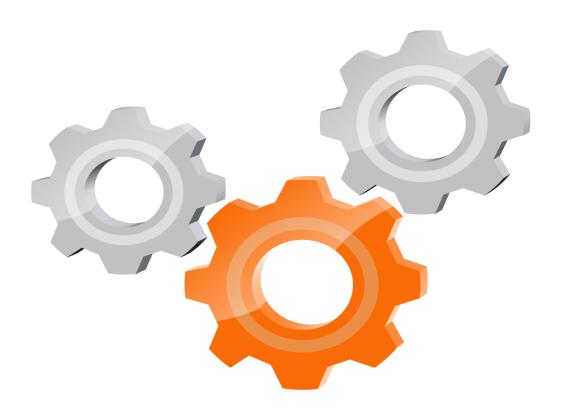


from forest to final form



user manual

Instrukcja obsługi | Руководство полъзователя Manuel de l'Utilisateur | Betriebsanweisung Bruksanvisning | Manual del Usuario Betjeningsvejledning | Gebruikershandleiding Käyttöohjeet | Manual de utilizare | Bruksanvisning Manuale d'uso | Příručka uživatele | Navodila za uporabo

Retain for future use Zachować do przyszłego użytku Сохраните для последующего и с п о л ь з о в а н и я A conserver pour une utilisation future Für zukünftige Benutzung aufbewahren Behold for senere bruk Säilytä nämä käyttöohjeet tulevaa tarvetta marten Opbevar manualen til fremtidig brug Bewaren voor gebruik in de toekomst Conservare il presente manuale a l'uso futuro Păstrați acest manual pentru utilizare viitoare Conservar para futuras consultas Behall för framtida användning Uchovejte pro další použití Hranite za prihodnjo uporabo

Wood-Mizer®

Safety, Setup, Operation & Maintenance Manual

LT70S AH rev. C4.02 LT70M AH rev. C4.02



Safety is our #1 concern! Read and understand all safety information and instructions before operating, setting up or maintaining this machine.

Form #1051

This is the original language for the manual.

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Check air gap

Getting Service

Wood-Mizer is committed to providing you with the latest technology, best quality and strongest customer service available on the market today. We continually evaluate our customers' needs to ensure we're meeting current wood-processing demands. Your comments and suggestions are welcome.

General Contact Information

From Europe call your local distributor or our European Headquarters and Manufacturing Facility in Koło, Nagórna 114 St, Poland at **+48-63-2626000**. From the continental U.S., call our U.S. Headquarter 8180 West 10th St.Indianapolis, IN 46214, toll-free at *1-800-525-8100*. Ask to speak with a Customer Service Representative. Please have your machine identification number and your customer number ready when you call. The Service Representative can help you with questions about the operation and maintenance of your machine. He also can schedule you for a service call.

Office Hours:

| Country | Monday - Friday | Saturday | Sunday |
|---------|-----------------|--------------|--------|
| Poland | 7 a.m 3 p.m. | Closed | Closed |
| US | 8 a.m 5 p.m. | 8 a.m 12 p.m | Closed |

Please have your vehicle identification number and your customer number ready when you call. Wood-Mizer will accept these methods of payment:

- Visa, Mastercard, or Discover
- COD
- Prepayment
- Net 15 (with approved credit)

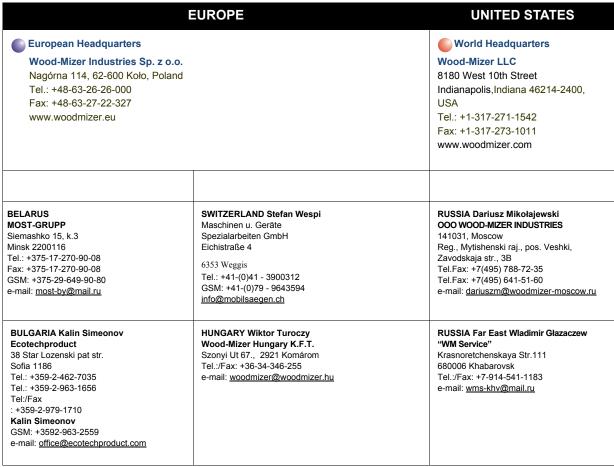
Be aware that shipping and handling charges may apply. Handling charges are based on size and quantity of order.

