

# user manual

Instrukcja obsługi | Руководство полъзователя Manuel de l'Utilisateur | Betriebsanweisung Bruksanvisning | Manual del Usuario Betjeningsvejledning | Gebruikershandleiding Käyttöohjeet | Manual de utilizare | Bruksanvisning Manuale d'uso | Příručka uživatele

Retain for future use Zachować do przyszłego użytku Сохраните для последующего и с п о л ь з о в а н и я A conserver pour une utilisation future Für zukünftige Benutzung aufbewahren Behold for senere bruk Säilytä nämä käyttöohjeet tulevaa tarvetta marten Opbevar manualen til fremtidig brug Bewaren voor gebruik in de toekomst Conservare il presente manuale a l'uso futuro Pästrați acest manual pentru utilizare viitoare Conservar para futuras consultas Behall för framtida användning Uchovejte pro další použití

# Wood-Mizer<sup>®</sup> Sawmill

Safety, Setup, Operation & Maintenance Manual

#### LT40AC Series MH

rev. D3.04

**Safety is our #1 concern!** Read and understand all safety information and instructions before operating, setting up or maintaining this machine.

November 1998

Form #922

This manual is to replace or to be used with all previous information received on the Wood-Mizer<sup>®</sup>\* sawmill. All future mailings will be an addition to or a revision of individual sections of this manual as we obtain new information.

The information and instructions given in this manual do not amend or extend the limited warranties for the equipment given at the time of purchase.

#### If You Need To Order Parts...

From Europe call our European Headquarters and Manufacturing Facility in Kolo, Poland at **+48-63-2626000** or **+48-3912-1319**. From the continental U.S., call our toll-free Parts hotline at **1-800-448-7881**. Please have the vehicle identification number and your customer number ready when you call. Wood-Mizer will accept these methods of payment:

- Visa, Mastercard, or Select Purchase
- COD
- Prepayment
- Net 15 (with approved credit)

Be aware that shipping and handling charges may apply. Handling charges are based on size and quantity of order. In most cases, items will ship on the day they are ordered. Second Day and Next Day shipping are available at additional cost.

#### If You Need Service...

From Europe call our European Headquarters and Manufacturing Facility in Kolo, Poland at **+48-63-2626000** or **+48-3912-1319**. From the continental U.S., call us toll-free at **1-800-525-8100**. Ask to speak with a Customer Service Representative. Please have your vehicle identification number and your customer number ready when you call. The Service Representative can help you with questions about alignment of your mill, blade sharpening, or cutting a particular species of wood. He also can schedule you for a service call.

**Office Hours:** All times are Eastern Standard Time. Please remember that Indiana does not go on Daylight Savings Time in the summer.

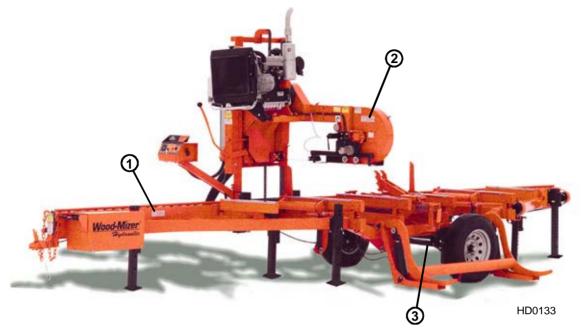
| Country       | Monday - Friday     | Saturday         | Sunday |
|---------------|---------------------|------------------|--------|
| U.S., Indiana | 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.    | 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. | Closed |
| Poland        | 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. | 8 a.m. to 1 p.m. | Closed |

**IMPORTANT!** Read the entire Operator's Manual before operating the sawmill. Take notice of all safety warnings throughout this manual and those posted on the machine. Keep this manual with this machine at all times, regardless of ownership.

\*Wood-Mizer<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Wood-Mizer Products, Inc.

#### Sawmill and Customer Identification

Each Wood-Mizer sawmill has a 17-digit Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). See the figure below for VIN locations. See the chart for VIN description.



V.I.N. LOCATIONS.

| Company Identification Number<br>456=Wood-Mizer Indiana         Meight Class; A=Under 3,000 lbs B=3,001-4,000 lbs<br>C=4,001-5000 lbs         Weight Class; A=Under 3,000 lbs B=3,001-4,000 lbs         Product No.; 1=LT15, 2=LT20, 4=LT40 Series,<br>7=LT70 Series         Length of the Trailer;<br>20=20 Ft., 24=24', 35=35'         Number of axles on the trailer;<br>20=20 Ft., 24=24', 35=35'         Number of axles on the trailer         Y=2001, Z=2003, B=2004, C=2005, D=2006         State of Manufacture;<br>Y=2001, Z=2003, B=2004, C=2005, D=2006         State of Manufacture         Month of Manufacture         A=January, B=February, C=March, etc         Revision Level | Sequence Number<br>Ranging from 000-999 | End of 17-Digit VIN<br>Revision Level (Repeated) | Two-Digit Minor Revision Level |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 456 A 4 24 1 X S N A F9                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 017                                     | F9                                               | .01                            |

Each sawmill is also identified with a model number which includes the base model and the engine/motor configuration. See the figure for a description of the model number.



#### MODEL NUMBER DESCRIPTION.

When you pick up your mill, you will receive a customer number. Both the VIN and your customer number expedite our service to you. Please write these numbers below so you have quick, easy access to them.

| Customer No. | Model No. | V.I.N. | Revision |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|
|              |           |        |          |

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# SECTION 1 SAFETY & GENERAL INFORMATION

This symbol calls your attention to instructions concerning your personal safety. Be sure to observe and follow these instructions. This symbol accompanies a signal word. The word **DANGER** indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. **WARNING** suggests a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. **CAUTION** refers to potentially hazardous situations which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury to persons or equipment. Read all safety instructions before operating this equipment and observe all safety warnings!

Warning stripes are placed on areas where a single decal would be insufficient. To avoid serious injury, keep out of the path of any equipment marked with warning stripes.

Read and observe all safety instructions before operating this equipment! Also read any additional manufacturer's manuals and observe any applicable safety instructions including dangers, warnings, and cautions.

Always be sure that all safety decals are clean and readable. Replace all damaged safety decals to prevent personal injury or damage to the equipment. Contact your local distributor, or call your Customer Service Representative to order more decals.

**IMPORTANT!** It is always the owner's responsibility to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations regarding the ownership, operation and towing of your Wood-Mizer sawmill. All Wood-Mizer mill owners are encouraged to become thoroughly familiar with these applicable laws and comply with them fully while using or towing the mill.

Always properly dispose of all sawing by-products, including sawdust and other debris, coolant, oil, fuel, oil filters and fuel filters.

Safety instructions are listed in this section by the following operations:

- Blade Handling
- Sawmill Setup
- Sawmill Operation
- Sawmill Maintenance

### 1.1 Blade Handling

**DANGER!** Shut off the sawmill motor before changing the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

WARNING! Always wear gloves and eye protection when handling bandsaw blades. Changing blades is safest when done by one person! Keep all other persons away from area when coiling, carrying or changing a blade. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.



**WARNING!** Do not spin the blade wheels by hand. Spinning the blade wheels by hand may result in serious injury.



# Safety & General Information

Sawmill Setup

### 1.2 Sawmill Setup

**WARNING!** Chock the trailer wheels to prevent movement before unhitching it from the towing vehicle. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

**WARNING!** Failure to put front outrigger down before moving cutting head from the rest position may result in serious injury.

**WARNING!** Securely fasten the feet of a stationary sawmill to the floor before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

**WARNING!** Always make sure the trailer is supporting the sawmill frame when operating a sawmill with adjustable outriggers. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death. The adjustable outriggers are intended to support the saw frame with assistance from the trailer.

**WARNING!** Do not set up the mill on ground with more than a 10 degree incline. If setup on an incline is necessary, put blocks under one side of the mill or dig out areas for outrigger legs to keep mill level. Setting up the mill on an incline could cause it to tip over, resulting in serious personal injury.

**CAUTION!** Changes in temperature could cause increased pressure in the blade tensioner and loss of fluid from the gauge. Release the blade tension when the mill is not in use to avoid damage to the tensioner.

### 1.3 Sawmill Operation

**DANGER!** Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

**DANGER!** Always keep hands away from moving bandsaw blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



**DANGER!** Stay clear of the area between the trailer axle and saw carriage. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

**DANGER!** Keep all persons out of the path of moving equipment and logs when operating sawmill or loading and turning logs. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

**DANGER!** Maintain a clean and clear path for all necessary movement around the mill and lumber stacking areas. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

**DANGER!** Always be sure the blade is disengaged and all persons are out of the path of the blade before starting the engine or motor. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

**DANGER!** Keep all persons out of the path of returning boards. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



**WARNING!** Always wear eye, ear, respiration, and foot protection when operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

**WARNING!** Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the (#1) or (#2) position. This prevents accidental carriage movement which may cause serious injury or death.



**WARNING!** Secure all loose clothing and jewelry before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.



**WARNING!** Always make sure log is clamped securely before sawing. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

**WARNING!** The automatic board return is intended to assist a second operator in removing boards quickly. Do not use the board return when operating the sawmill alone. Serious injury, death or damage to the equipment may result.

**WARNING!** Never use the board return table as a platform to stand on. This table is designed and intended to assist in the removal of boards only. Standing on the table may result in serious injury.

**WARNING!** Use ONLY water with the water lube accessory. Never use flammable fuels or liquids. If these types of liquids are necessary to clean the blade, remove it and clean with a rag. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

**CAUTION!** Be sure the pivot rails, turning arm, clamp, and toe boards are below bed level before loading a log onto the bed. Failure to do so may result in machine damage or cause misalignment.

**CAUTION!** Before loading a log, be sure the cutting head is moved far enough forward so the log does not hit it. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

**CAUTION!** Do not try to force the saw head beyond its upper and lower travel limits. Damage to the up/down system may result.

**CAUTION!** Always make sure the up/down switch moves to the neutral or off position when released to ensure that the saw head stops moving. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

**CAUTION!** If the weight of the sawmill exceeds 3,000 lbs (1361 Kg) for any reason, an auxiliary braking system (such as electric brakes) must be used. Failure to do so may result in severe machine damage.

**CAUTION!** Be sure to stop the blade when returning the carriage. This will not only prevent the blade from being



pulled off and ruined by a wood sliver, but also will increase the life of the blade.



**DANGER!** Any arbitrary repairs of the electric installation could result in serious injury or death.

**DANGER!** Any damaged electric parts, especially the wires supplying the power feed motors must be repaired by a qualified electrician.

**DANGER!** Any repairs done to the electric installation may be done by a qualified electrician with the power off.

**DANGER!** The electric connector must be equipped with a safety device to protect against shock.

**DANGER!** The electric connector must be installed by a qualified electrician.

**DANGER!** Do not operate the sawmill with an open electric box.

**DANGER!** In the event that water appears in the electric box further work on the sawmill may result in electric shock as well as damage to the power feed motor.

**DANGER!** The electric box door must always be closed, even when the sawmill is not in use.

**DANGER!** Always disconnect the power when the sawmill has been not in use for a long period.

**DANGER!** Any maintenance or repair must be done with the power off (the plug must be taken out of the outlet).

**DANGER!** Maintain a clean and clear path for all necessary movement around the mill and lumber stacking areas. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

**CAUTION!** Be sure all safety plates are clean and readable. For new safety plates please contact your local distributor.

**CAUTION!** Log clamp have to be fully open before towing. Failure to do so may result in damage to log clamp assem-



bly during transportation.

**CAUTION!** The sawmill's work-stand should be equipped with a 4 kg or bigger dry powder extinguisher.

**WARNING!** Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the up/down chain. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

**WARNING!** Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the mast pads. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

**WARNING!** Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before removing the up/down motor belt. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

**WARNING!** Drum switch grease contains Petroleum Hydrocarbon Lubricant. Eye and skin irritant. If introduced into eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If film or irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water. If ingested, do not induce vomiting - contact a physician. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

**CAUTION!** Do not over-grease the blade guide bearings. Over-greasing will push the seals out of the bearings causing premature failure.

**CAUTION!** Reinstall the track wiper so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

**CAUTION!** Never use grease on the mast rails as it will collect sawdust.

**CAUTION!** Do not use chain lube. It causes sawdust buildup in chain links.

**CAUTION!** Do not over-tension the up/down chain. Over-tensioning may lead to early failure of the gear reducer.

**CAUTION!** Do not overtighten the feed chain. Damage to the power feed motor may result.

**CAUTION!** Due to variations in the vertical mast, the pad spacing may vary throughout the travel of the saw head. Check the pad spacing at the top and bottom ends of the mast only. Pads adjusted too tight will cause premature up/down motor failure.

**CAUTION!** It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the carriage on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

**CAUTION!** Failure to remove sawdust buildup from the battery box lid and/or track rail cover could result in damage to these parts when the saw head is lowered to its lowest position. **See Table 1-1.** Pictogram decals used to warn and inform the user about danger in the LT40.

| Decal View | W-M No. | Description                                                                                                                                         |
|------------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|            | 096317  | CAUTION! Read thoroughly the manual<br>before operating the machine. Observe all<br>safety instructions and rules when<br>operating the sawmill.    |
|            | 099220  | CAUTION! Close all guards and covers<br>before starting the machine.                                                                                |
|            | 099219  | Blade tension. Turning the bolt clockwise<br>will increase the blade tension and turning<br>the bolt counterclockwise will decrease the<br>tension. |



| Image: Constraint of the second s | 099223 | Blade tension - See manual.                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 099221 | CAUTION! Keep all persons a safe<br>distance away from work area when<br>operating the machine. |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 098176 | CAUTION! Keep away from debarker<br>blade!                                                      |



| 096316 | CAUTION! Do not open or close the<br>electric box when the switch <b>is not</b> in the<br>"0" position. |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 096319 | CAUTION! Disconnect power supply<br>before opening the box.                                             |
| 099222 | CAUTION! Sawdust outlet. Protect eyes!                                                                  |
| 099542 | CAUTION! Trailer.                                                                                       |



| 096321                | 096321  | Blade movement direction                                                 |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Entropy of the second | S12004G | CAUTION! Always wear safety goggles<br>when operating the sawmill!       |
|                       | S12005G | CAUTION! Always wear protective ear<br>muffs when operating the sawmill! |
| P11789/PL             | P11789  | Aligning the blade on the wheels                                         |
| CE                    | P85070  | CE safety certification                                                  |



| <b>CCC</b><br>A R O 4 | 099401  | Russian safety certification        |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| 2930 RPM<br>520097E   | S20097E | 2930 RPM - Motor rotation direction |

**Safety & General Information** *Towing sawmill* 

## 1.5 Towing sawmill

**CAUTION!** Check if towing assembly is securely fastened. Always be sure that safety chains are secured.

- 1. Check all lights and signals for correct operation.
- 2. Check overruning brake and adjust if necessary.
- 3. Always check trailer tires for proper inflation before towing.

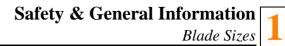
### 1.6 Belt Sizes

See Table 1-2. Belt sizes for the LT40 Series MH are shown.

| Description                         | Belt Size        | Wood-Mizer<br>Part # |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Blade Pulley Belts                  | B57 <sup>1</sup> | P04185               |
| Power Feed Drive Belt               | AX13X1000        | 086532               |
| Up/Down Drive Belt                  | AX23             | 015257               |
| Board Return Belt                   | 3L190            | 015477               |
| Motor Drive Belt EA20 & EA25 (50Hz) | 3BX74            | 014249               |

**TABLE 1-2** 

<sup>1</sup> To insure proper blade tracking, use Goodyear, Dayco Super II, or Browning belts only.



### 1.7 Blade Sizes

**See Table 1-3.** Wood-Mizer TRU•SHARP<sup>™</sup> offers three types of blades to provide efficient sawing for all models of sawmills. The engine/motor size of your sawmill and the type of wood you saw should determine which blade you choose for optimum performance.

|                                                           | Softwood                   | Medium<br>Hardwood                                                    | Frozen Timber or<br>Dense Hardwood |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 5-15HP Gas                                                | B275IH1030<br>B275IH741030 | B375IH929                                                             | B375IH929 <sup>1</sup>             |
| 7.4-11kW (10-15HP) Electric<br>16-24HP Gas<br>30HP Diesel | B376lH1030<br>B376lH741030 | B275IH1030<br>B275IH741030<br>B376IH1030<br>B376IH741030 <sup>2</sup> | B375IH929 <sup>1</sup>             |
| 15-18.5kW (20-25HP) Electric<br>40HP Diesel               | B376lH1030<br>B376lH741030 | B275IH1030<br>B275IH741030<br>B376IH1030<br>B376IH741030 <sup>2</sup> | B375IH929 <sup>1</sup>             |

#### TABLE 1-3

<sup>1</sup> TRU•SHARP<sup>™</sup> "F" blades use a 9/29 profile (9° hook angle and 29° back angle) and are designed to cut frozen and/or extremely dense, hard-to-cut wood. Standard TRU•SHARP<sup>™</sup> blades use a 10/30 profile.

