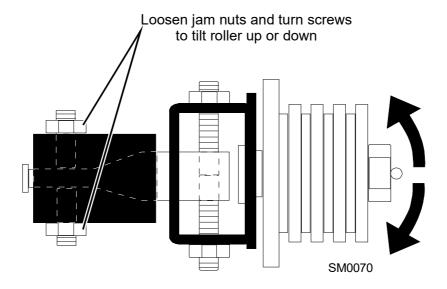


FIG. 5-16

- **8.** Move the carriage forward so the back end of the tool is over the bed rail.
- **9.** Use the set screws shown to adjust the blade guide tilt until the measurement from the bed rail to the tool equals the other two measurements taken.
- 10. Move the tool close to the other blade guide and repeat the previous steps.

NOTE: If major adjustments to blade guide tilt were made, measure the distance between the blade and the bed rails again to ensure the correct 1/4" (6.5 mm) blade guide deflection. Adjust if necessary.

5.10 Blade Guide Spacing

HINT: When adjusting blade guide spacing, loosen the top set screw and one side set screw only. This will ensure horizontal and vertical tilt adjustments are maintained when the set screws are retightened.

- **1.** Adjust the inner blade guide so the blade guide flange is approximately 3.0 mm from the back of the blade.
- **2.** Loosen one side and one top set screw shown. Tap the blade guide forward or backward until properly positioned.

See Figure 5-17.

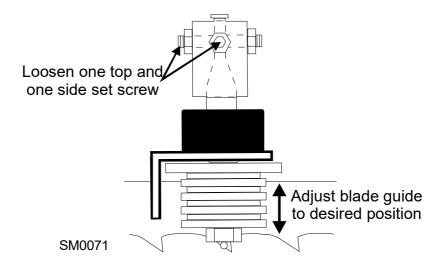


FIG. 5-17

- 3. Retighten the two set screws.
- **4.** Adjust the outer blade guide in the same way so the blade guide flange is approximately 3.0 mm from the back of the blade.

5.11 Horizontal Tilt Adjustment

1. Finally, both blade guides must be tilted horizontally. Adjust the blade guide arm halfway in

See Figure 5-18.

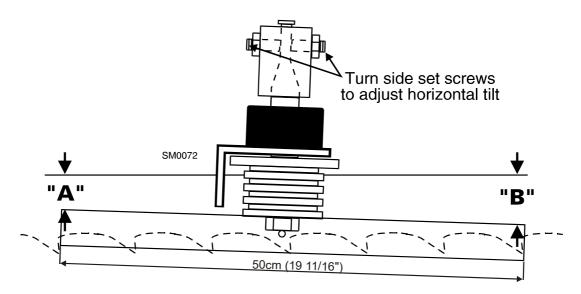


FIG. 5-18

- 2. Place the Blade Guide Alignment Tool against the face of the outer blade guide roller.
- **3.** Center the tool on the roller and measure between the back edge of the blade and the ruler at the end closest to the inner blade guide ("B").
- 4. Measure between the back edge of the blade and the other end of the ruler ("A").
- **5.** The roller should be parallel to the blade (A=B) or tilted slightly to the left (A=B-1.4" [6 mm]).
- **6.** Use the side set screws to adjust the horizontal tilt of the roller.
- **7.** Repeat steps 3-7 for the inner blade guide roller.

NOTE: Once the blade guides have been adjusted, any cutting variances are most likely caused by the blade. **See the Blade Handbook, Form #600.**

5.12 Horizontal Adjustment of Side Supports

Logs and boards are clamped against the side supports when sawing. The sides supports must be square to the bed to ensure square lumber.

- 1. Swing the side support down.
- **2.** Measure between the face of the support and the main bed tube. Make measurements at both ends of the side support to make sure that it is parallel to the rail.

See Figure 5-19.

- 3. Use the two lower bolts to adjust the side support so B=A or +1/32" (0.8 mm).
- **4.** Repeat for remaining side supports.