Technical data are subject to change without prior notice.

Actual product may differ from product images. Some illustrations show machines with optional equipment.

Branches & Authorized Sales CentersWood-Mizer Locations (North and South America)





CROATIA Krešimir Pregernik

Pregimex d.o.o. S. Batušiæa 31, 10090 Zagreb

Tel.:/Fax: +3851-38-94-668 Krešimir Pregernik GSM: +3851-98-207-106

e-mail: Kresimir.Pregernik@gmail.com

ITALY Pasquale Felice Wood-Mizer Italia Srl Cda. Capoiaccio SN

86012 Cercemaggiore Campobasso Tel.:/Fax: +39-0874-798-357

GSM: +39-333-281-03-79 e-mail: wmitaliasrl@gmail.com

SERBIA Dragan Markov Wood-Mizer Balkan d.o.o.

Svetosavska GA 3/3; P. Fah 25

23 300 Kikinda

Tel.:/Fax: +381-230-25-754 Tel.:/Fax: +381-230-23-567 GSM: +381-63-568-658 e-mail: office@woodmizer.co.yu

CZECH REPUBLIC Miroslaw Greill Wood-Mizer CZ s.r.o.

Osvaldova 91 339 01 Klatovy-Luby

Tel.:/Fax: +420-376-312-220 Fax: +420-376-319-011 Miroslaw Greill

GSM: +420-723-580-799 e-mail: greill@woodmizer.cz

SLOVAKIA Wiktor Turoczy Wood-Mizer Danubia s.r.o.

Hadovce 5, 94501 Komárno Tel.: +421-35-77-40-316 Fax: +421-35-7740-326 GSM: +421-905-930-972

e-mail: woodmizer@woodmizer.sk

CZECH REPUBLIC Lubomir Kudlik

Wood-Mizer Moravia Sovadinova 6

69002 Breclav Tel.:/Fax: +420-519-322-443

Lubomir Kudlik GSM: +420-602-734-792 e-mail: info@wood-mizer.net

LATVIA Vilmars Jansons OBERTS Ltd

Gaujas str. 32/2 LV-2167 Marupe, Rigas Raj. Tel.: +371-7-810-666

Fax: +371-7-810-655 Vilmars Jansons GSM: +371-92-06-966 **Andris Orols**

GSM: +371-28-33-07-90 e-mail: andris@oberts.lv

TURKEY

Er-Ka Ahsap Profil Kerestecilik San. ve Tic. Ltd. Sti.

Adana Keresteciler Sitesi 191 sk No.41 ADANA

Tel.: +90-322-346-15-86 Fax: +90-322-345-17-07 GSM: +90-533-363-18-44 e-mail: info@erkaahsap.com.tr

FINLAND Howard Blackbourn Oy Falkberg Jordbruk Ab

Falkintie 220 25610 Ylonkyla Tel.: +358-2732-2253 Fax: +358-2732-2263

Howard Blackbourn GSM: +358-440-424-339 e-mail: falkberg@woodmizer.fi

LITHUANIA Andrius Zuzevicius **UAB** Singlis

Savanoriu pr. 187, 2053 Vilnius Tel.: +370-5-2-32-22-44 Fax: +370-5-2-64-84-15 GSM: +370-620-28-645

Dmitrii Gaiduk

GSM: +370-69-84-51-91 e-mail: dmitrijus.g@singlis.lt

e-mail: andrius.z@singlis.lt

UKRAINE Ivan Vinnicki MOST UKRAINA

bul. Myru 3, Bajkivtsi Ternoplskyj r-j Ternopolska oblast

47711 Ukraine

Tel/Fax: +38 (0352) 52 37 74 GSM: +38 (067) 352 54 34 GSM: +38 (067) 674 50 68 E-mail: most-ukraina@ukr.net