<sup>2</sup> Customer may choose preferred blade.

See The Blade Handbook for blade hook angle, tooth height, and tooth set specifications.



# Safety & General Information

Cutting Capacity

### **1.8 Cutting Capacity**

See Table 1-4. The log size capacities of the LT40 Series MH sawmills are listed below.

|                                | Max.                  | Max.                |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
|                                | Diameter <sup>1</sup> | Length <sup>1</sup> |
| LT40 S MH                      | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 16' 8" (5.1 m)      |
| LT40 M MH                      | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 21' (6.4 m)         |
| LT40 S MH with Optional 6' Bed | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 22' 8" (6.9 m)      |
| Extension <sup>2</sup>         |                       |                     |
| LT40 M MH with Optional 6' Bed | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 27' (8.2 m)         |
| Extension <sup>2</sup>         |                       |                     |
| LT40 S MH with Optional 12'    | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 28' 8" (8.7 m)      |
| Bed Extension <sup>2</sup>     |                       |                     |
| LT40 M MH with Optional 12'    | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 33' (10.1 m)        |
| Bed Extension <sup>2</sup>     |                       |                     |
| LT40 S MH with Optional 24'    | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 40' 8" (12.4 m)     |
| Bed Extension <sup>2</sup>     |                       |                     |
| LT40 M MH with Optional 24'    | 36" (91.5 cm)         | 45' (13.7 m)        |
| Bed Extension <sup>2</sup>     |                       |                     |
|                                |                       |                     |

TABLE 1-4

<sup>1</sup> Maximum log capacity for a basic mill is 4400 lbs. (1996 Kg).

<sup>2</sup> Logs over 4400 lbs. must be distributed so that neither the basic mill or extension is loaded beyond the 4400 lb. maximum weight rating. Loading logs heavier than 4400 lbs. (1996 Kg.) on a mill equipped with bed extension requires auxiliary log handling equipment.

**See Table 1-5.** The performance capacity of the LT40 Series sawmills is listed below. Peak cutting rates are measured in 12" (30 cm) wide red oak and represent the capability of the sawmill only. Rates based on using Tru-Sharp  $1 \frac{1}{2}$ " x .045 blades.

| Model          | Blade speed | Cutting Rate |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| LT40 Series MH | 28 m/s      | 15 m/min.    |

## 1.9 Motor Specifications

**See Table 1-6.** The power options available for the LT40 Series MH . sawmills are listed below.

| Model                            | Manufacturer        | Rated output     | Current at<br>380V, 50Hz | Rated speed | Weight |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------|
| 2Sg160M-2B HPS<br>Motor, Tamel   | Tamel SA,<br>Poland | 15kW<br>(20KM)   | 28,1 A                   | 2930 RPM    | 117 Kg |
| 1LA7166-2AA60Z<br>Motor, Siemens | Siemens,<br>Germany | 18.5kW<br>(25KM) | 33,8 A                   | 2930 RPM    | 135 Kg |

TABLE 1-6

**See Table 1-7.** The other motors used in sawmills are listed below

| Model                                             | Manufacturer                  | Voltage | Rated output                 |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| Power Feed Motor<br>controlled by ALTIVAR (Super) | Besel, Poland                 | 3x380V  | 1,1 kW, 1380 RPM             |
| Up/Down Motor<br>(2-Speed, Super only)            | Besel, Poland                 | 3x380V  | 0,55/0,9 kW,<br>950/1400 RPM |
| Blade Guide Arm Motor                             | Motor Products<br>Owosso, USA | 12V     | 17W, 60 RPM                  |

#### TABLE 1-7

**Patrz tabela 1-8.** See the table below for power supply specifications for the LT40 sawmill

|                      | 3-Phase<br>Volts | Fused<br>Disconnect<br>Switch | Recommended<br>Wire Size                     |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 15kW<br>(EA20)       | 400 VAC          | 32 A                          | 6 mm <sup>2</sup><br>up to 15 m of length    |
| 18,5kW<br>(EA25)     | 400 VAC          | 40 A                          | 6 mm <sup>2</sup><br>up to 15 m of length    |
| Hydraulika<br>(+4kW) | 400 VAC          | +10A                          | +1,5 mm <sup>2</sup><br>up to 15 m of length |

TABELA 1-0



**DANGER!** It is recommended that a 30mA Ground Fault Interrupter (GFI) be used.



#### **Safety & General Information** *Noise Level*

### 1.10 Noise Level

Patrz tabela 1-9. The average noise level is given in the table below<sup>12</sup>.

| Sawmill    | Noise Level L <sub>EX8</sub> |
|------------|------------------------------|
| LT40AE15AH | 77,1 dB (A)                  |
| LT40AE20AH | 78,0 dB (A)                  |
| LT40AE25AH | 86,2 dB (A)                  |

TABELA 1-9

<sup>1.</sup> The noise level measurement was taken in accordance with PN-EN ISO 3746 Standard. The noise exposure level given above concerns an 8-hour work day 2. The measured values refer to emission levels, not necessarily to noise levels in the workplace. Although there is a relation between emission levels and exposure levels, it is not possible to determine with certainty if preventives are needed or are not needed. The factors affecting a current level of noise exposure during work are inter alia room characteristics and characteristics of other noise sources, e.g. number of machines and machining operations nearby. Also, the permissible exposure level value may vary depending on country. This information enables the machine's user to better identify hazards and a risk.



### 1.11 Overall Dimensions

**See Table 1-10.** The overall dimensions of the Wood-Mizer LT40 Series MH sawmills are listed below.

| Model     | Length <sup>1</sup> | Width <sup>2</sup> | With<br>(Operating Position<br>with Loading Arms) | Height <sup>3</sup> | Weight <sup>4</sup> | Weight<br>w/Trailer |
|-----------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| LT40 S MH | 21' 11"<br>(6.7 m)  | 6' 6"<br>(2 m)     | 11' 5"<br>(3.5 m)                                 | 7' 8"<br>(2.4 m)    | lbs.                | lbs.                |
| LT40 M MH | 26' 2"<br>(8 m)     | 6' 6"<br>(2 m)     | 11' 5"<br>(3.5 m)                                 | 7' 8"<br>(2.4 m)    | lbs.                | lbs.                |

**TABLE 1-10** 

<sup>1</sup> Length from hitch to chain bracket.

 $^{2}$  Width from fender to fender.

<sup>3</sup> Height from ground to mast. Placing head in maximum position will add to total height.

<sup>4</sup> Weight will increase when sawmill will be equipped with additional acessories, like Remote or debarker.

### 1.12 Chains

See Table 1-11. The load capacity of the chains is listed below.

|                  | Load Capacity According to ISO Nr 08A-1 |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Power Feed Chain | 1780N                                   |
| Up/Down Chain    | 1780N                                   |

**TABLE 1-11** 

### 1.13 Sawdust Extractor Specifications

Patrz tabela 1-1. The dust extractor specifications are given below.

| Maximum Capacity                               | 1200 m <sup>3</sup> /h |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Collector Inlet Diameters (in<br>front of fan) | 150 mm                 |
| Motor Power                                    | 1,5 kW                 |
| Number of Sacks for Waste                      | 1 pcs                  |
|                                                |                        |

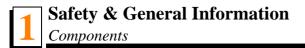
TABELA 1-1



Sawdust Extractor Specifications

| Total Capacity of Sacks                        | 0.25 m <sup>3</sup> |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Weight                                         | 110 kg              |
| Conveying Speed When 10 m<br>Long Hose Is Used | 20 m/s              |

TABELA 1-1



### 1.14 Components

**See Figure 1-1.** The major components of the Wood-Mizer LT40 Series MH are shown below.

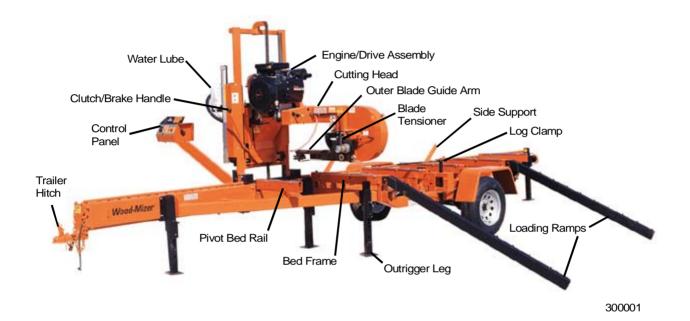


FIG. 1-1













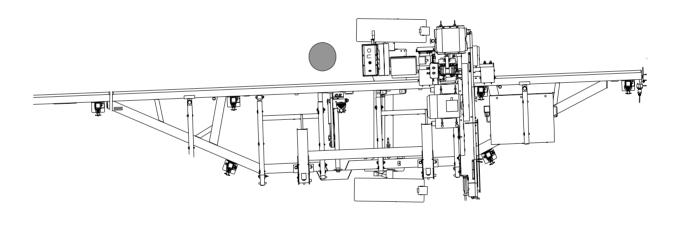
# **SECTION 2 SETUP & OPERATION**

### 2.1 Sawmill Setup

**IMPORTANT!** Before starting to use the sawmill you have to meet the following conditions:

Set up the sawmill on firm and level ground.

- The sawmill can be operated with the sawdust collection system only.
- The sawmill can be operated under roof only.
- ■The sawmill can be operated in temperature range from 5<sup>o</sup> C to 40<sup>o</sup> C only.
- The sawmill operator's position is shown below.



Have a qualified electrician install the power supply (according to EN 60204 Standard). The power supply must meet the specifications given in the table below.

| 3-Phase<br>Volts | Fuse disconnect | Suggested Wire Size                  |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| 400 VAC          | 40 A            | 6 mm <sup>2</sup><br>up to 15 m long |

TABLE 2-0

**IMPORTANT!** When starting the machine for the first time, check that main motor rotation direction is as indicated by the arrow located on the motor body (fan guard). If the rotation direction is incorrect, invert the phases in the phase inverter in the power socket (electric box). Setting the phases in the phase inverter correctly will ensure correct rotation directions of all sawmill motors.

## 2.2 Stationary Sawmill Setup

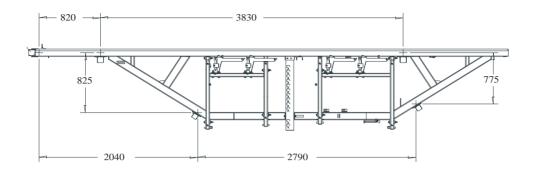
**See Figure 2-1.** Set up the mill on firm footing and level by eye. Fasten the mill to the floor to prevent any creep after prolonged use. A cement pad with 5/8" diameter anchor bolts is recommended. The cement pad should be rated to support 6350 lbs./sq.ft. at each sawmill foot position.

**NOTE:** Make sure the unit is level before securing. It IS possible to twist the mill frame by jacking one foot higher than the others.

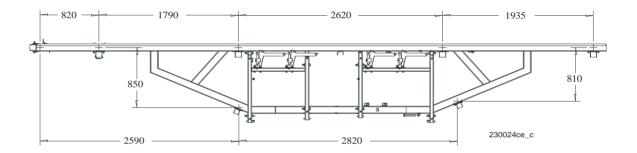


**WARNING!** Securely fasten the feet of a stationary sawmill to the floor before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.





#### LT40S MH Stationary Metric Dimensions\*



LT40M MH Stationary Metric Dimensions\*

\*All dimensions in millimetres

FIG. 2-1

4. Unhook the carriage safety chain, located at the bottom of the vertical mast.

5. Turn the key switch on the control panel to the accessory (#1) position to enable accessories. Use the up/down switch on the control panel to raise the cutting head from the carriage rest pin. Swing the rest pin down below bed level.



Use the carriage forward/reverse switch (left side of control box) to move the cutting head toward the front end of the mill. Raise the two side supports that will prevent a log from falling off the side of the mill when loaded.

See Figure 2-2.

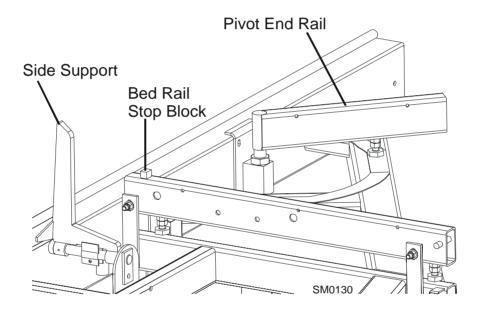


FIG. 2-2



### 2.3 Portable Sawmill Setup

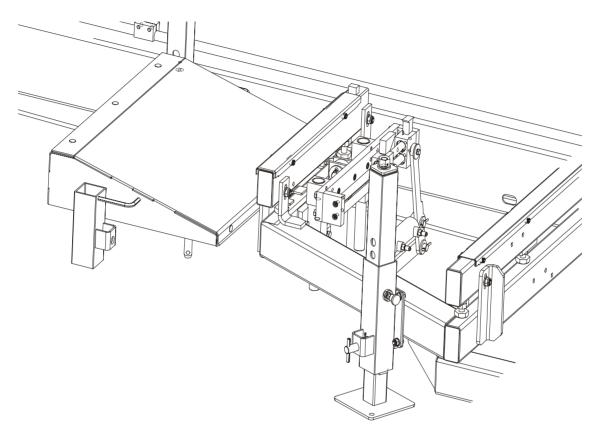
**WARNING!** Do not set up the mill on ground with more than a 10 degree incline. If setup on an incline is necessary, put blocks under one side of the mill or dig out areas for outrigger legs to keep mill level. Setting up the mill on an incline could cause it to tip over, resulting in serious personal injury.

**WARNING!** Chock the trailer wheels to prevent movement before unhitching it from the towing vehicle. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

**WARNING!** Always make sure the trailer is supporting the sawmill frame when operating a sawmill with adjustable outriggers. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death. The adjustable outriggers are intended to support the saw frame with assistance from the trailer.

- 1. Unhitch the mill from the vehicle.
- **2.** Lower and set the front three outriggers. Lift the weight from the locking pin using the jack handle. Pull the locking pin to release the outrigger and lower the outrigger as necessary.

Secure with the locking pin.



#### FIG. 2-2. OUTRIGGER ADJUSTMENT.

**CAUTION!** When setting up the sawmill on boggy terrain (such as deep mud or sand), place a board or a metal plate under each outrigger leg to prevent the legs from sinking.

3. Unhook the carriage safety chain, located at the bottom of the vertical mast.

4. Turn the key switch on the control panel to the accessory (#1) position to enable accessories. Use the up/down switch on the control panel to raise the cutting head from the carriage rest pin. Swing the rest pin down below bed level.



WARNING! Failure to put front outrigger down before moving cutting head from the rest position may result in serious injury.

5. Remove the fenders by lifting them out of the slots.

CAUTION! To prevent fender damage, remove fenders

before operating sawmill or loading logs.

**6.** Use the carriage forward/reverse switch (left side of control box) to move the cutting head toward the front end of the mill. Lower and set the remaining rear outriggers.

**7.** Level the sawmill by adjusting the outriggers to raise or lower each end of the sawmill. Adjust all outriggers evenly to avoid twisting the mill frame by jacking one outrigger higher than the others.

Raise the two side supports to prevent the log from falling off the side of the mill when loaded.

#### See Figure 2-3.

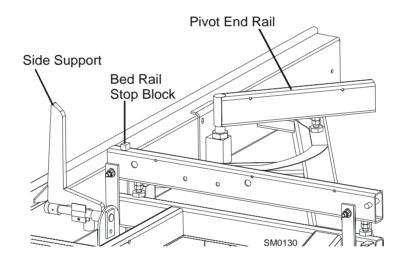


FIG. 2-3

### 2.4 Middle Track Cover

Before operating the sawmill do as follows:

- 1. Clean the upper and lower rails to remove any sawdust and rust preventives.
- 2. Unbolt and remove the middle track cover from its storage position.
- 3. Soak the felt wiper with Dexron III transmission fluid, 10W30 motor oil or 3-in-1 turbine oil.
- 4. Install the middle track cover so it fits against the rail and secure with two thumb screws.

See Figure 2-4.

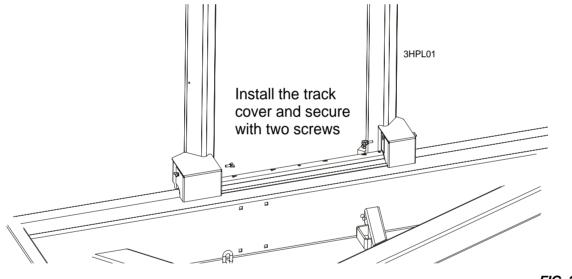


FIG. 2-4

**CAUTION!** Install the track cover so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.



### 2.5 Replacing The Blade

**DANGER!** Always disengage the blade and shut off the sawmill engine before changing the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

WARNING! Always wear gloves and eye protection when handling bandsaw blades. Changing blades is safest when done by one person! Keep all other persons away from area when coiling, carrying or changing a blade. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Remove the two main blade housing covers that cover the blade wheels. Lower the hinged middle blade housing cover. Turn the blade tension handle to release the blade tension until the wheel is pulled in and the blade is lying loose in the blade housing. Lift the blade out of the blade housing.