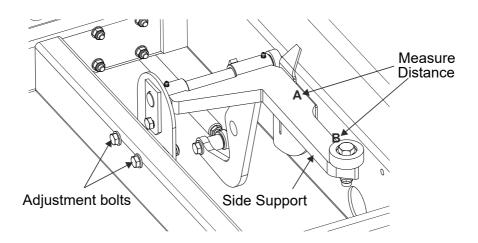


FIG. 5-19

5.13 Vertical Adjustment of Side Supports

- 1. Place a flat board across the bed rails.
- **2.** Swing a side support up so that it is vertical.
- **3.** Pull back at the top of the support to eliminate slack as if a log were being clamped against it.

See Figure 5-20.

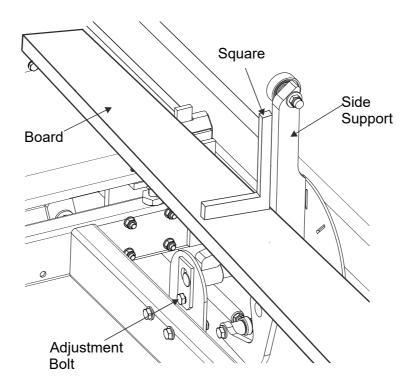


FIG. 5-20

- 4. Check the angle of each support with a square on the board.
- **5.** The side support should be 90° to the bed rails or leaning forward 1/32" (0.8 mm). Loosen the top adjustment bolt, adjust the side support, and retighten the bolt.
- 6. Repeat for the remaining side supports.

5.14 Clamp Stop/Stop Bolt Adjustment

- 1. Once the side supports are aligned, pivot them down to their horizontal position.
- 2. Tie a string across the face of the side supports.

See Figure 5-21.

3. Loosen the clamp stop bolts and adjust the clamp stop until it touches the string. Loosen the jam nut and adjust the bolt on the middle-rear bed rail until it touches the string.

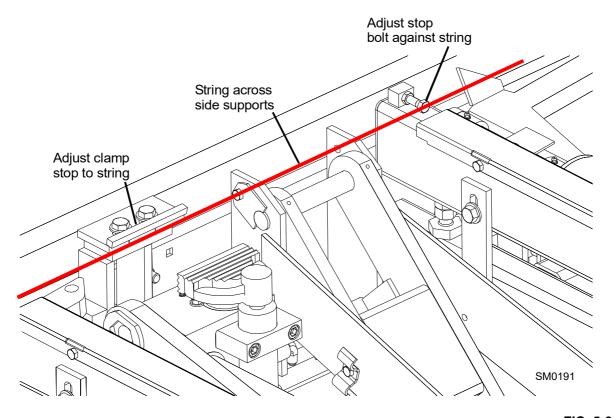


FIG. 5-21

5.15 Saw Head Tilt

As the blade enters a wide log or cant, the outside of the saw head will drop down slightly. To compensate for the drop, use the lower track roller horizontal bolts to raise the outside of the saw head 1/16" (1.5 mm).

- 1. Move the saw head so the blade is positioned 14 3/4" (375 mm) above a bed rail.
- **2.** Adjust the lower track roller horizontal nuts until the blade measures 14 13/16" (376.5 mm) from the bed rail near the outer blade guide.

See Figure 5-22.

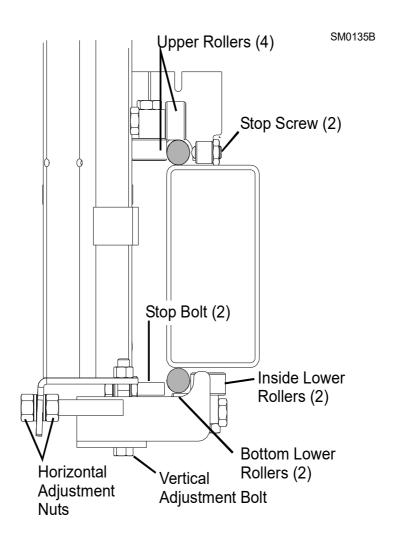


FIG. 5-22

5.16 Blade Height Scale Adjustment

After the entire sawmill has been aligned and all adjustments made, check that the blade height scale indicates the true distance from the blade to the bed rails.