FRANCE Tizoc Chavez

Wood-Mizer France 556 chemin des Embouffus, ZAC des Basses Echarrieres 38440 SAINT JEAN DE BOURNAY Tel: +33-4 74 84 84 44

GSM: +33-607 52 02 82 Mail: tchavez@woodmizer.fr

NORWAY Odd Edvoll

Wood-Mizer Nordic AS Vardelia 17, 2020 Skedsmokorset

Tel.: +47-63-87-49-89 Fax: +47-63-87-37-66 GSM: +47-930-42-335

e-mail: odd.edvoll@woodmizer.no

e-mail: firmapost@woodmizer.no

UNITED KINGDOM & IRELAND

Wood-Mizer UK

Kenward Road, Yalding Kent ME18 6JP, UK Tel.: +44-1622-813-201 Fax: +44-1622-815-534

SLOVENIA Jan Fale FAMTEH d.o.o.

Gacnikova pot 2, 2390 Ravne na Koroskem

Tel.: +386-2-62-04-232 Fax: +386-2-62-04-231 Jan Fale GSM: +386-2-62-04-230

e-mail: jan.fale@famteh.si

Matjaz Kolar

Tel.: +386-2-62-04-232 GSM: +386-31-775-999 e-mail: matjaz.kolar@famteh.si

Hopfield Barn

e-mail: info@woodmizer.co.uk

GERMANY Klaus Longmuss Wood-Mizer Sägewerke GmbH

Dorfstraße 5, 29485 Schletau Tel.: +49-5883-9880-10 Fax: +49-5883-9880-20 e-mail: info@woodmizer.de

Klaus Longmuss

Tel.: +49-5883-9880-12 GSM: +49-17-298-55-892 e-mail: KLongmuss@woodmizer.de Subagent:

SWEDEN Kjell Larsson Mekwood AB

Slingan 14, 812 41 Gästrike-Hammarby

Tel.: +46-290-515-65 Kjell Larsson

GSM: +46-706-797-965 e-mail: kjell.larsson@mekwood.se **IRELAND**

Wood-Mizer Ireland

Stephen Brennan

Cum Lahardane Ballina County Mayo

Tel:+353 96 51345

E-mail: brennanmill@ericom.net

Subagents:

DENMARK Brian Jensen Arnborgvej 9, 7330 Brande- Fasterholt

Tel.: +45-971-88-265 Fax: +45-971-88-266 Brian Jensen

GSM: +45-23-49-5828

e-mail: Fasterholt-Savvaerk@Mail.Tele.dk

ROMANIA Adrian Echert SC WOOD-MIZER RO SRL

TRANSILVANIEI Nr. 5 Sibiu, Cisnadie 555300 Tel.:/Fax::+40-369-405-433 GSM:+40-745-707-323

e-mail: aechert@woodmizer.ro

Regional Manager - Asia Wood-Mizer Asia Pte Ltd. James Wong Tel: +65 81216910

Fax: +65 6283 8636

WWW: www.woodmizerasia.com E-mail: jwong@woodmizerasia.com

Netherlands Chris Dragt

Lange Brink 77d, 7317 BD Apeldoorn Tel.: +31-55312-1833 Fax: +31-55312-2042 e-mail: Info@dragtbosbouw.nl Subagent: **ROMANIA M. Echert**

S.C. Echert Comprod s.r.l Str. Schitului Nr. 6, Apt.7 etajul-1 725 70 Vatra Dornei Romania Tel.:/Fax: +40-230-374-235 Tel.: +40-740-35-35-74

Regional Manager - Africa Wood-Mizer Africa Jean-Jacques Oelofse

UNIT 3, LEADER PARK, NO: 20 CHARIOT ROAD

STORMILL, EXT 5, Roodepoort, Johannesburg

Tel: +27 011 473 1313 Fax: +27 011 473 2005 Jean-Jacques Oelofse E-mail: jjoelofse@woodmizerafrica.com Jean-Jacques Oelofse