When installing a blade, make sure the teeth are pointing the correct direction. The teeth should be pointing toward the operator side of the mill when you are looking at the blade below the blade guides. Install the blade so it is lying around the wheels.

Position 1 1/4" wide blades on the wheels so the gullet is 1/8" (3.0 mm) out from the edge of the wheel. Position 1 1/2" wide blades on the wheels so the gullet is 3/16" (4.5 mm) out from the edge of the wheel.

Close the middle blade housing cover.

Next, turn the tension handle until the blade is tensioned correctly.



**CAUTION!** Should you need to adjust the blade position, never grab the wheel arms to spin the idle-side blade wheel as your fingers can get pinched.

### 2.6 Tensioning The Blade

**See Figure 2-5.** Tension the blade by turning the hydraulic tensioning handle clockwise until the tension gauge indicates the recommended tension.

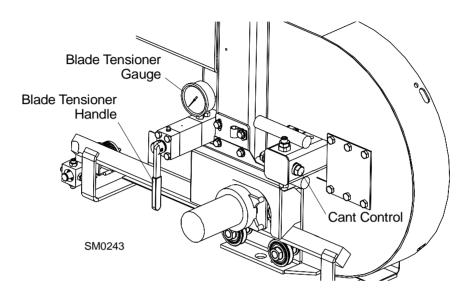


FIG. 2-5

See Table 2-1. The recommended tension for different blades is shown below.

| Blade Type   | Acceptable Range                  | Ideal Tension       |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| B375IH929    | 12,4 - 14,5 MPa (1800 - 2100 psi) | 13,8 MPa (2000 psi) |
| B275IH1030   | 14,5 - 16,5 MPa (2100 - 2400 psi) | 15,9 MPa (2300 psi) |
| B275IH741030 | 14,5 - 16,5 MPa (2100 - 2400 psi) | 15,9 MPa (2300 psi) |

TABLE 2-1

The tension gauge should be checked occasionally when adjusting the cant control or while cutting. Ambient temperature changes will cause tension to change. Adjust the tension handle as necessary to maintain the recommended tension level.

**CAUTION!** Changes in temperature could cause increased pressure in the blade tensioner and loss of fluid from the gauge. Release the blade tension when the mill is not in use to avoid damage to the tensioner.

### 2.7 Tracking The Blade

- 1. Make sure the middle blade housing cover is closed and all persons are clear of the open side of the saw head.
- 2. Start the motor by pushing the START button located on the control box.



**WARNING!** Do not spin the blade wheels by hand. Spinning the blade wheels by hand may result in serious injury.

**3.** Push the STOP button to stop the blade. Remove the key and check the position of the blade on the blade wheels.

See Figure 2-6. Position 1 1/4" wide blades so the gullet is 3.0 mm (0.12") out from the edge of the blade wheel ( $\pm$  1.0 mm [0.04"]). Position 1 1/2" blades so the gullet is 4.5 mm (0.18") out from the edge of the blade wheel ( $\pm$  1.0 mm [0.04"]).

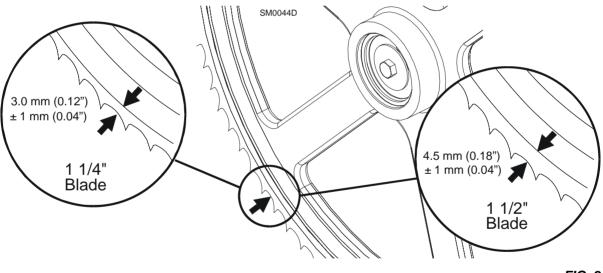


FIG. 2-6

4. To adjust where the blade travels on the blade wheels, use the cant control shown in Figure 2-5.

If the blade is too far out, back the blade onto the wheel by turning the cant control counterclockwise. If the blade is too far in, turn the cant control clockwise until the gullet of the blade is the correct distance from the front edge of the wheel.

5. Retension the blade to the recommended tension to compensate for any adjustments you have made in the cant control.

6. Replace the blade housing covers.

**DANGER!** Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

**IMPORTANT!** After aligning the blade on the wheels, always double-check the blade guide spacing and location. (See Section 5 for more information.)



### 2.8 Starting The Motor

See the appropriate manual supplied with your specific motor configuration for starting and operating instructions.

**DANGER!** Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

**DANGER!** Check the sawmill wiring every year. Make sure all electrical installation, service and/or maintenance work is performed by a qualified electrician.

**DANGER!** Do not operate or leave the sawmill with the electrical boxes open. Failure to do so may cause serious injury or death.



**WARNING!** Always wear eye, ear, respiration, and foot protection when operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

**WARNING!** Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the (#1) or (#2) position. This prevents accidental carriage movement. which may cause serious injury or death.

**WARNING!** Hazardous voltage inside the electric box is dangerous. Turn the main switch to the OFF ("0") position and lock out power supply before opening the box door!

**WARNING!** The door of the electric box can be opened only when the main switch is in the "0" position. The door is closed when the switch is in the "1" position. Serious damage to the box may result while opening the door when the main switch is in the "1" position. At least once a year the electric wires should be checked for isolation and hazardous voltage by a qualified person.

Keep the electrical starter box clean. Remove any dust or wood chips from the box from time to time. Make sure the electric box door is closed before operating the sawmill.

**WARNING!** Hazardous voltage inside the electric box and inside the motor can cause shock, burns, and death. Turn the main switch to the OFF ("0") position and lock out power supply before opening the box door!

After installation, test the sawmill for proper motor rotation.

If rotation is incorrect, turn the motor off pushing the STOP button located on the control box. Turn the main switch on the starter box to the OFF ("0") position. Disconnect the power cord on the left side of the starter box.

Use the screwdriver to turn the phase converter switch to the left or to the right to change the motor rotation.



**CAUTION!** If at any time you need to immediatelu stop the blade motor, press the emergency stop button located on the control box.



### 2.9 Board Return

**WARNING!** The automatic board return is intended to assist a second operator in removing boards quickly. Do not use the board return when operating the sawmill alone. Serious injury, death or damage to the equipment may result.



**WARNING!** Never use the board return table as a platform to stand on. This table is designed and intended to assist in the removal of boards only. Standing on the table may result in serious injury.

Super sawmill models are equipped with a board return system. This system consists of an arm on the saw head controlled by a toggle switch on the control panel. A board return table is also provided to catch the board as it is removed from the log.

To install the board return table, remove the two pins securing it in its storage position at the rear of the sawmill.

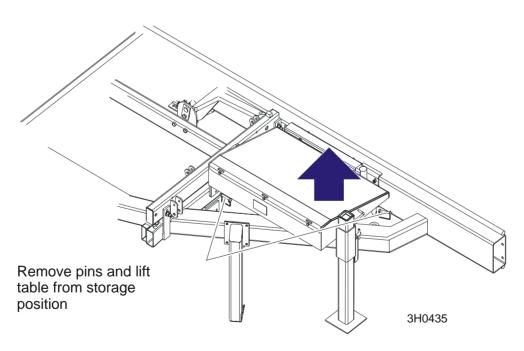


FIG. 2-6

Install the table at the front of the sawmill bed with the outrigger toward the loading side of the sawmill.

**See Figure 2-7.** Be sure the edge of the table seats in the slot on the bed frame and the table tab seats in the leg bracket. Lower the outrigger and adjust it until it is firmly planted on the ground.

Store the pins by placing one pin in the hole under the table. Loop the second pin through the retainer of the first pin and lock.

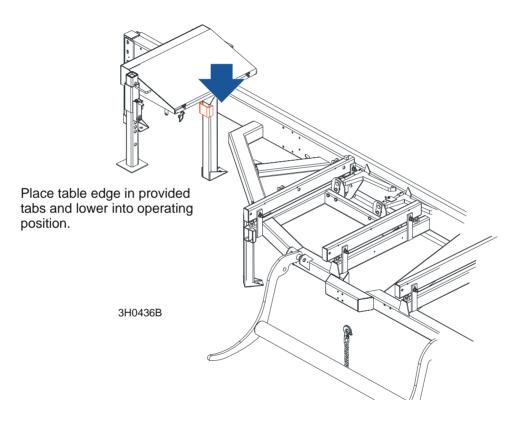


FIG. 2-7



To activate the board return, turn the key switch to the #1 position. Push the toggle switch on the control panel down. The board return arm located in the middle of the saw head will drop into position.

See Figure 2-8.

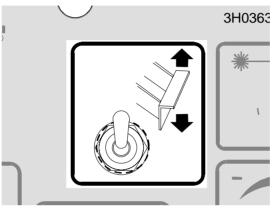


FIG. 2-8

When the blade reaches the end of the log, the arm will drop down to catch the board and drag it back toward the operator as the saw head is returned.



**DANGER!** Keep all persons out of the path of returning boards. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

Boards may not always return in the same path or location. If a board returns in a manner that does not allow the sawyer or off-bearer to maintain control, it may be necessary to stop the reverse motion of the saw head.

When the board return is to be used, a second person is required to remove the board as it is returned. DO NOT attempt to use the board return feature when sawing alone.

To bypass the board return feature, push the toggle switch on the control panel up.

When done sawing, return the board return table to its storage position and secure with both locking pins. Adjust the outrigger leg up to provide proper ground clearance when towing the sawmill.



**WARNING!** To avoid damage to the board return table, secure it in its storage location before towing the sawmill.

## 2.10 Loading, Turning, And Clamping Logs

**CAUTION!** Be sure the pivot rails, turning arm, clamp, and toe boards are below bed level before loading a log onto the bed. Also, be sure the cutting head is moved far enough forward so the log does not hit it.

#### To Load Logs

- 1. Place the loading ramps on the two bed rails that will support the length of the log. **NOTE:** The loading ramps cannot be fastened securely to the bed rail located directly above the tire. Do not use this rail.
- **2.** Position the log at the foot of the ramps.
- **3.** Remove the winch cable from the log turner (if applicable) and route the cable over the top of the log. Wrap the cable around and underneath the log. Hook the cable to the third hole in the log clamp bracket. See *Winch Operation Manual*.
- **4.** Crank the winch to begin rolling the log up the ramps and onto the sawmill bed. Keep the log centered on the ramps as it rolls up.
- **5.** Once the log is on the sawmill bed, place the log clamp in the clamp bracket. This will stop the log from rolling back off the side of the mill when you remove the winch cable.

**NOTE:** Logs also may be loaded onto the mill with a tractor or other equipment specifically designed for that purpose.

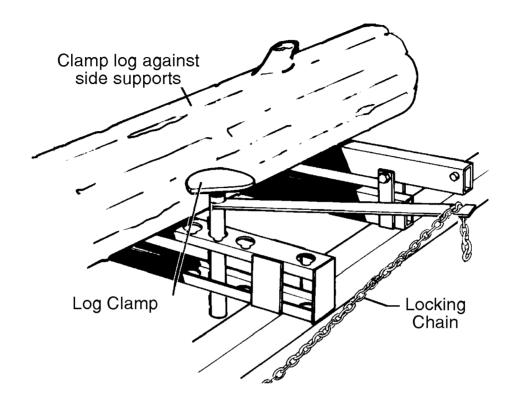
#### To Turn Logs

- 1. Use cant hooks or the optional log turner to rotate the log on the sawmill bed. See *Log Turner Manual*.
- 2. Spin the log against the side supports until it is turned the way you want it for the first cut. If you want to turn the log more, do the following steps.
- **3.** Raise the turner arm to get a new bite on the log.
- **4.** Disengage the clamp.
- 5. The log can be turned now. Repeat steps 4 through 7 until the log is turned as desired.

#### **To Clamp Logs**

- 1. Position the log clamp in the bracket in the hole closest to the log.
- 2. Move the clamp down far enough so that it is below your first few cuts. Pivot the clamp so that it moves the log firmly against the side supports. Lock the clamp in position with the locking chain.

See Figure 2-9.



#### FIG. 2-9

- **3.** Make sure the side supports are positioned low enough for the blade to pass over them. If they are not, back the clamp off slightly and push the side supports down until they are positioned below the level of your first few cuts.
- **4.** Use the optional toe boards to level the log if desired. See the manual supplied with the manual toe boards for details concerning toe board operation.

#### To Level A Tapered Log

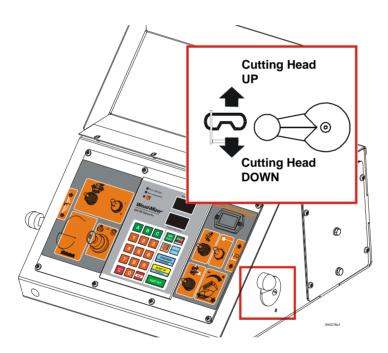
Use the optional toe boards to raise either end of a tapered log, if desired. See the Toe Board Option Manual for operating instructions.

### 2.11 Up/Down Operation

- 1. Install a blade, if needed, and check for correct blade tension. (See Section 2.6).
- 2. Set the cutting head to the desired height. (The blade height scale shows the height of the blade above the bed rails.)



**See Figure 2-10.** The up/down switch is located on the far right side of the control panel. Push the switch up to raise the cutting head; push the switch down to lower the cutting head. Hold the switch in position until the cutting head reaches the desired height, then release.





The up/down switch is designed to return to the neutral or "off" position when released. If the switch remains engaged, manually move the switch to the neutral or "off" position. Repair the up/down drum switch (<u>See Section 4.2</u>).

**CAUTION!** Always make sure the up/down switch moves to the neutral or "off" position when released to ensure that the saw head stops moving. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

**CAUTION!** DO NOT try to force the carriage above the 35" (88 cm) mark or below the 1" (2.54 cm) mark. Damage to the up/down system may result.

### 2.12 Blade Guide Arm Operation

1. Look down the length of the log to see its maximum width. The outer blade guide should be adjusted to clear the widest section of the log by less than 1" (25.4 mm).

**2.** Use the blade guide toggle switch on the control panel to adjust the outer blade guide as necessary. Push the switch to the left to move the arm in. Push the switch to the right to move the arm out.



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See Figure 2-11.

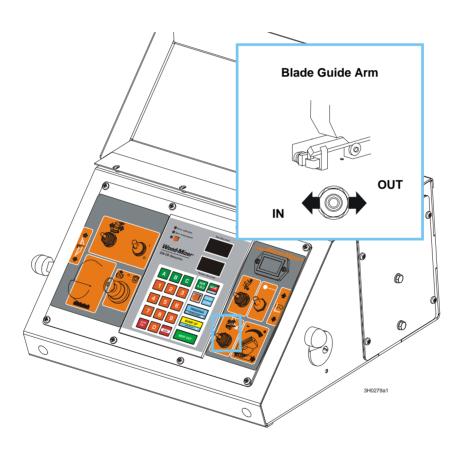


FIG. 2-11

**3.** Use the blade guide toggle switch to readjust the outer blade guide as you are cutting in order to keep the guide within 1" (2.5 cm) of the log. Be sure to adjust the arm back out before returning the carriage.

### 2.13 Power Feed Operation

**See Figure 2-12.** The power feed system moves the carriage forward and backward by using two switches on the control panel.

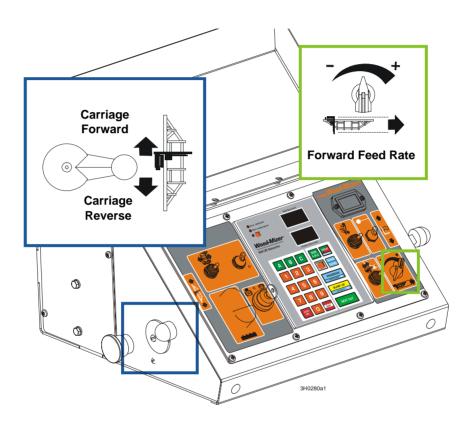


FIG. 2-12

#### **Carriage Feed Rate**

The carriage feed rate switch controls the speed at which the carriage travels forward. Turn the switch clockwise to increase speed. Turn it counterclockwise to reduce speed.

#### Carriage Forward and Reverse



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The carriage forward/reverse switch controls the direction in which the carriage travels. Turn the forward/reverse switch upward to move the carriage forward. Turn the switch down to move the carriage backward.

The middle position (as shown) is the neutral position. The power feed switch is designed to return to the neutral or "off" position when released from operating in the reverse position. If the switch remains engaged, manually move the switch to the neutral or "off" position. Repair the drum switch (<u>See Section 4.2</u>).

**WARNING!** Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the (#2) or (#1) position. This prevents accidental carriage movement. which may cause serious injury or death.

#### Using The Power Feed

**HINT:** To get a straight cut in the first part of the board, feed the blade into the log at a slow speed. This stops the blade from flexing and dipping up or down. Turn the carriage feed rate switch to a slow speed until the whole width of the blade has entered the cut. Then use the carriage feed rate switch to increase the feed rate as desired. Maximum feed rate varies with width and hardness of the wood. Over-feeding results in engine and blade wear, and also produces a wavy cut.

Stop the carriage at the end of the cut by turning the carriage feed rate switch counterclockwise until the carriage stops moving.