1. Move the saw head so the blade is positioned directly above one of the bed rails. Measure from the bottom edge on a down-set tooth of the blade to the top of the bed rail (or stainless steel sleeve if applicable).

See Figure 5-23.

2. View the blade height scale with eyes level with the indicator.

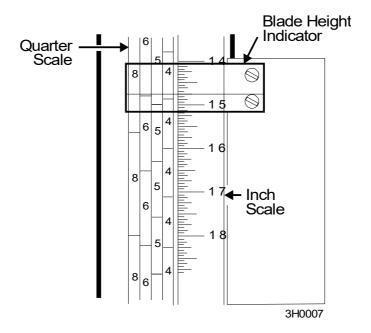


FIG. 5-23

3. Loosen the indicator bracket mounting bolts and adjust the bracket until the indicator is aligned with the correct mark on the scale (+0 -1/32 [0.8 mm]). Retighten the bracket mounting nut.

For example, if the measurement from blade to bed rail was 14 3/4" (375 mm), make sure the indicator reads 14 3/4" (375 mm) on the scale.

SECTION 6 HYDRAULIC INFORMATION

6.1 LT 40/70L DH Hydraulic Schematic

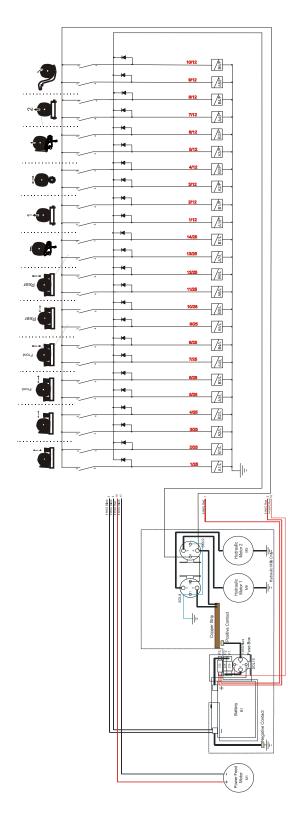


FIG. 6-1 HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC



Hydraulic Information

LT 40/70L DH Hydraulic Schematic

Log Loader -

Middle Toe Board -

Clamp In/Out -

Turner -

Side Supports -

Front Pull-Down Clamp, In/Out -

Front Pull-Down Clamp, Up/Down -

Rear Toe Board -

Front Toe-Board -

Rear Pull-Down Clamp, In/Out -

Rear Pull-Down Clamp, Up/Down -

Clamp Up/Down -

6-2 60HDdoc112023 Hydraulic Information



6.2 LT 40/70L DH Hydraulic Hoses

See Table 6-1.