Skype:jean.jacques.pierre.oelofse

USA World Headquarters

Serving North & South America, Oceania, East Asia

Wood-Mizer LLC 8180 West 10th Street Indianapolis, IN 46214

Phone: 317.271.1542 or 800.553.0182 Customer Service: 800.525.8100

Fax: 317.273.1011

Email: infocenter@woodmizer.com

Canadian Headquarters

Serving Canada

Wood-Mizer Canada 396 County Road 36, Unit B Lindsay, ON K9V 4R3

Phone: 705.878.5255 or 877.357.3373

Fax: 705.878.5355

Email: ContactCanada@woodmizer.com

Brazil Headquarters

Serving Brazil

Wood-Mizer do Brasil Rua Dom Pedro 1, No: 205 Bairro: Sao Jose Ivoti/RS CEP:93.900-000

Tel: +55 51 9894-6461/ +55 21 8030-3338/ +55 51

3563-4784

Email: info@woodmizer.com.br

Europe Headquarters

Serving Europe, Africa, West Asia

Wood-Mizer Industries Sp z o.o. Nagorna 114 62-600 Kolo, Poland

Phone: +48.63.26.26.000 Fax: +48.63.27.22.327

Branches & Authorized Sales Centers

For a complete list of dealers, visit www.woodmizer.com

Sawmill and Customer Identification

Each Wood-Mizer sawmill has a 17-digit Vehicle Identification Number (VIN). See the figure below for VIN locations. See the chart for VIN description.

|--|

V.I.N. DESCRIPTION



V.I.N. LOCATIONS

HDSdoc041217

Each sawmill is also identified with a model number which includes the base model and the engine/motor configuration. See the figure for a description of the model number.

LT70
Basic Sawmill I.D.

E25
Engine/Motor
Configuration

MODEL NUMBER DESCRIPTION.

When you pick up your mill, you will receive a customer number. Both the VIN and your customer number expedite our service to you. Please write these numbers below so you have quick, easy access to them.

| Customer No. | Model No. | V.I.N. | Revision |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|
| | | | |

2 HDSdoc041217

SECTION 1 SAFETY & GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Safety Symbols

The following symbols and signal words call your attention to instructions concerning your personal safety. Be sure to observe and follow these instructions.



DANGER! indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING! suggests a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION! refers to potentially hazardous situations which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or damage to equipment.



Warning stripes are placed on areas where a single decal would be insufficient. To avoid serious injury, keep out of the path of any equipment marked with warning stripes.

Read and observe all safety instructions before operating this equipment! Also read any additional manufacturer's manuals and observe any applicable safety instructions including dangers, warnings, and cautions.

Always be sure that all safety decals are clean and readable. Replace all damaged safety decals to prevent personal injury or damage to the equipment. Contact your local distributor, or call your Customer Service Representative to order more decals.

IMPORTANT! It is always the owner's responsibility to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations regarding the ownership, operation and towing of your Wood-Mizer sawmill. All Wood-Mizer mill owners are encouraged to become thoroughly familiar with these applicable laws and comply with them fully while using or towing the mill.

Always properly dispose of all sawing by-products, including sawdust and other debris, coolant, oil, fuel, oil filters and fuel filters.

Safety instructions are listed in this section by the following operations:

- Blade Handling
- Sawmill Setup
- Sawmill Operation
- Sawmill Maintenance

Safety & General Information Blade Handling

1.2 Blade Handling



DANGER! Always disengage the blade and shut off the sawmill engine before changing the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



WARNING! Always wear gloves and eye protection when handling bandsaw blades. Changing blades is safest when done by one person! Keep all other persons away from area when coiling, carrying or changing a blade. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.



WARNING! Do not spin the blade wheels by hand. Spinning the blade wheels by hand may result in serious injury.

1.3 Sawmill Setup



WARNING! Chock the trailer wheels to prevent movement before unhitching it from the towing vehicle. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Failure to put front outrigger down before moving cutting head from the rest position may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Securely fasten the feet of a stationary sawmill to the floor before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always make sure the trailer is supporting the sawmill frame when operating a sawmill with adjustable outriggers. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death. The adjustable outriggers are intended to support the saw frame with assistance from the trailer.