2. Push the STOP button to stop the blade. Remove the board from the top of the log.



**CAUTION!** Be sure to stop the blade when returning the carriage. This will not only prevent the blade from being pulled off and ruined by a wood sliver, but also will increase the life of the blade. <u>See Section 2.16</u> for optional procedure for Super series mills.



3. Return the carriage to the front of the mill by turning the carriage forward/reverse switch down. The power feed motor will bypass the carriage feed rate switch and the carriage will automatically return at the fastest speed available. Always disengage the blade before returning the carriage for the next cut. <u>See Section 2.16</u> for optional procedure for Super series mills.

4. Make sure that the blade does not catch on the end of the log. Raise the carriage slightly to make sure the blade clears the log when returned. HINT: Try to stop the blade while the heel of the blade is still on the log. Then bring the carriage back without adjusting the blade up. This lets you keep the blade at the current height setting so you can make the next blade height adjustment more quickly.



**DANGER!** Stay clear of the area between the trailer axle and saw carriage. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



## 2.14 Cutting The Log

The following steps guide you through normal operation of the Wood-Mizer sawmill.

- 1. Once the log is placed where you want it and clamped firmly, turn the key switch to the accessory (#1) position.
- 2. Use the blade height scale to determine where to make your first cut (<u>See Section 2.17</u>). The blade height scale will help you to do this. Set the blade to the desired height with the



The blade height scale will help you to do this. Set the blade to the desired height with the up/down switch. Make sure that the blade will clear all side supports and the clamp. Adjust the outer blade guide to clear the widest section of the log by moving the blade guide toggle switch.



**NOTE:** An optional laser sight is available to help determine where the blade will travel through the log. See the laser sight manual for detailed operating instructions.

- **3.** Make sure all covers and guards are in place. Push the START buttonto start the blade spinning.
- 4. Start the water lube if necessary to prevent sap buildup on the blade. See Section 2.18.



If you want to use the board return function, push the toggle switch on the control panel down. <u>See Section 2.9</u>.



Feed the blade into the log slowly (<u>See Section 2.13</u>). Once the blade completely enters the log, increase the feed rate as desired. Always try to cut at the fastest speed you can while keeping an accurate cut. Cutting too slowly will waste blade life and lower production!



7. As you get to the end of the log, slow down the feed rate. When the teeth exit the end of the log, turn the feed rate all the way down. Push te STOP button to stop the motor.
Remove the slab that you have just cut from the log.



Use the carriage forward/reverse switch to return the carriage to the front of the mill. Always disengage the blade before returning the carriage for the next cut.

**9.** Repeat until the first side of the log is cut as desired. Set aside the usable flitches (boards with bark on one or both sides). You can edge them on the mill later.

- 10. Lower the toe boards, if they were used. Remove the clamp and turn the log 90 or 180 degrees. Make sure the flat on the log is placed flat against side supports if turned 90 degrees. Make sure it is placed on bed rails if turned 180 degrees. If the log was turned 90 degrees and you are using toe boards to compensate for taper in the log, raise the front or rear toe board again on the second side of the log until the heart is parallel with the bed.
- **11.** Repeat the steps used to cut the first side of the log until the log is square. Cut boards from the remaining cant by adjusting the blade height for the thickness of boards that you want.

**Example:** Remember that the blade cuts a 1/16 - 1/8" (1.6-3.2 mm) wide kerf. If you want 1" (25.4 mm) thick boards, lower the carriage 1 1/16 - 1 1/8" (27-28.6 mm) for each board.



### 2.15 Edging

The following steps guide you through edging boards on the Wood-Mizer sawmill.

- 1. Raise the side supports to 1/2 the height of the flitches, or the boards that need to be edged.
- 2. Stack the flitches on edge against the side supports.
- **3.** Clamp the flitches against the side supports halfway up the flitch height. (Wider flitches should be placed to the clamp side. When they are edged, flip them over to edge the second side without disturbing the other flitches or without having to pull them from the middle of the stack).
- 4. Adjust the blade height to edge a few of the widest boards.
- 5. Loosen the clamp and turn the edged boards over to edge the other side.
- 6. Repeat steps 2-4.
- **7.** Loosen the clamp and remove the boards that have good clean edges on both sides. Clamp the remaining flitches and repeat steps 2-5.

## 2.16 Optional Cutting Procedure for Super Series Mills

In order to achieve maximum production rates with Super Series mills; it may be desirable to leave the blade engaged when returning the carriage. (Normal operation procedures recommend disengaging the blade before returning the carriage for maximum blade life and fuel economy.)

**DANGER!** If leaving the blade engaged for maximum production rates, make sure the off-bearer stays out of the path of the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury or death.

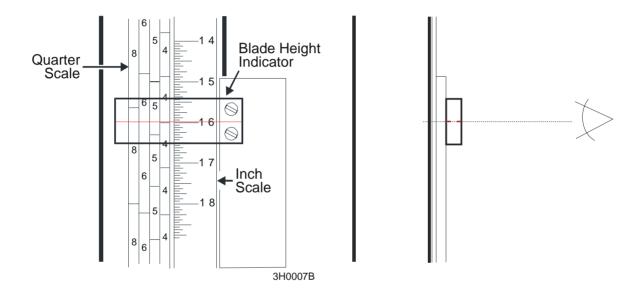
the Fail

**CAUTION!** If you choose to leave the blade engaged; raise the blade to clear the log before returning the carriage. Failure to do so may cause damage to the blade and/or sawmill.

### 2.17 Blade Height Scale

See Figure 2-13. The blade height scale is attached to the carriage head frame. It includes:

- a blade height indicator
- an inch scale
- a quarter scale



#### FIG. 2-13

The scales are attached to the frame and move up and down with the carriage head. The blade indicator, used to read the inch and quarter scales, remains stationary.

#### Blade Height Indicator

The blade height indicator has two horizontal, red lines on both sides. Readings should be taken with eyes level with the indicator, when the two red lines are in line. This will allow to avoid the parallax error (different scale readings depending on the angle of vision).

#### The Inch Scale

The horizontal red line on the blade height indicator shows how many inches the bottom of the blade is above the bed of the mill. If you know the height of your blade at each cut, you can determine the thickness of lumber you are sawing.

**Example:** You want to cut 1" (25 mm) random width boards from a log. Position the blade for the first cut. Move the carriage to an even measurement on the inch scale. Make a trim cut. Return the carriage for the second cut and lower it 1 1/8" (29 mm) below the original measurement. (The extra 1/8" (3 mm) allows for saw kerf and shrinkage of the lumber.)

The yellow area on the scale identifies where the blade could encounter a side support or log clamp. Check that these items are below the blade level before sawing.

#### The Quarter Scale

**See Table 2-2.** Two quarter scales are provided with four sets of marks. Each set represents a specific lumber thickness. Saw kerf and shrinkage allowance are included, but actual board thickness will vary slightly depending on blade thickness and tooth set.

To choose which scale to use, determine what finished thickness you want to end up with. The Grade Hardwood Quarter Scale provides thicker finished boards usually required by commercial buyers. The Standard Quarter Scale allows for kerf and shrinkage of finished boards suitable for most custom applications. Always check with your customer before you saw to determine what actual finished thickness is required.

| Standard Quarter Scale |                        |  |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Scale                  | Actual Board Thickness |  |
| 4/4                    | 1" (25 mm)             |  |
| 5/4                    | 1 1/4" (32 mm)         |  |
| 6/4                    | 1 1/2" (38 mm)         |  |
| 8/4                    | 2" (51 mm)             |  |

| Grade Hardwood Quarter Scale |                        |  |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Scale                        | Actual Board Thickness |  |
| 4/4                          | 1 1/8" (29 mm)         |  |
| 5/4                          | 1 3/8" (35 mm)         |  |
| 6/4                          | 1 5/8" (41 mm)         |  |
| 8/4                          | 2 1/8" (54 mm)         |  |

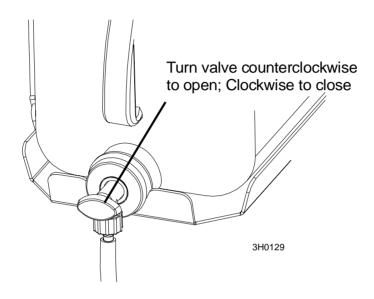
**TABLE 2-2** 

To use the quarter scale, look at the blade height indicator.Line up the horizontal red line on the indicator with the nearest mark on the scale you want to use. Make a trim cut. When you return the carriage for a second cut, lower the carriage to the next mark on the scale. This mark shows where the blade should be positioned to cut a certain thickness of lumber, without having to measure on the inch scale.

**Example:** You want to cut 1" (25 mm) (4/4) random width boards from a log. Position the blade for the first cut. Adjust the quarter scale so a 4/4 mark is aligned with the red line on the indicator. Make a trim cut. Return the carriage for the second cut. Now, instead of having to measure down 1 1/8" (29 mm) on the inch scale, you can simply lower the blade so the indicator is aligned with the next 4/4 mark on the quarter scale. Turn the log 90 degrees and repeat.

### 2.18 Water Lube Operation

**See Figure 2-14.** The Water Lube System keeps the blade clean. Water flows from a 5-gallon (18.9 liter) bottle through a hose to the blade guide where the blade enters the log. A valve in the bottle cap controls the amount of water flow.



Super models include a solenoid valve that will automatically start the water flow when the power feed is activated in the forward direction. The solenoid will stop the water flow when the feed switch is returned to the neutral position.

Not all types of wood require the use of the Water Lube System. When it is needed, use just enough water to keep the blade clean. This saves water, and lowers the risk of staining the boards with water. Usual flow will be 1-2 gallons (3.8-7.6 liters) per hour. A squirt of liquid dishwashing detergent in the water bottle will help clean the blade when cutting wood with a high sap content.

**WARNING!** Use ONLY water with the water lube accessory. Never use flammable fuels or liquids. If these types of liquids are necessary to clean the blade, remove it and clean with a rag. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

Before removing the blade, start the motor. Let the blade spin with water running on it for about 15 seconds. This will clean the blade of sap buildup. Wipe the blade dry with a rag before storing or sharpening.

If you are sawing in freezing temperatures, remove the water lube bottle from the sawmill when done sawing and store it in a warm place. Blow any remaining water from the water lube hose.

To remove water from the water valve on Super models, turn the key switch to accessory (#1), turn the feed rate knob down to '0' and place the feed switch in the forward position. Blow any remaining water from the water lube hose and valve. Return the forward/reverse switch to neutral and turn the key switch to off (#0).

### 2.19 Preparing The Sawmill For Towing

The Wood-Mizer trailer package makes transporting your sawmill easy and convenient. To get your sawmill ready for towing, follow these instructions.

**CAUTION!** If the weight of the sawmill exceeds 3,000 lbs (1361 Kg) for any reason, an auxiliary braking system (such as electric brakes) must be used. Failure to do so may result in severe machine damage.

- 1. Move the saw carriage to the front end of the sawmill. Raise the rear outriggers.
- 2. Move the carriage forward to the travel position over the rear bed rail.
- 3. Position the hole in the saw head over the travel rest pin.
- 4. Lower the saw head until it is seated firmly on the rest pin.

#### See Figure 2-15.

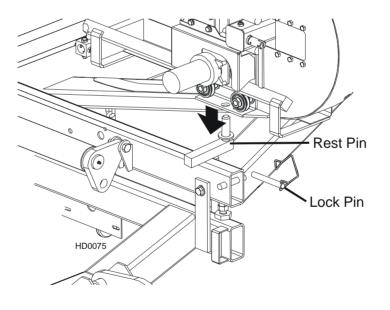


FIG. 2-15

5. Continue lowering the head 3/4" (19mm) until it contacts the stop blocks on the mast rails.

CAUTION! It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the carriage on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

6. If necessary, adjust the two stops located at the bottom of the mast so the saw head contacts them after it is lowered 3/4" (19 mm) past where it contacts the rest pin.

#### See Figure 2-16.

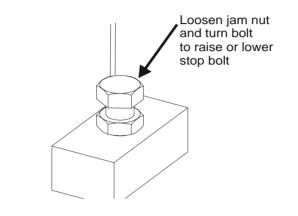


FIG. 2-16

- **7.** Push the START button to start the motor. This keeps the drive belt tight and the motor from bouncing while traveling.
- **8.** Hook the carriage safety chain located at the bottom of the carriage to the bracket at the bottom of the mast.

See Figure 2-17.

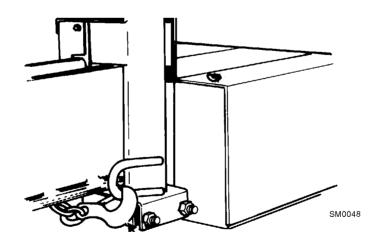


FIG. 2-17

**9.** Store the loading ramps on the bed rails. Secure to the bed with the two retaining brackets.

**CAUTION!** Check to be sure the saw head safety chain is secured before towing the sawmill. Failure to properly secure the saw head can result in severe machine damage. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

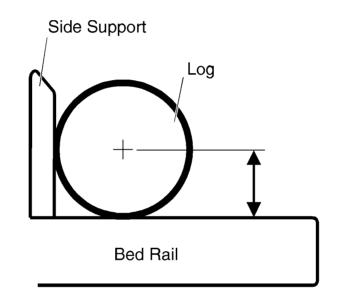
- **10.** Remove all loose objects from the bed of the mill. Store the outrigger jack handle in the bracket provided on the rear/loading-side outrigger guide. Reel in the winch cable. Remove the winch handle.
- **11.** Place both fenders in the slots located behind the trailer tires and secure with retaining pins. Raise all but the very front outrigger.

See the trailer operator's manual for specific information regarding hitch operation and towing the sawmill.

### 2.20 Manual Toe Board

In many cutting operations, particularly cutting for grade, it is desirable to cut tapered logs parallel to the heart of the log. The optional toe boards allow the operator to lift either end of a log to parallel the heart to the path of the blade.

**1.** When a log is loaded and ready for the first cut, measure from the bed rail or auxiliary support to the heart of the log.

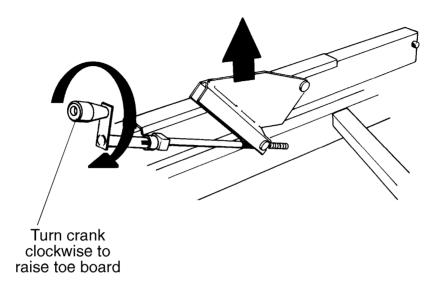


#### See Figure 2-18.

#### FIG. 2-18

- 2. Measure at the other end of the log and compare distances. The distance from the bed to the heart on one end of the log should be within 1/2" (12.5 mm) of the measurement from the bed to the heart on the other end of the log.
- 3. If adjustment is necessary, place the crank handle on the toe board at the end of log to be raised. Turn the handle clockwise to raise the end of the log. Raise about half the difference measured as the other end of the log will typically lower as the end being raised goes up. Remeasure both ends of the log from the bed rails and adjust toe board as necessary until both ends measure the same distance from the bed rails.

See Figure 2-19.



#### FIG. 2-19

4. Remove the toe board crank handle. Clamp the log against the side supports and make the desired number of cuts. When the log is rotated 180 degrees, lower the toe board so that the flat portion of the log now lies flat on the bed rails. This will result in the two opposite sides of the log cut parallel to the heart.



**CAUTION!** Be sure the pivot rails, turning arm, clamp, and toe boards are below bed level before loading a log onto the bed. Failure to do so may result in machine damage or cause misalignment.

5. Repeat these steps to square the remaining two sides of the log. If you do not have the toe board option, you can achieve the same results by shimming one end of the log so that the blade cuts parallel to the log's heart.

**CAUTION!** The maximum load capacity of individual toe boards is 1000 kg. Exceeding this limit may result in serious injury.

**CAUTION!** During sawing, one end of the log being



Setup & Operation Manual Toe Board

levelled must rest on the sawmill bed.

**CAUTION!** While levelling, never place your hands under the log.

**CAUTION!** Always be sure the toe boards are lowered all the way before loading a log onto the bed.

# SECTION 3 MAINTENANCE

This section lists the maintenance procedures that need to be performed.

The Short Interval Maintenance Schedule lists procedures that need to be performed every 4, 8 or 25 hours. The Maintenance Log lists procedures that need to be performed every 50, 100, 200, or 1000 hours. Keep track of machine maintenance by filling in the machine hours and the date you perform each procedure.

**This symbol** identifies the interval (hours of operation) at which each maintenance procedure should be performed.

Be sure to refer to option and engine manuals for other maintenance procedures.