ID	Color Code	LENGTH "A"	Application	QTY.	Wood-Mizer Part No.
H1.	-	0,65m	Hose 3/8" Section Link	1	089844
H2.	Red	0,43m	Hose 3/8" Section To Oil Flow Divider.	1	089845
Н3.	Orange	2,8m	Hose 3/8" Middle Log Clamp, IN/OUT Cylinder (Clamp OUT)	1	089846
H4.	White	3,0m	Hose 3/8" Middle Log Clamp, IN/OUT Cylinder (Clamp IN)	1	089847
H5.	None/Pin k	5,4m	Hose 3/8" Side Support	2	089848
Н6.	Brown/ Lilac	4,1m	Hose 3/8" From Side Support Valve to 2nd Log Turner	2	089849
H7	Yellow	1,8m	Hose 3/8" 3rd Log Loader Cylinder (Single Loading Arm) Bottom To Oil Flow Divider	1	089850
Н8	Blue	0,72m	Hose 3/8" Section Valve To 1st Tee Connector (Next To Log Turner).	1	089851
Н9	Green/Ye Ilow Green	1,2m	Hose 3/8" 3rd Tee Connector To 2nd Log Loader Cylinder Top/Bottom 3/8" 1ST Tee Connector To 3rd Log Loader Cylinder Top	3	089852
H10	Red	2,0m	Hose 3/8" Oil Flow Divider To 2nd Tee Connector	1	089853
H11	Yellow	2,1m	Hose 3/8" 2nd Tee Connector To 1st Log Loader Cylinder Bottom	1	089854
H12	Blue	1,6m	Hose 3/8" 1st Tee Connector To 3rd Tee Connector	1	089855
H13	Green	1,9m	Hose 3/8" 3rd Tee Connector to 1st Log Loader Cylinder Top		089856
H14		0,7m	Hose 1/4" DC Hydraulic Unit	1	089857
H15		0,25m	Hose 1/4" DC Hydraulic Unit	1	089858
H16	Lilac/ Black	2,55m	Hose 1/4" 3rd Toe Board	2	089859
H17	Lilac/ Black	0,85m	Hose 1/4" 2nd Toe Board	2	089860
H18	Brown/Sil ver	4,7m	Hose 1/4" 1st Toe Board	2	089861
H19	Yellow	3,85m	Hose 1/4" Middle Log Clamp, UP/DOWN Cylinder Bottom	1	089862
H20	Green	3,95m			089863
H21	Orange	4,2m	Hose 1/4" 1st Log Clamp IN/OUT (Clamp OUT) 1 089864		089864
H22	White	4,4m	Hose 1/4" Log Clamp IN/OUT (Clamp IN) 1 089865		089865
H23	Blue/Red	4,9m	Hose 1/4" 1st Clamp Up/Down 2		089866

TABLE 6-2



Hydraulic Information *LT 40/70L DH Hydraulic Hoses*

H24	White/Or ange	2,7m	Hose 1/4" 3rd Clamp In/Out	2	089867
H25	Blue/Red	0,6m	Hose 1/4" 3rd Clamp Up/Down	2	089868

TABLE 6-2

6-4 Hydraulic Information 60 HD doc 112023



PORTABLE SAWMILLS INDUSTRIAL SAWMILLS **BLADES & BLADE MAINTENANCE**

EC declaration of conformity according to EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Annex II, 1.A

Manufacturer:

Wood-Mizer Industries sp. z o.o. Nagórna 114, 62-600 Koło; Poland Tel. +48 63 26 26 000

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer.

Following machine in our delivered version complies with the appropriate essential safety and health nts of the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC hased on its design and tu lid.

•	machine, not agreed by us, this declaration is no longer val
We, the undersigned herewith declare, the	at:
Designation of the machine:	Sawmill
Type:	LT40
Serial Number:	
Is in conformity with the following EC directives:	EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
And is in conformity with the following Harmonized Standards:	PN-EN 1807-2: 2013-08 PN-EN ISO 13849-1:2016-02 PN-EN 60204-1:2018-12
Notified Body according to annex IV :	Sieć Badawcza Łukasiewicz INSTYTUT TECHNOLOGII DREWNA Centrum Certyfikacji Wyrobów Przemysłu Drzewnego Winiarska 1, 60-654 Poznań
Notification No:	1583
EC type - examination certificate no:	0758/2020
Responsible for Technical Documentation:	Piotr Adamiec / Engineering Manager Wood-Mizer Industries Sp. z o.o. 62-600 Koło, ul. Nagórna 114, Poland Tel. +48 63 26 26 000
Place / Date / Authorized Signature	Koło, 14.02.2020 Adam
Title:	Engineering Manager