WARNING! Do not set up the mill on ground with more than a 10 degree incline. If setup on an incline is necessary, put blocks under one side of the mill or dig out areas for outrigger legs to keep mill level. Setting up the mill on an incline could cause it to tip over, resulting in serious personal injury.



CAUTION! Changes in temperature could cause increased pressure in the blade tensioner and loss of fluid from the gauge. Release the blade tension when the mill is not in use to avoid damage to the tensioner.

Safety & General Information Sawmill Operation

1.4 Sawmill Operation



IMPORTANT! The sawmill is intended for sawing wood only. <u>See Section 1.9</u> for log size capacities of the machine. The sawmill must not be used for other purposes such as cutting ice, metal or any other materials.

IMPORTANT! The operator of the sawmill should get adequate training in the operation and adjustment of the machine.



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are closed.

DANGER! Always keep hands away from moving bandsaw blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Stay clear of the area between the trailer axle and saw head. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Keep all persons out of the path of moving equipment and logs when operating sawmill or loading and turning logs. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Maintain a clean and clear path for all necessary movement around the mill and lumber stacking areas. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Always be sure the blade is disengaged and all persons are out of the path of the blade before starting the engine or motor. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Keep all persons out of the path of returning boards. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



WARNING! Always disengage the clutch/brake mechanism whenever the sawmill is not cutting. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Always wear eye, ear, respiration, and foot protection when operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the on (#1) or accessory (#3) position. This prevents accidental carriage movement which may cause serious injury or death.



WARNING! Secure all loose clothing and jewelry before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always make sure log is clamped securely before sawing. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always leave loading arm halfway up while log is on saw-mill bed. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! The automatic board return is intended to assist a second operator in removing boards quickly. Do not use the board return when operating the sawmill alone. Serious injury, death or damage to the equipment may result.

WARNING! Never use the board return table as a platform to stand on. This table is designed and intended to assist in the removal of boards only. Standing on the table may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Use ONLY water with the water lube accessory. Never use flammable fuels or liquids. If these types of liquids are necessary to clean the blade, remove it and clean with a rag. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION! Be sure the pivot rails, turning arm, clamp, and toe boards are below bed level before loading a log onto the bed. Failure to do so may result in machine damage or cause misalignment.

CAUTION! Before loading a log, be sure the cutting head is moved far enough forward so the log does not hit it. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

CAUTION! Be careful when manually lowering the log loader. Do not drop the loader onto the ground or perform any action which might break the velocity fuse valves on the loader cylinders. These valves control hydraulic flow and are necessary to prevent the loading arm from collapsing during use.

CAUTION! Do not try to force the saw head beyond its upper and lower travel limits. Damage to the up/down system may result.

CAUTION! Always make sure the up/down switch moves to the neutral or off position when released to ensure that the saw head stops moving. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

CAUTION! Move the hydraulic clamp and turner to provide maximum ground clearance before towing. Failure to do so may result in damage to the sawmill.

Safety & General Information Sawmill Operation

CAUTION! Be sure to stop the blade when returning the saw head. This will not only prevent the blade from being pulled off and ruined by a wood sliver, but also will increase the life of the blade.

CAUTION! The saw head will hit the spring-loaded ramp stops when adjusted for low cuts. Remove the loading ramps before sawing to prevent damage to the saw head and/or blade guide arm.



CAUTION! Never clean the blade or the blade wheels with a brush or a scraper during sawmill operation.

CAUTION! Before installation of the blade, inspect it for damage and cracks. Use only properly sharpened blades. Always handle the blade with extreme caution. Use suitable carrier equipment for transporting the blades.

CAUTION! Always wear gloves when handling the blade. Never grab the blade with bare hands!

CAUTION! If the blade breaks during sawmill operation, push the EMERGENCY STOP button to stop the blade motor and wait 10 seconds before you open the blade housing cover.