#### 3.1 Wear Life

**See Table 3-1.** This chart lists estimated life expectancy of common replacement parts if proper maintenance and operation procedures are followed. Due to the many variables which exist during sawmill operation, actual part life may vary significantly. This information is provided so that you may plan ahead in ordering replacement parts.

| Part Description       | Estimated<br>Life |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| B57 Blade Wheel Belts  | 500 hours         |
| Up/Down Motor          | 2000 hours        |
| Up/Down Drum Switch    | 1000 hours        |
| Blade Guide Rollers    | 1000 hours        |
| Power Feed Drum Switch | 1200 hours        |
| Drive Belt             | 1250 hours        |
| Power Feed Motor       | 1500 hours        |
| Power Feed Belt        | 2000 hours        |
| Up/Down Belt           | 2000 hours        |

TABLE 3-1



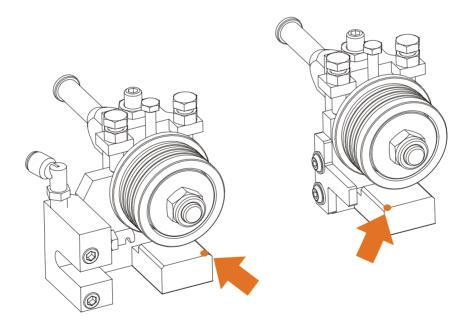
#### 3.2 Blade Guides

1. Check the rollers for performance and wear every blade change. Make sure the rollers are clean and spinning freely. If not, rebuild them. Replace any rollers which have worn smooth or have become cone shaped. See The LT40 AH Parts manual for blade guide rebuild kits and complete roller assemblies.

#### Steel Blade Guide Blocks

2. Inspect the blocks at every blade change for damage or wear. If the block housing is bent or damaged, replace the block assembly.

As the blocks wear, the front inside corner will wear more than the body of the block. When the corner wears far enough, sawing performance will be affected even if the body of the block is adjusted properly to the blade. At this point, the block should be replaced. If you have access to the appropriate equipment, you can grind or mill the blocks to a new flat surface and reuse them. It is recommended you develop a routine schedule for replacing the blade guide blocks based on your sawing conditions and experience.



#### RYS. 3-0

Check the inserts are properly spaced from the bottom of the blade every 25 hours of operation. As the rollers wear, the gap between the blade and inserts will become larger. Use the provided shim or a feeler gauge to check the inserts are adjusted 0,2 - 0,25 mm from the blade.

See Figure 3-1. To adjust the disks up, loosen the bottom guide disk mounting bolt and

clamp bolt. Use the provided adjustment tool. to raise bottom disk Retighten the bottom disk mounting bolt and clamp bolt.See Section:

**IMPORTANT!** The inserts should be parallel to the blade. Check the space between the insert and the blade at each side of the insert to insure it is parallel. Use the appropriate outer adjustment bolt to tilt the insert mounting plate so the insert is parallel to the blade.

After adjusting the drive side blade guide block insert up, check the deflector. If necessary, loosen the two deflector mounting screws and adjust the deflector so it does not touch the blade.

#### See Figure 3-2.

**4.** Make sure the blade screw in the top center of the C-frame is 1/16" (1.5 mm) below the bottom of the blade. If not, loosen the nut and adjust the screw as necessary. Check the screw every blade change. Failing to maintain this adjustment will lead to early blade breakage.

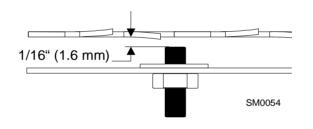


FIG. 3-2

### 3.3 Sawdust Removal

- **1.** Remove the excess sawdust from the blade wheel housings and sawdust chute every blade change.
- 2. Remove sawdust buildup as necessary from top rail cover.

**CAUTION!** Failure to remove sawdust buildup from track rail cover could result in damage to these parts when the saw head is lowered to its lowest position.

**3.** As required, remove sawdust buildup from the power feed belt housing. Turn the control panel key switch to OFF (0) and remove the key. Disassemble the power feed belt cover



and remove sawdust buildup in and around the power feed belt and pulleys. Replace the power feed belt cover.

### 3.4 Carriage Track, Wiper & Scrapers

#### See Figure 3-3.

- Clean the upper and lower track rails to remove any sawdust and sap buildup every eight hours of operation. Lubricate the lower track rail by wiping it with Dexron III ATF.
- Remove sawdust from the upper cam housings. Loosen the thumb screws on the upper cam housing covers and open. Brush any sawdust buildup from the housings.
- **3.** Check the track scrapers as needed. Make sure the scrapers fit firmly against the rail. If a track scraper needs to be adjusted, loosen the thumb screw, push the scraper downward until it fits firmly against the rail, and retighten the thumb screw.

Clean and lubricate the upper track wiper every twenty-five hours of operation. Unbolt the wiper, remove it from the sawmill, and remove any sawdust buildup. Soak the felt wiper <sup>25</sup> with Dexron III transmission fluid, 10W30 motor oil or 3-in-1 turbine oil.

**CAUTION!** Reinstall the track wiper so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

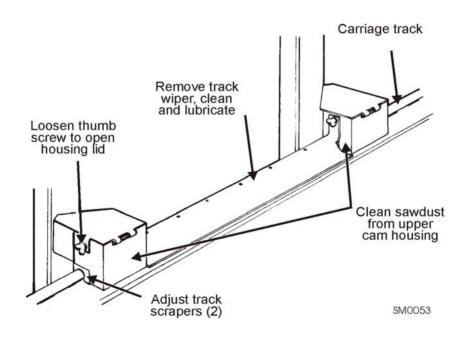
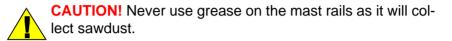


FIG. 3-3

### 3.5 Vertical Mast Rails

<sup>50</sup> Clean and lubricate the vertical mast rails every 50 hours of operation. Clean with solvent and remove any rust with a light-grade sand paper or emery cloth. Lubricate the mast with motor oil or automatic transmission fluid (ATF).



### 3.6 Drum Switches

Lubricate the up/down and power feed drum switch contacts inside the control panel every fifty hours of operation. Use only contact grease supplied by Wood-Mizer. Remove the control panel cover. Use a cotton swab to apply grease to the switch contact ends.



**WARNING!** Drum switch grease contains Petroleum Hydrocarbon Lubricant. Eye and skin irritant. If introduced into eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If film or irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water. If ingested, do not induce vomiting - contact a physician. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

#### 3.7 Miscellaneous

1. Apply a thin film of a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease to the blade guide arm every fifty hours of operation to help prevent it from rusting.

- Lubricate the log turner (if equipped) with a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease every fifty hours of operation. Lubricate the turner pivot pins with WD-40 or a dry lube.
- **3.** Grease the side supports with a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease every fifty hours of operation.
- **4.** Oil all chains with Dexron III ATF every fifty hours of operation.



**CAUTION!** Do not use chain lube. It causes sawdust buildup in chain links.

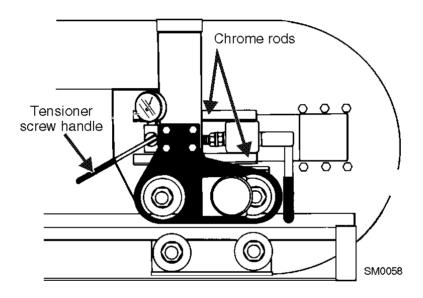
- 5. Lubricate the board return pivot every fifty hours of operation with a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease. Apply grease to the grease fitting on the board return pivot tube.
- 6. Check the mill alignment every setup. See Section 5, Alignment.
- 7. Make sure all safety warning decals are readable. Remove sawdust and dirt. Replace any damaged or unreadable decals immediately. Order decals from your Customer Service Representative.



#### 3.8 Blade Tensioner

- **1.** Lubricate the chrome rods of the tensioner system with a heavy duty teflon spray lubricant, such as Gunk L508, every 50 hours of operation.
- 50>
- 2. Lubricate the tensioner screw handle with a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease as needed.

#### See Figure 3-4.



| FIG. 3 | -4 |
|--------|----|
|--------|----|

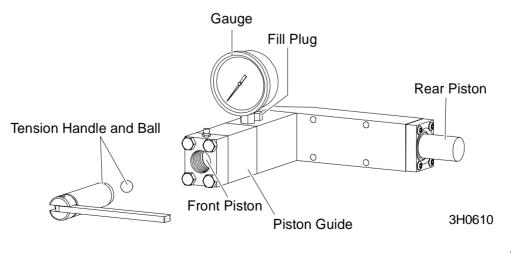
**3.** Add an Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF) such as Dexron III ATF to the hydraulic blade tensioner as needed.

See Figure 3-5. To add enough fluid to completely fill the tensioner block:

- Remove the tensioner handle and ball. Remove the sawmill blade housing covers, blade and idle-side blade wheel.
- Push the idle-side shaft housing all the way in to collapse the rear tensioner piston and fully extend the front piston. The front piston should reach the threaded area of the piston guide.

**NOTE:** If the hydraulic fluid level is extremely low, collapsing the rear piston may not fully extend the front piston. If it does not, finish the fill procedure in its entirety and repeat. The first pass should add enough fluid to allow the front piston to fully extend. The second pass should add enough fluid to completely fill the block.

- Locate the fill plug behind the tension gauge. Clean any dirt and debris from the plug area. Use a 7/16" wrench to remove the plug, making sure to keep the plug o-ring with the plug.
- Manually extend the rear piston (the front piston should remain extended).
- Use a small funnel or cup to completely fill the block with hydraulic fluid. When full, place the fill plug in the fill plug hole and thread 1-2 turns. Manually push the rear piston all the way in to allow excess oil and air to bleed from system through the plug. Tighten the plug all the way.
- Reinstall the idle-side blade wheel, blade and blade housing covers. Reinstall the tensioner ball and handle.



### 3.9 Blade Wheel Belts

- Rotate the blade wheel belts and check them for wear. Rotating the belts every 50 hours will give you longer belt life. Replace belts as necessary. Use only B57 belts manufactured by Goodyear or Browning.
- 2. Periodically check all belts for wear. Replace any damaged or worn belts as needed.

### 3.10 Drive Belt Adjustment

WARNING! Do not for any reason adjust the engine drive belts or belt support bracket with the engine running. Doing so may result in serious injury.

See Table 3-2. Check the drive belt tension after the first 20 hours, and every 50 hours
 thereafter. See the table below for drive belt tension specifications for your model sawmill.

| Engine/Motor | Belt Tension                                             |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| E20          | 7/16" (11mm) deflection with 16 lbs. of deflection force |
| E25          | 7/16" (11mm) deflection with 16 lbs. of deflection force |

TABLE 3-2



#### 3.11 Drive Bearing

Refill the fluid in the drive-side cylinder bearing housing every 500 hours of operation. Remove the top and bottom oil plugs. Pour an Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF) such as Dexron III ATF into the top hole until it begins to flow from the bottom hole. Reinstall the square oil plug to the bottom hole and the vented oil plug to the top hole.

#### See Figure 3-6.

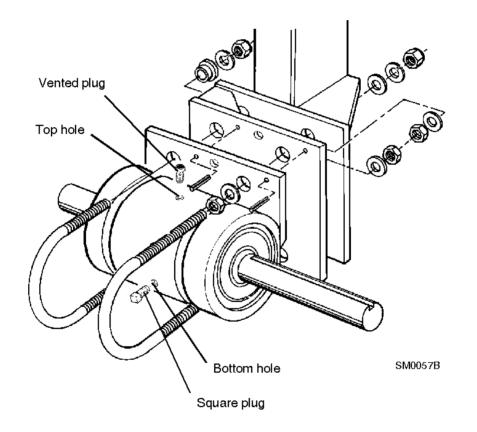
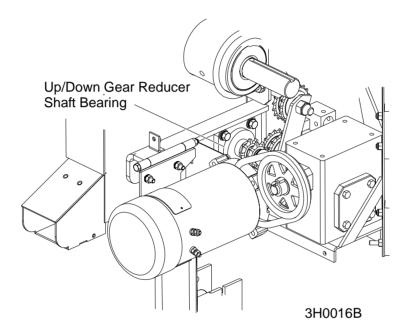


FIG. 3-6

#### 3.12 Up/Down System

- 1. Grease the up/down gear reducer shaft bearing with a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease
- every 1000 hours of operation.

#### See Figure 3-7.



#### FIG. 3-7

2. Super model up/down systems feature a spring loaded belt design. Belt tension is automatically maintained and requires no adjustment. Replace the belt when adequate belt tension can no longer be obtained.



**WARNING!** Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before removing the up/down motor belt. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

**3.** Adjust the up/down chain tension as needed. Measure chain tension with the head all the way to the top of the vertical mast. Secure the carriage with a chain at the top, or shim it underneath. Find the chain adjusting bolt at the bottom of the mast, behind the battery box. Adjust the bolt until the center of the chain can be deflected 3/4" (1.9cm) forward and 3/4" (1.9cm) backward with a 5 lb. (2.3 Kg) deflection force.



**WARNING!** Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the up/down chain. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

**CAUTION!** Do not over-tension the chain. Over-tensioning the chain may lead to early failure of the gear reducer.

See Figure 3-8.

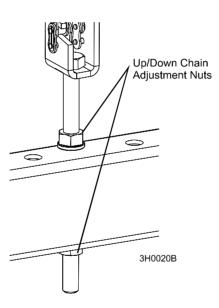


FIG. 3-8

**4.** Check the up/down gearbox oil level. Add a synthetic gear oil such as Mobil SHC 634 as needed.

Wood-Mizer offers replacement gear oil in 8 ounce bottles (2 required for complete oil replacement).

#### 3.13 Power Feed

1. Adjust the power feed belt as needed. When the power feed belt gets loose, it will begin slipping. This causes the carriage to not move forward when cutting. To retighten the belt:

**See Figure 3-9.** Remove the four cover bolts and belt cover and measure the belt tension. The belt should be tightened so there is 1/8" (3 mm) deflection with a 7 lb. (3.2 Kg) deflection force. To adjust the belt tension, loosen the four motor mount bolts. Place a wrench on the jam nut and turn the adjustment bolt clockwise to tighten the belt. Retighten the motor bolts and replace the feed motor cover.

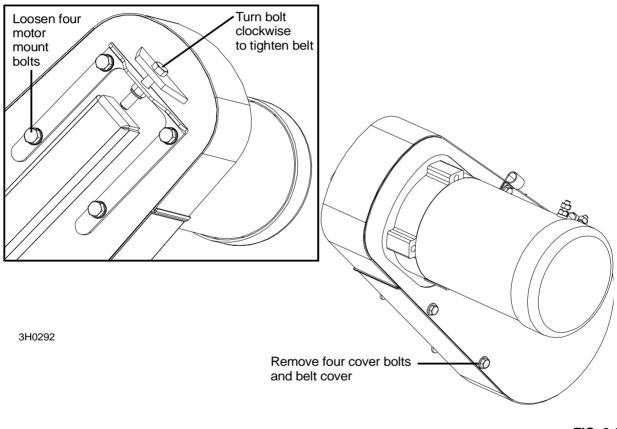
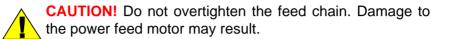


FIG. 3-9



2. Adjust the power feed chain as needed. Measure the power feed chain tension with the saw head all the way toward the front of the mill. Use the two lock nuts at the rear of the mill to tighten or loosen the power feed chain. Adjust the chain until it measures 7 to 8 inches (17.8 to 20.3 cm) from the top of the top rail at its lowest point.



See Figure 3-10.

3H0018B Feed Chain Ì Se of Se Adjustment Nuts

FIG. 3-10



# LT40 Series MH Short Interval Maintenance Schedule

#### (Check engine and option manuals for additional maintenance procedures)

| PROCEDURE                                                         | MANUAL<br>REFERENCE |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| EVERY BLADE CHANGE                                                |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Check Blade Guide Roller Performance                              | See Section 3.2     |  |  |  |  |
| Remove Excess Sawdust From Blade Wheel Housings And Sawdust Chute | See Section 3.3     |  |  |  |  |
| Check Blade Screw                                                 | See Section 3.2     |  |  |  |  |
| EVERY 8 HOURS                                                     |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Clean And Lubricate Track                                         | See Section 3.4     |  |  |  |  |
| Remove Sawdust From Upper Cam Housings                            | See Section 3.4     |  |  |  |  |
| Clean Sawdust From Battery Box Lid & Track Cover                  | See Section 3.3     |  |  |  |  |
| EVERY 25 HOURS                                                    |                     |  |  |  |  |
| Clean And Lubricate Upper Track Wiper                             | See Section 3.4     |  |  |  |  |

|                                                                         | NOOD-MIZE                                                                                                                                                                                            | R LT40 | SERIE   | SMHI    | MAINTE  | ENANCI  | ELOG    |         |         |         |         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| (Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| PROCEDURE                                                               | MANUAL         TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION           REFERENCE         FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PR           A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS |        |         |         |         |         |         | -       |         |         |         |
|                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 50 HRS | 100 HRS | 150 HRS | 200 HRS | 250 HRS | 300 HRS | 350 HRS | 400 HRS | 450 HRS | 500 HRS |
| Clean & lube mast rails                                                 | See Section 3.5                                                                                                                                                                                      |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Lubricate drum switches                                                 | See Section 3.6                                                                                                                                                                                      |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains                             | See Section 3.7<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                              |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Check belt tensions                                                     | See Section 3.11<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                             |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Check brake strap tension                                               | See Section 3.10                                                                                                                                                                                     |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for wear            | See Section 3.9                                                                                                                                                                                      |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions                                     | See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                                                 |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Check up/down gear box fluid level                                      | See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                                                                     |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods                               | See Section 3.8                                                                                                                                                                                      |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid                                    | See Section 3.14                                                                                                                                                                                     |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing                                            | See Section 3.15                                                                                                                                                                                     |        |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |

|                                                                         | WOOD-MIZE                                                | R LT40  | SERIE   | SMHI    | MAINTE  |         | ELOG    |         |         |         |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| (Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) |                                                          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| PROCEDURE                                                               | MANUAL<br>REFERENCE                                      |         |         |         |         |         |         | -       |         |         |          |
|                                                                         |                                                          | 550 HRS | 600 HRS | 650 HRS | 700 HRS | 750 HRS | 800 HRS | 850 HRS | 900 HRS | 950 HRS | 1000 HRS |
| Clean & lube mast rails                                                 | See Section 3.5                                          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Lubricate drum switches                                                 | See Section 3.6                                          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains                             | See Section 3.7<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16  |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Check belt tensions                                                     | See Section 3.11<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16 |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Check brake strap tension                                               | See Section 3.10                                         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for wear            | See Section 3.9                                          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions                                     | See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                     |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Check up/down gear box fluid level                                      | See Section 3.16                                         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods                               | See Section 3.8                                          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid                                    | See Section 3.14                                         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing                                            | See Section 3.15                                         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |

| , i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i                                 | <b>WOOD-MIZE</b>                                         | R LT40   | SERIE    | SMHI     | MAINTE     | ENANCE                                | E LOG     |           |          |          |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| (Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) |                                                          |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| PROCEDURE                                                               | MANUAL<br>REFERENCE                                      |          |          |          | AND THE MA | TAL HOURS<br>ACHINE HOU<br>ES MAINTEN | RS AS YOU | PERFORM E |          | -        |          |
|                                                                         |                                                          | 1050 HRS | 1100 HRS | 1150 HRS | 1200 HRS   | 1250 HRS                              | 1300 HRS  | 1350 HRS  | 1400 HRS | 1450 HRS | 1500 HRS |
| Clean & lube mast rails                                                 | See Section 3.5                                          |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Lubricate drum switches                                                 | See Section 3.6                                          |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains                             | See Section 3.7<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16  |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Check belt tensions                                                     | See Section 3.11<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16 |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Check brake strap tension                                               | See Section 3.10                                         |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for wear            | See Section 3.9                                          |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions                                     | See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                     |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Check up/down gear box fluid level                                      | See Section 3.16                                         |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods                               | See Section 3.8                                          |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid                                    | See Section 3.14                                         |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing                                            | See Section 3.15                                         |          |          |          |            |                                       |           |           |          |          |          |

|                                                                         | WOOD-MIZE                                                                                                                                                                                                  | R LT40   | SERIE    | SMHI     | MAINTE   |          | E LOG    |          |          |          |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| (Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| PROCEDURE                                                               | MANUAL         TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION           REFERENCE         FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROC           A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIM |          |          |          |          |          | -        |          |          |          |          |
|                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1550 HRS | 1600 HRS | 1650 HRS | 1700 HRS | 1750 HRS | 1800 HRS | 1850 HRS | 1900 HRS | 1950 HRS | 2000 HRS |
| Clean & lube mast rails                                                 | See Section 3.5                                                                                                                                                                                            |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Lubricate drum switches                                                 | See Section 3.6                                                                                                                                                                                            |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains                             | See Section 3.7<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                                    |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check belt tensions                                                     | See Section 3.11<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                                   |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check brake strap tension                                               | See Section 3.10                                                                                                                                                                                           |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for wear            | See Section 3.9                                                                                                                                                                                            |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions                                     | See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                                                       |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check up/down gear box fluid level                                      | See Section 3.16                                                                                                                                                                                           |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods                               | See Section 3.8                                                                                                                                                                                            |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid                                    | See Section 3.14                                                                                                                                                                                           |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing                                            | See Section 3.15                                                                                                                                                                                           |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |

| WOOD-MIZER LT40 SERIES MH MAINTENANCE LOG<br>(Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) |                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| PROCEDURE                                                                                                            | MANUAL<br>REFERENCE                                      | TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION<br>FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCEDURE.<br>A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME. |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
|                                                                                                                      |                                                          | 2050 HRS                                                                                                                                                            | 2100 HRS | 2150 HRS | 2200 HRS | 2250 HRS | 2300 HRS | 2350 HRS | 2400 HRS | 2450 HRS | 2500 HRS |  |
| Clean & lube mast rails                                                                                              | See Section 3.5                                          |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Lubricate drum switches                                                                                              | See Section 3.6                                          |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains                                                                          | See Section 3.7<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16  |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Check belt tensions                                                                                                  | See Section 3.11<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16 |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Check brake strap tension                                                                                            | See Section 3.10                                         |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for wear                                                         | See Section 3.9                                          |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions                                                                                  | See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                     |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Check up/down gear box fluid level                                                                                   | See Section 3.16                                         |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods                                                                            | See Section 3.8                                          |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid                                                                                 | See Section 3.14                                         |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing                                                                                         | See Section 3.15                                         |                                                                                                                                                                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |  |

| WOOD-MIZER LT40 SERIES MH MAINTENANCE LOG<br>(Check Engine And Option Manuals For Additional Maintenance Procedures) |                                                          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| PROCEDURE                                                                                                            | MANUAL<br>REFERENCE                                      |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
|                                                                                                                      |                                                          | 2550 HRS | 2600 HRS | 2650 HRS | 2700 HRS | 2750 HRS | 2800 HRS | 2850 HRS | 2900 HRS | 2950 HRS | 3000 HRS |
| Clean & lube mast rails                                                                                              | See Section 3.5                                          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Lubricate drum switches                                                                                              | See Section 3.6                                          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains                                                                          | See Section 3.7<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16  |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check belt tensions                                                                                                  | See Section 3.11<br>See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16 |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check brake strap tension                                                                                            | See Section 3.10                                         |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check all belts for wear                                                         | See Section 3.9                                          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions                                                                                  | See Section 3.15<br>See Section 3.16                     |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Check up/down gear box fluid level                                                                                   | See Section 3.16                                         |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Lubricate blade tensioner handle and rods                                                                            | See Section 3.8                                          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid                                                                                 | See Section 3.14                                         |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing                                                                                         | See Section 3.15                                         |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |          |



# SECTION 4 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

# 4.1 Sawing Problems

| PROBLEM                                      | CAUSE                                                                                                                             | SOLUTION                                                                                                     |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Blades Dull Quickly                          | Dirty logs                                                                                                                        | Clean or debark logs, espe-<br>cially on entry side of the cut                                               |
|                                              | When grinding teeth, heating too much and causing teeth to soften                                                                 | Grind just enough metal to<br>restore sharpness to the<br>teeth. Use water/coolant while<br>sharpening blade |
|                                              | Poor sharpening techniques                                                                                                        | Make sure the tip is being<br>sharpened completely (See<br>Sharpener Manual)                                 |
| Blades Break Prematurely                     | Rubber belts on blade wheels<br>worn to a point that blade con-<br>tacts metal pulley - look for<br>shiny spots on edge of wheels | Change blade wheel belts<br>(B-57)                                                                           |
|                                              | Poor sharpening techniques                                                                                                        | See Sharpener Manual                                                                                         |
|                                              | Tension too tight                                                                                                                 | Tension blade to recom-<br>mended specifications                                                             |
| Blade Does Not Track Right<br>on Drive Wheel | Cant adjustment is incorrect                                                                                                      | Readjust                                                                                                     |
|                                              | Flat/worn belts                                                                                                                   | Replace B-57 belts                                                                                           |
| Blade Guides Do Not Spin<br>While Cutting    | Frozen bearings                                                                                                                   | Replace bearings                                                                                             |
|                                              | Stiff bearings                                                                                                                    | Grease bearings                                                                                              |
| Drive Belts Wear Prematurely<br>or Jump      | Engine/motor and drive pul-<br>leys out of alignment                                                                              | Align pulleys <u>See Section 4.4</u><br><u>Motor and Drive Pulleys Align-</u><br><u>ment.</u>                |



# **Troubleshooting Guide**

Sawing Problems

| PROBLEM                                                           | CAUSE                                                                        | SOLUTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Boards Thick Or Thin On<br>Ends Or Middle Of Board.               | Stress in log which causes log to not lay flat on the bed.                   | After log has been squared,<br>take equal cuts off opposing<br>sides. Take a board off the<br>top. Turn the log 180 degrees.<br>Take a board off. Repeat,<br>keeping the heart in the mid-<br>dle of the cant, and making it<br>your last cut. |
|                                                                   | Set in teeth.                                                                | Resharpen and reset blade.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                   | Bed rails misaligned.                                                        | Realign sawmill.                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Height Adjustment Jumps or<br>Stutters When Moving Up or<br>Down. | Mast needs lubrication.                                                      | Lubricate mast track surface.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                                   | Up/down chain improperly adjusted.                                           | Adjust up/down chain.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                   | Vertical wear pads are too tight.                                            | Adjust pads.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                   | Drive belt(s) loose.                                                         | Adjust belts.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Lumber Is Not Square                                              | Vertical side supports not<br>square to bed                                  | Adjust side supports.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                   | Blade not parallel to bed rails                                              | Adjust bed rails parallel to blade.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                   | Sawdust or bark between cant and bed rails                                   | Remove particles                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                   | Tooth set problems                                                           | Resharpen and reset blade                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Sawdust Builds Up On Track                                        | Excessive oiling                                                             | Do not oil track                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                   | Track wipers worn                                                            | Adjust wipers to firmly contact<br>track                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                   | Track is sticky                                                              | Clean track with solvent and apply silicone spray                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Wavy Cuts                                                         | Excessive feed                                                               | Slow feed rate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                   | Improperly sharpened blade<br>(This will be the problem 99%<br>of the time!) | Resharpen blade (See Sharp-<br>ener Manual - read entire<br>manual!)                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                                                   | Blade guides improperly<br>adjusted                                          | Adjust blade guides.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                                                   | Sap buildup on blade                                                         | Use Water Lube.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                                                   | Tooth set problem                                                            | Resharpen and reset blade                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |



## 4.2 Electrical Problems

| PROBLEM                                      | CAUSE                                         | SOLUTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Up/down Excessively Slow.                    | Vertical wear pads too tight.                 | Adjust pads.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                              | Up/down belt loose.                           | Adjust belt to be as loose as possible without slipping                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Up/down Or Power Feed<br>Motors Do Not Work. | Worn/dirty contacts in drum switch.           | Replace switch or remove con-<br>trol panel cover and clean con-<br>tacts.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                              | Bad key switch.                               | Replace key switch.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                                              | Circuit breaker.                              | Reset breaker in control box.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                              | Burned-out motor.                             | Replace motor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                              | Bad connection on battery post or loose wire. | Check for loose wire or termi-<br>nal connections.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                              | Up/down motor relay dam-<br>aged.             | Have a qualified electrician replace the relay.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                              | Up/down motor is damaged.                     | Have a qualified electrician replace the up/down motor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                              | One phase lacks.                              | Check circuit breakers in the connectors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                              | Motor thermal protector started to work.      | Let the motor cool and then reset the thermal protector.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                              | Speed switch circuit over-<br>loaded.         | Turn off the power abd let the motor cool. Turn the power back on.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                              | Power feed is overheated.                     | Turn off the power abd let the motor cool. Turn the power back on.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                                              | Short circuit in speed switch motor system.   | Have a qualified electrician remove the short circuit.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Power Feed Motor Does Not<br>Work.           | Sawdust buildup in the power feed pulleys.    | Sawdust buildup puts mechan-<br>ical bind on power feed which<br>causes automatic motor pro-<br>tection circuit to activate.<br>Remove sawdust from pulleys<br>and operate normally. If motor<br>does not operate after sawdust<br>removal, reset 70 amp circuit<br>breaker on the front of the con-<br>trol box. |



Electrical Problems

| Up/Down Or Power Feed<br>Switches Remain Engaged<br>When Switch Is Released.                                                             | Worn or dirty contacts in drum switch.                                                | Manually move the power feed<br>or up/down switch back to<br>neutral or "off" position.<br>Replace drum switch or<br>remove control panel cover<br>and clean and lubricate con-<br>tacts NOTE: Use only contact<br>grease supplied by<br>Wood-Mizer. |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                          | Drum switch spring broken.                                                            | Manually move the power feed<br>or up/down switch back to<br>neutral or "off" position.<br>Replace drum switch spring.                                                                                                                               |
| Up/Down Or Power Feed<br>Motors Overheat And Loose<br>Power.                                                                             | System overload or bind occurred.                                                     | Correct problem. <u>See Section</u><br><u>4.3 Power Feed Problems.</u><br>Allow motor to cool before<br>restarting.                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                                                                                                          | Normal operation factors<br>exceeded (eg: up/down con-<br>trol jockeyed excessively). | Allow motor to cool before restarting.                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Everything Works And Then<br>Cuts Out - Works Again.                                                                                     | Bad fuse, or ground connec-<br>tion.                                                  | Check and tighten connec-<br>tions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Nothing Works Electrically.                                                                                                              | Blown fuse.                                                                           | Replace.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Intermittent Or Permanent<br>Loss Of Accessory Motor<br>Functions Occurs<br>(Up/down, Fwd/rev, Blade<br>Guide Functions Do Not<br>Work). | Bad connections at accessory solenoid or bad solenoid.                                | Check all connections at<br>accessory solenoid. If connec-<br>tions are good, replace sole-<br>noid.                                                                                                                                                 |



### 4.3 Power Feed Problems

| PROBLEM                                                                                        | CAUSE                                | SOLUTION                                                                          |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Power Feed Is Jerky At Low<br>Speeds Or Does Not Move<br>Until Speed Is Above Halfway<br>Mark. | Drum switch is dirty.                | Clean drum switch and lubricate<br>with contact grease supplied by<br>Wood-Mizer. |
|                                                                                                | Drum switch contacts are bad         | Check that contacts are in good condition and positively close circuit.           |
|                                                                                                | Speed swotch is worn.                | Replace the speed switch.                                                         |
|                                                                                                | Speed switch is blocked.             | Turn off the power for 20 sec-<br>onds and turn it back on.                       |
| Power Feed Is Jerky, But<br>Power Feed Motor Runs Prop-<br>erly At All Speeds.                 | Problem is mechanical.               | Refer to the Mechanical Test.                                                     |
| Power Feed Is Sluggish, Trips<br>Circuit Breaker Or Current<br>Limit.                          | Sawdust buildup in power feed cover. | Remove power feed belt cover and remove sawdust.                                  |

4

# **Troubleshooting Guide**

Power Feed Problems

| PROBLEM                     | CAUSE                                         | SOLUTION                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Power Feed Motor Overheats. | Middle track oiler is dragging.               | Clean middle track oiler and<br>lubricate with 30-weight oil or<br>ATF (Automatic Transmission<br>Fluid) such as Dexron II. Allow<br>motor to cool before restarting. |
|                             | Ground is not level.                          | Level mill with carpenter's level.<br>Allow motor to cool before<br>restarting.                                                                                       |
|                             | Track roller bearing drag is excessive.       | Lubricate bearings; Replace tight bearings. Allow motor to cool before restarting.                                                                                    |
|                             | Lower track rollers are not aligned properly. | Check stop block clearance from<br>lower bed rail. Allow motor to<br>cool before restarting.                                                                          |
|                             | Chain is dragging.                            | Make sure chain is centered on<br>cam follower bearing; Clean and<br>lubricate chain; Adjust chain ten-<br>sion. Allow motor to cool before<br>restarting.            |
|                             | Chain is improperly tensioned.                | Adjust chain tension. Allow motor to cool before restarting.                                                                                                          |
|                             | Seat load is excessive.                       | Check seat bearings for freedom<br>of movement; Loosen clamping<br>screw 1/4 turn. Allow motor to<br>cool before restarting.                                          |
|                             | Power feed is binding.                        | Adjust belt tension; Check condi-<br>tion of belt, pulleys, bearings,<br>and sprocket; Check motor for<br>ground fault. Allow motor to cool<br>before restarting.     |
|                             | Saw head load is excessive.                   | Avoid unnecessary modifications<br>to saw heads that would give<br>them extra weight. Allow motor<br>to cool before restarting.                                       |
|                             | Blade is dull or improperly set.              | Use proper blade maintenance<br>procedures (See Sharpener or<br>Toothsetter manual). Allow<br>motor to cool before restarting                                         |

### 4.4 Motor and Drive Pulleys Alignment

- 1. Install the drive belt.
- 2. Use a straight edge to align the engine/motor pulley to the drive pulley. Also check that the engine pulley is within 1/8" square with the drive pulley. Loosen the engine mounting bolts and rotate the engine if necessary.
- **3.** Check front-to-back movement of the engine does not exceed 1/4". Tighten the motor mount U-bolts if necessary.
- **4.** Engage the clutch handle and adjust the drive belt tension to 7/16" deflection with 10 lb. of force.
- **5.** Recheck the pulley alignment and engine squareness with the clutch handle engaged. Adjust if necessary.
- **6.** Adjust the drive belt support to 1/4" ( $\pm 1/32$ ) from the belt while engaged.

### 4.5 **Power Feed Variable Speed Switch Test**

With the feed rate dial switch all the way down, move the shaft of the dial back and forth to see if there is a jerky response. Turn the dial and move the shaft back and forth again. Repeat several times. If the jerkiness occurs at the same location on the dial several times, you need to replace the variable speed switch.

### 4.6 **Power Feed Preliminary Test**

This test will determine if the problem is a mechanical or electrical.

- 1. Remove the drive belt from the power feed drive pulley.
- 2. Turn the key switch to the (#2) position. Put the carriage forward/reverse switch into the forward position and turn the feed rate dial through all speeds. If the power feed motor runs properly at all speeds, the problem is a mechanical one instead of an electrical one.

### 4.7 Power Feed Mechanical Test

- 1. Remove the weight from the track rollers. They should turn smoothly and easily with very little play.
- 2. Make sure the middle track cover is not bent or touching the top rail.
- 3. Make sure the middle track oiler is free of sawdust buildup.
- **4.** Make sure the power feed chain is not stiff from rust. Also make sure the chain is not too tight.
- **5.** Check the power feed shaft. Visually inspect the bearings. The shaft should move neither in or out nor side to side.
- 6. Make sure the power feed chain cam bearing is not touching the main frame tube.
- 7. Make sure there is no sap or rust on the rails.
- **8.** Make sure the block on the lower track roller assembly is not rubbing the lower rail. Also make sure the track rollers are not too tight.
- **9.** Make sure the power feed belt is properly tightened.









# SECTION 5 SAWMILL ALIGNMENT

### 5.1 **Pre-Alignment Procedures**

The Wood-Mizer sawmill is factory aligned. Two alignment procedures are available to realign the sawmill if necessary. The Routine Alignment instructions should be performed as necessary to solve sawing problems not related to blade performance. The Complete Alignment procedure should be performed approximately every 1500 hours of operation (sooner if you regularly transport the sawmill over rough terrain).

### **Routine Alignment Procedure:**

- 1. Install and track the blade (<u>See Section 5.3</u>).
- Check the angle of the blade in relation to the bed rails and adjust the lower track rollers if necessary (<u>See Section 5.18</u>).
- 3. Check and adjust the vertical alignment of the blade guide arm (See Section 5.7).
- 4. Check and adjust the horizontal alignment of the blade guide arm (See Section 5.8).
- 5. Check and adjust the vertical angle of the blade guides (See Section 5.11).
- 6. Check and adjust the horizontal angle of the blade guides (See Section 5.13).
- 7. Check and adjust the spacing between the blade guide flanges and the back of the blade (<u>See Section 5.12</u>).
- 8. Check and adjust the horizontal angle of the side supports (See Section 5.15).
- 9. Check and adjust the vertical angle of the side supports (See Section 5.16).
- **10.** Check that the blade height scale accurately displays the actual distance from the bottom of the blade to the bed rails and adjust if necessary (<u>See Section 5.19</u>).

### **Complete Alignment Procedure:**

Perform all steps in this section to completely realign the sawmill.



## 5.2 Frame Setup

Stationary sawmills should be setup on firm, level ground before proceeding with alignment. Shim the feet so the weight of the sawmill is evenly supported.

Portable sawmills should also be setup on firm, level ground:

**LT40S AH:** Adjust the two middle outriggers on the main frame tube down just enough to lift weight from the trailer tire.

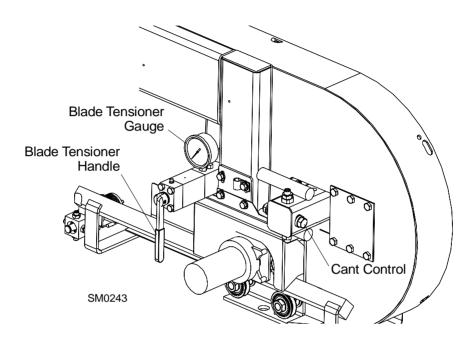
**LT40M A:** Adjust the two end outriggers on the main frame tube down just enough to lift weight from the trailer tire.

All Portable Sawmills: Adjust the two outer outriggers down just so they touch the ground but do not bear weight.

<u>See SECTION 2 Setup & Operation</u> for additional setup information.

## 5.3 Blade Installation And Alignment

**See Figure 5-1.** Install a blade and apply the appropriate tension (). Blade tension is adjusted with the tension handle shown.

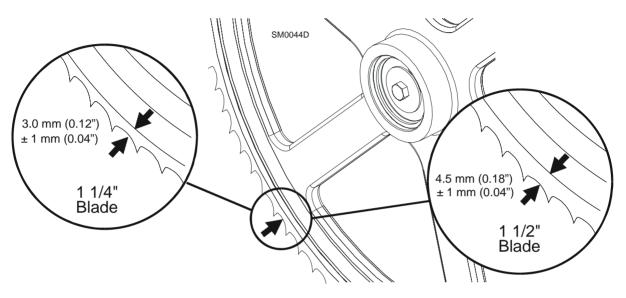


#### FIG. 5-1

- 1. Raise the middle blade housing cover and make sure all persons are clear of the open side of the saw head.
- **2.** Turn the key swich to pos. #2.
- **3.** Manually spin idle pulley
- 4. Remove the key and check the position of the blade on the blade wheels.

Check the vertical alignment of the idle-side blade wheel. The gullet of the blade should ride the same distance from the front edge of the wheel at the top and bottom of the wheel. If it does not, loosen and tighten the appropriate adjustment screws on the wheel shaft.

**See Figure 5-2.** The blade wheels should be adjusted so that the gullet of 1 1/4" blades ride 3.0 mm (0.12") out from the front edge of the wheels ( $\pm$  1.0 mm[0.04"]). The gullet of 1 1/2" blades should ride 4.5 mm (0.18") from the front edge of the wheels ( $\pm$  1 mm [0.04"]). Do not let the teeth ride on the wheels.





To adjust where the blade travels on the idle-side blade wheel, use the cant control shown in **Figure 5-1**.

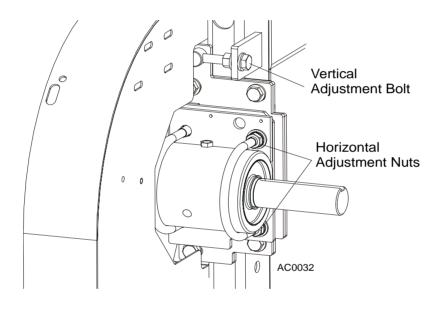
If the blade is too far forward on the wheels, turn the cant control counterclockwise. If it is too far back on the wheels, turn the cant control clockwise.

Some adjustment in blade tension may be needed to compensate for adjustments made with the cant control.

Adjustment with the cant control is usually all that is required to track the blade properly on both blade wheels. The drive-side blade wheel will usually not have to be adjusted. If necessary, the drive-side wheel can be adjusted as follows: **See Figure 5-3.** For horizontal adjustment, use the horizontal adjustment nuts. If the blade is running too far back on the drive-side blade wheel, locate the long U-bolt on the right which mounts the bearing housing to the mounting plates. Loosen the hex nuts on the U-bolt (on the back side of the back plate). Tighten the adjustment nuts to spread the plates apart and bring the blade forward.

If the blade is running too far to the front, loosen the jam nuts on the long U-bolt and back the adjustment bolts out. Tighten the hex nuts on the long U-bolt (on the back side of the back plate).

Be sure to tighten all nuts against the mounting plates when the adjustment is complete.



#### FIG. 5-3

The vertical angle of the drive side wheel is factory-set and should not need to be adjusted. If adjustment is needed, use the vertical adjustment bolt. To tilt the wheel upward, loosen the jam nut and turn the vertical adjustment bolt clockwise. To tilt the wheel downward, loosen the jam nut and turn the vertical adjustment bolt counterclockwise. Be sure to tighten the jam nut.

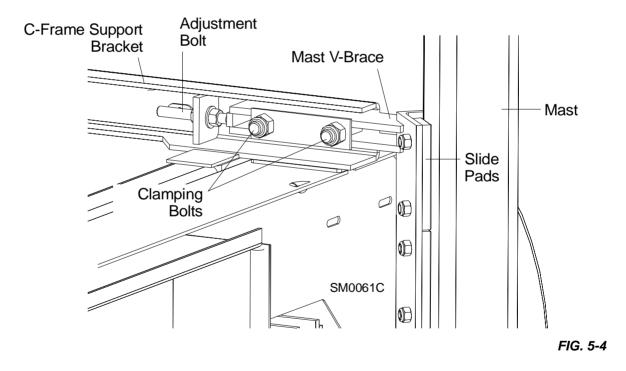
## 5.4 Saw Head Slide Pad Adjustment

There are eight nylon pads positioned between the saw head frame and vertical mast. The spacing of the pads is factory set and rarely needs adjusting. To check the pad spacing, perform the following steps.

**NOTE:** The pads on the engine side of the mast are referred to as the "inner" pads. The pads on the control side of the mast are referred to as the "outer" pads.

**NOTE:** Shims are often used around the clamping bolts, between the C-frame support bracket and the mast v-brace. The shims align the v-brace to the mast so that the entire face of each slide pad makes contact with the mast. Be sure to keep these shims in place when performing the following adjustment.

### See Figure 5-4.



1. Raise the saw head to the top of the vertical mast and secure the saw head with a chain at the top, or shim it underneath. Check the top set of four pads. The outer two pads should be touching the mast rails. There should be a small gap (just wide enough to slide a business card through) between one of the inner pads and the mast rail.



**WARNING!** Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the mast pads. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

- **2.** To adjust the spacing of the upper set of pads, lower the saw head until you can access the upper slide pad adjustment bolts.
- **3.** Loosen the upper locking bolts and turn the adjusting bolt as necessary to provide the pad spacing described in Step 1.
- 4. Lower the saw head to the bottom of the vertical mast. Check the bottom set of four pads.

There should be a small gap between one of the outer pads and the mast rail. The gap should be just wide enough to slide a business card through. The inner two pads should be touching the mast rails. To adjust the spacing of the lower set of pads, raise the saw head until you can access the lower slide pad adjustment bolts.

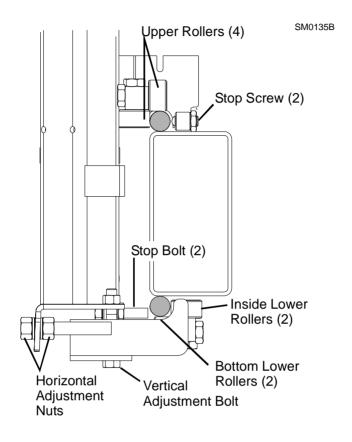
5. Loosen the lower locking bolts and turn the adjusting bolt as necessary to provide the pad spacing described in Step 4.

**CAUTION!** Due to variations in the vertical mast, the pad spacing may vary throughout the travel of the saw head. Check the pad spacing at the top and bottom ends of the mast only. Pads adjusted too tight will cause premature up/down motor failure.

# 5.5 Adjusting The Lower Track Rollers

**See Figure 5-5.** Making these adjustments correctly will give you square cuts and accurate dimensions across the width of your boards.

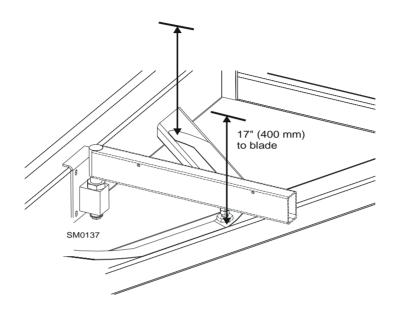
- **1.** Using the feed controls, move the saw carriage so that the blade is positioned over the front pivot end rail.
- 2. Check the lower roller on the bottom track rail. Make sure that the bottom rollers touch the bottom rail but remain loose enough that you can turn them with your finger. Use the vertical bolts to adjust the bottom track rollers.
- 3. Check the inside lower rollers. Both inside rollers should touch the rail so that you cannot spin them by hand. If the rollers are not adjusted evenly and you can spin either one, adjust the horizontal nuts until the roller cannot be spun by hand. Check the other roller and adjust if necessary. Adjust both inside rollers until each evenly supports the carriage and you cannot spin either by hand.
- 4. Move the carriage forward until the blade is positioned over the rear pivot end rail. Repeat steps 2 & 3 until all lower rollers are adjusted properly at the front and rear of the sawmill.



- 5. Remove the blade guides, or adjust them so that they do not touch the blade.
- 6. Open the adjustable blade guide arm to within 1/2" (15 mm) of full open.
- 7. Move the carriage back to the front pivot end rail. Raise the cutting head until the bottom of the blade is 17" (400 mm) above the outside of the pivot rail support by actual measurement with a tape or ruler.



### See Figure 5-6.



#### FIG. 5-6

- 8. Move the carriage forward to check the distance to the blade at the inside of the pivot rail support. All measurements should be equal within  $\pm 1.0$  mm.
- **9.** Turn the horizontal adjustment nuts evenly to adjust the inner lower rollers to tilt the saw head until the blade is parallel ( $\pm$  1.0 mm) to the pivot rail support on the outside.

**NOTE:** Adjustments of the lower track rollers change the angle between the cutting head and sawmill bed rails. Only small adjustments of the lower track rollers should ever be needed.

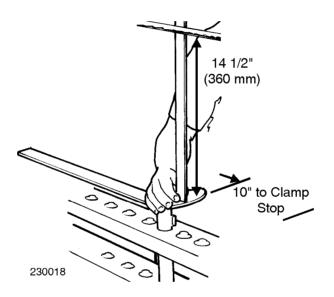
**10.** After the lower track rollers are adjusted properly, adjust the upper and lower stop screws. Tighten each screw until it just touches the rail. Then, back the screw off 1/2 turn. The gap will be approximately 2.0 mm.

**CAUTION!** It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the carriage on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

## 5.6 Adjusting Bed Rails To The Blade

- **1.** Install the log clamp at its lowest setting in a hole where the clamp is positioned 10" from the clamp stop (fourth hole from stop).
- 2. Move the saw head until the blade is centered over the clamp.
- **3.** Raise the saw head until the blade measures 14 1/2" (360 mm) from the top of the clamp. Use a rule to determine the actual distance of the blade to the clamp.

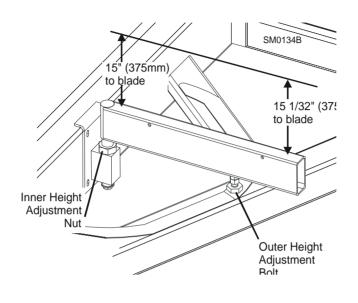
#### See Figure 5-7.



- 4. Adjust the front pivot rail 90° to the main bed tube.
- 5. Move the saw head to center the blade over the front pivot bed rail.
- **6.** Measure the distance from the top of the pivot rail to the bottom of the blade. Make this measurement at each end of the pivot rail.
- 7. The two measurements should be 15" (375 mm).
- **8.** Loosen the locking set screws and turn the inner height adjustment nut to adjust the height of the inner end of the pivot rail.

FIG. 5-7

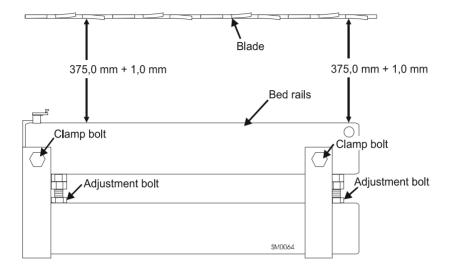
### See Figure 5-8.



- **9.** Loosen the jam nut and turn the outer adjustment bolt to adjust the height of the outer end of the pivot rail.
- **10.** Move the saw head so the blade is positioned over the center of the front main bed rail.
- Measure the distance between the bottom of the blade and the bed rail at each end of the bed rail. The bed rail should measure 15" (375 mm) (+ 1.0 mm on the outer end) from the blade at each end of the rail.

FIG. 5-8

### See Figure 5-9.

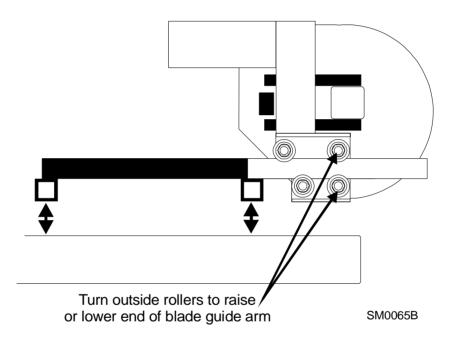


- **12.** Loosen the bed rail clamping bolts and turn the adjustment bolts to move the bed rails to the blade if necessary.
- **13.** Retighten the clamping bolts and adjustment bolts.
- **14.** Without adjusting the saw head height, check the three remaining main bed rails and the rear pivot rail. Adjust them so that all measure the same distance from the blade at both ends of the bed rail.

## 5.7 Blade Guide Arm Vertical Adjustment

- 1. Move the saw head so that the blade guide arm is directly over a bed rail.
- 2. Adjust the blade guide arm out to within 1/2" (15 mm) of full open.
- 3. Measure from the top of the bed rail to the arm.

### See Figure 5-10.



### FIG. 5-10

- **4.** Adjust the blade guide arm in to within 1/2" (15 mm) of full closed. Measure again from the top of the bed rail to the arm.
- **5.** Adjust the arm so that the measurement from the top of the bed rail to the arm in the closed position is the same as the measurement from the top of the bed rail to the arm in the open position.

If the arm is too low in the closed position, loosen the lower outside roller and tighten the upper outside roller (See Step 6.)

If the arm is too high in the closed position, loosen the upper outside roller and tighten the lower outside roller (See Step 6.)

6. The rollers are mounted on cam bolts that raise or lower the arm when turned.

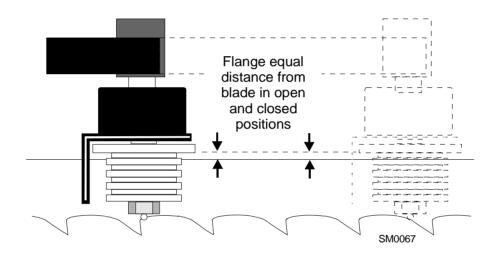
To adjust the rollers, locate the cam bolt head inside the housing and turn until the arm is lowered or raised as needed. Recheck the arm in both the open and closed positions. Repeat adjustments until the arm is the same distance from the bed rail in the open and closed position.

7. The blade guide arm should be snug, but not too tight, in the rollers. You should be able to move it in and out with firm hand pressure. There should be no side-to-side play.

# 5.8 Blade Guide Arm Horizontal Adjustment

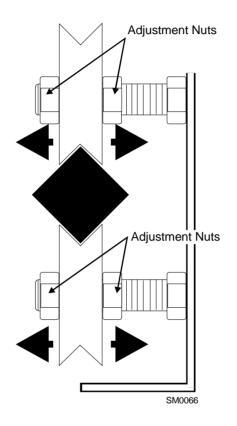
- 1. Put the blade guide assembly back in the arm (if you took it out). Put the assembly back so that the flanged collar on the roller is about 1/8" (3.0 mm) from the back of the blade when the throat is 1/2" (15 mm) from full open.
- 2. Close the throat to within 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed. Check to see that the flange is the same distance from the back of the blade.

See Figure 5-11.



**3.** If adjustment is needed, the guide rollers can be adjusted in or out on the threaded mounts to open or close the gap.

See Figure 5-12.





- **4.** Adjusting the outside two rollers (furthest from the arm motor) inward will cause the flange to move away from the blade.
- 5. Adjusting the two outside rollers outward will cause the flange to move toward the blade.
- **6.** Adjust until the roller flange is the same distance from the back of the blade in the open and closed position.

## 5.9 Aligning the Blade Guides

Each Wood-Mizer sawmill has two blade guide assemblies that help the blade maintain a straight cut. The two blade guide assemblies are positioned on the saw head to guide the blade on each side of the material being cut.

One blade guide assembly is mounted in a stationary position on the drive side of the saw head. This assembly is referred to as the "inner" blade guide assembly.

The other blade guide assembly is mounted on the idle side of the saw head. It is referred to as the "outer" assembly and is adjustable for various widths of materials to be processed.

Blade guide alignment includes four steps:

- Blade Deflection
- Blade Guide Vertical Tilt
- Blade Guide Flange Spacing
- Blade Guide Horizontal Tilt

Perform the blade guide alignment after you have aligned the blade on the wheels and adjusted the blade and blade guide arm parallel to the bed rails. After blade guide alignment, check the scale indicator to make sure it is adjusted properly (<u>See Section 5.19</u>).

**NOTE:** During blade guide alignment, remove the blade guide adjusting screws and apply a lubricating oil such as 10W30 or Dexron III to each screw. This will prevent the screws and threaded holes from corroding and make screw adjustments easier.

### 5.10 Blade Deflection

Perform the following steps to achieve proper blade deflection with the blade guides.

- 1. Raise the carriage until the blade is 15" (375 mm) above a bed rail. Measure the actual distance with a tape from the top of the rail to the bottom of the blade.
- **2.** Install the blade guides. Make sure the two set screws shown are threaded into the blade guide shaft until they touch each other.

See Figure 5-13.

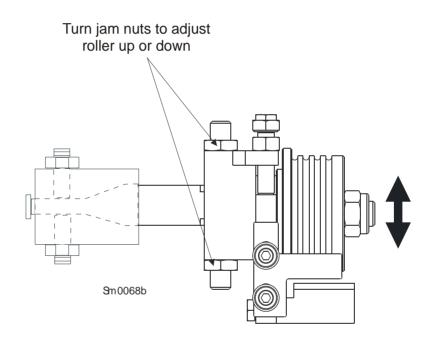


FIG. 5-13

- **3.** Loosen the bottom jam nut and tighten the top jam nut until the blade guide deflects the blade down 4.0 mm.
- **4.** Repeat for the other blade guide.

**NOTE:** Be sure that the blade guide deflector rod clears the blade on both guide assemblies. The rod on the outer guide assembly should be checked with the arm all the way in and all the way out.

# 5.11 Blade Guide Vertical Tilt Adjustment

Check that the blade guide does not tilt the blade up or down. A Blade Guide Alignment Tool (BGAT) is provided to help you measure the vertical tilt of the blade.

- 1. Open the adjustable blade guide arm 1/2" (15 mm) from full open.
- 2. Clamp the alignment tool on the blade. Position the tool close to a blade guide roller. Be sure the tool does not rest on a tooth or burr, and is lying flat on the blade.

### See Figure 5-14.

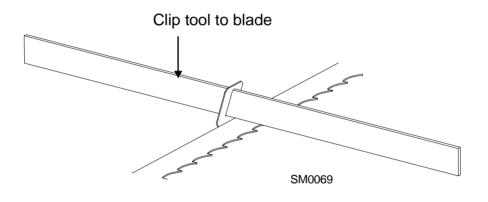


FIG. 5-14

**3.** Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom of the tool.

**NOTE:** If the sawmill is equipped with stainless steel bed rail covers, be sure to measure from the blade guide alignment tool to the top surface of the cover rather than the bed rail tube.

- 4. Move the carriage so that the front end of the tool is positioned above the bed rail.
- **5.** Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom edge of the tool.
- 6. Loosen one set screw at the side of the blade guide assembly.
- **7.** Use the set screws shown to tilt the blade guide until the measurement from the bed rail to the tool equals the first measurement taken at the center of the tool.

### See Figure 5-15.

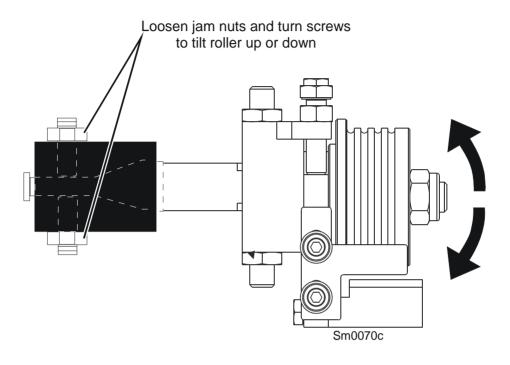


FIG. 5-15

- 8. Move the carriage forward so the back end of the tool is over the bed rail.
- **9.** Use the set screws shown to adjust the blade guide tilt until the measurement from the bed rail to the tool equals the other two measurements taken.
- **10.** Move the tool close to the other blade guide and repeat the previous steps.

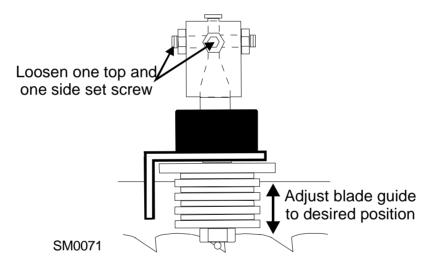
**NOTE:** If major adjustments to blade guide tilt were made, measure the distance between the blade and the bed rails again to ensure the correct 4.0 mm blade guide deflection. Adjust if necessary.

## 5.12 Blade Guide Spacing

**HINT:** When adjusting blade guide spacing, loosen the top set screw and one side set screw only. This will ensure horizontal and vertical tilt adjustments are maintained when the set screws are retightened.

- **1.** Adjust the inner blade guide so the blade guide flange is approximately 1/16"-1/8" (1.5-3.0 mm) from the back of the blade.
- **2.** Loosen one side and one top set screw shown. Tap the blade guide forward or backward until properly positioned.

### See Figure 5-16.



- **3.** Retighten the two set screws.
- **4.** Adjust the outer blade guide in the same way so the blade guide flange is approximately 1/16"-1/8" (1.5-3.0 mm) from the back of the blade.

## 5.13 Horizontal Tilt Adjustment

1. Finally, both blade guides must be tilted horizontally. Adjust the blade guide arm halfway in.

### See Figure 5-17.

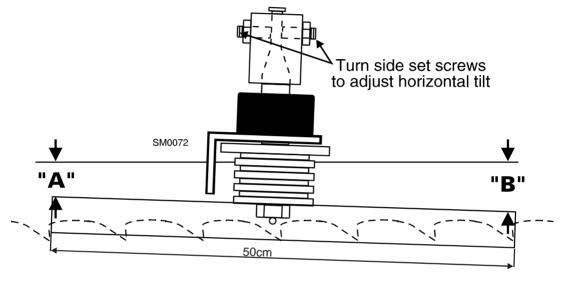


FIG. 5-17

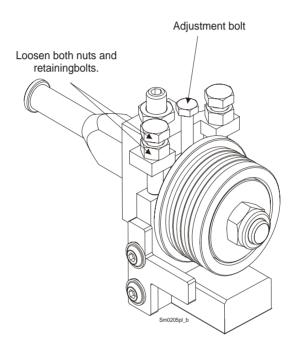
- 2. Place the Blade Guide Alignment Tool against the face of the outer blade guide roller.
- **3.** Center the tool on the roller and measure between the back edge of the blade and the ruler at the end closest to the inner blade guide ("B").
- 4. Measure between the back edge of the blade and the other end of the ruler ("A").
- 5. The roller should be tilted slightly to the left (A=B-1.4" [6 mm]).
- 6. Use the side set screws to adjust the horizontal tilt of the roller.
- 7. Repeat steps 3-7 for the inner blade guide roller.

**NOTE:** Once the blade guides have been adjusted, any cutting variances are most likely caused by the blade. **See the Blade Handbook, Form #600.** 

## 5.14 Blade Guide Disc Adjustment

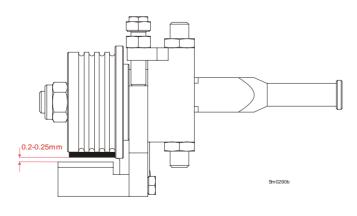
To ensure correct cutting, adjust the gap between the blade guide disc and the blade. Perform the adjustment with the blade installed and properly tensioned.

**See Figure 5-18.** Loosen both nuts and retaining bolts. Use the adjustment bolt to raise or lower the disc until its distance from the blade is .2 - .25 mm. Then retighten the retaining bolts so that the disc is parallel to the blade. Retighten the retaining bolt nuts.



#### FIG. 5-18

### See Figure 5-19. The gap between the disc and the blade should measure .2 - .25 mm.



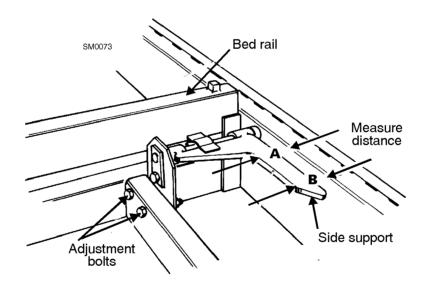
## 5.15 Horizontal Adjustment of Side Supports

Logs and boards are clamped against the side supports when sawing. The sides supports must be square to the bed to ensure square lumber.

- **1.** Swing the side support down.
- 2. Measure between the face of the support and the main bed tube. Make measurements at both ends of the side support to make sure that it is parallel to the rail.

#### See Figure 5-20.

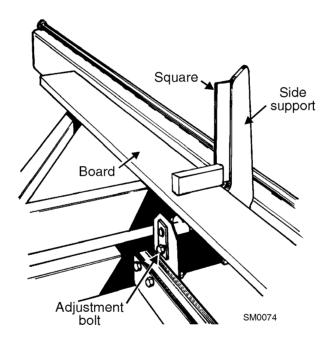
- **3.** Use the two lower bolts to adjust the side support so B=A.
- 4. Repeat for remaining side supports.



# 5.16 Vertical Adjustment of Side Supports

- 1. Place a flat board across the bed rails.
- 2. Swing a side support up so that it is vertical.
- **3.** Pull back at the top of the support to eliminate slack as if a log were being clamped against it.

See Figure 5-21.



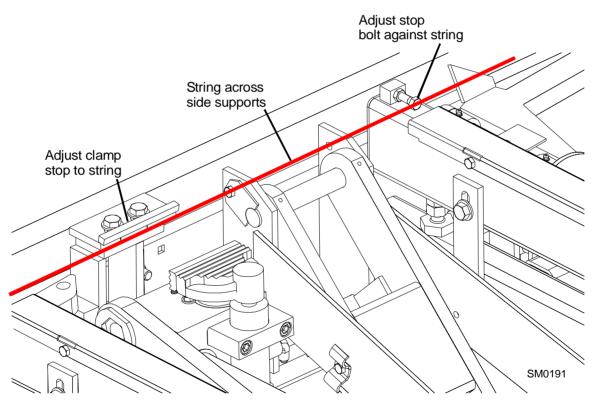
- 4. Check the angle of each support with a square on the board.
- **5.** The side support should be 90° to the bed rails. Loosen the top adjustment bolt, adjust the side support, and retighten the bolt.
- 6. Repeat for the remaining side supports.

## 5.17 Clamp Stop/Stop Bolt Adjustment

- 1. Once the side supports are aligned, pivot them down to their horizontal position.
- 2. Tie a string across the face of the side supports.

### See Figure 5-22.

**3.** Loosen the clamp stop bolts and adjust the clamp stop until it touches the string. Loosen the jam nut and adjust the bolt on the middle-rear bed rail until it touches the string.

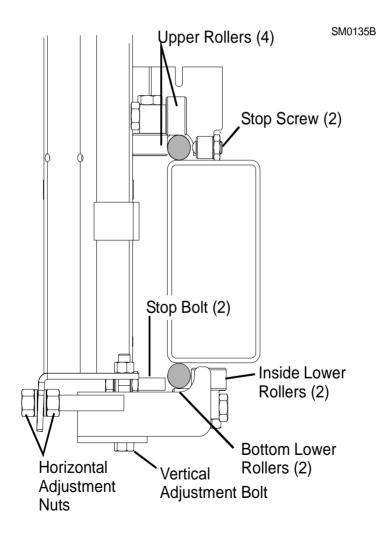


## 5.18 Saw Head Tilt

As the blade enters a wide log or cant, the outside of the saw head will drop down slightly. To compensate for the drop, use the lower track roller horizontal bolts to raise the outside of the saw head 1/16" (1.5 mm).

- 1. Move the saw head so the blade is positioned 14 3/4" (375 mm) above a bed rail.
- **2.** Adjust the lower track roller horizontal nuts until the blade measures 14 13/16" (376 mm) from the bed rail near the outer blade guide.

See Figure 5-23.



## 5.19 Blade Height Scale Adjustment

After the entire sawmill has been aligned and all adjustments made, check that the blade height scale indicates the true distance from the blade to the bed rails.

1. Move the saw head so the blade is positioned directly above one of the bed rails. Measure from the bottom edge on a down-set tooth of the blade to the top of the bed rail (or stainless steel sleeve if applicable).

### See Figure 5-24.

2. View the blade height scale with eyes level with the indicator.

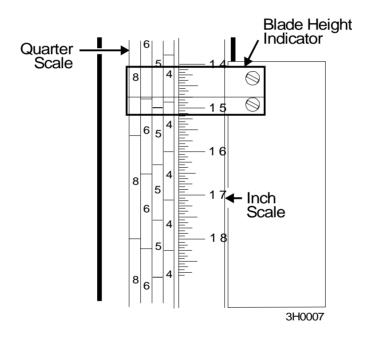


FIG. 5-24

**3.** Loosen the indicator bracket mounting bolts and adjust the bracket until the indicator is aligned with the correct mark on the scale. Retighten the bracket mounting nut.

For example, if the measurement from blade to bed rail was 14 3/4" (375 mm), make sure the indicator reads 14 3/4" (375 mm) on the scale.

## 5.20 Board Return Bracket

Adjust the board return bracket so the bottom edge is positioned 1/4" below the bottom of the blade.

- 1. With a square cant on the bed rails, lower the blade until it touches the top of the cant. Then raise the saw head 1/4" as shown on the scale.
- 2. Lower the board return arm. The board return bracket should barely touch the top of the cant.
- 3. Loosen the three bracket mounting bolts to adjust the bracket up or down as necessary.

See Figure 5-25.