CAUTION! The sawmill's work-stand should be equipped with a 4 kg or bigger dry powder extinguisher.

1.5 Sawmill Maintenance



WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before adjusting the up/down chain. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

WARNING! Always secure the cutting head with a chain or a brace before removing the up/down motor belt. The cutting head may fall, causing severe injury or death.

WARNING! Drum switch grease contains Petroleum Hydrocarbon Lubricant. Eye and skin irritant. If introduced into eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If film or irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water. If ingested, do not induce vomiting - contact a physician. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION! Reinstall the track wiper so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

CAUTION! Do not use chain lube. It causes sawdust buildup in chain links.

CAUTION! Do not over-tension the up/down chain. Over-tensioning may lead to early failure of the gear reducer.

CAUTION! Do not overtighten the feed chain. Damage to the power feed motor may result.



CAUTION! Do not overtighten the contact set screws on the hydraulic valve assembly. Overtightening may cause the threads in the screw hole to strip.

CAUTION! It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the saw head on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

CAUTION! Pressure should not exceed 2000 psi. If it does, the amp draw will rise above the design maximum of 200 amps, and could cause battery and system problems. Pressure above 2000 p.s.i. may also damage the hydraulic hoses.

CAUTION! Failure to remove sawdust buildup from the battery box lid and/or track rail cover could result in damage to these parts when the saw head is lowered to its lowest position.



1.6 Safety Instructions

NOTE: ONLY safety instructions regarding personal injury are listed in this section. Caution statements regarding only equipment damage appear where applicable throughout the manual.

Observe Safety Instructions



IMPORTANT! Read the entire Operator's Manual before operating the sawmill. Take notice of all safety warnings throughout this manual and those posted on the machine. Keep this manual with this machine at all times, regardless of ownership.

Also read any additional manufacturer's manuals and observe any applicable safety instructions including dangers, warnings, and cautions.

Only adult persons who have read and understood the entire operator's manual should operate the sawmill. The sawmill is not intended for use by or around children.

IMPORTANT! It is always the owner's responsibility to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations regarding the ownership and operation of your Wood-Mizer sawmill. All Wood-Mizer sawmill owners are encouraged to become thoroughly familiar with these applicable laws and comply with them fully while using the machine.



Wear Safety Clothing



WARNING! Secure all loose clothing and jewelry before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always wear gloves and eye protection when handling bandsaw blades. Changing blades is safest when done by one person! Keep all other persons away from area when coiling, carrying or changing a blade. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Keep sawmill And Area Around sawmill Clean





WARNING! Always wear eye, ear, respiration, and foot protection when operating or servicing the sawmill.



Keep sawmill And Area Around sawmill Clean



DANGER! Maintain a clean and clear path for all necessary movement around the sawmill and lumber stacking areas. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

Dispose Of Sawing By-Products Properly



IMPORTANT! Always properly dispose of all sawing by-products, including sawdust and other debris.

Check sawmill Before Operation



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.



Keep Persons Away



DANGER! Keep all persons out of the path of moving equipment and lumber when operating the sawmill. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

Safety & General Information Keep Hands Away

DANGER! Always be sure all persons are out of the path of the blade before starting the motor. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



WARNING! Allow blade to come to a complete stop before opening the blade housing cover. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

Keep Hands Away



DANGER! Always shut off the blade motor before changing the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Motor components can become very hot during operation. Avoid contact with any part of a hot motor. Contact with hot motor components can cause serious burns. Therefore, never touch or perform service functions on a hot motor. Allow the motor to cool sufficiently before beginning any service function.

DANGER! Always keep hands away from moving bandsaw blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

DANGER! Always be aware of and take proper protective measures against rotating shafts, pulleys, fans, etc. Always stay a safe distance from rotating members and make sure that loose clothing or long hair does not engage rotating members resulting in possible injury.



WARNING! Use extreme caution when spinning the blade wheels by hand. Make sure hands are clear of blade and wheel spokes before spinning. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Use Proper Maintenance Procedures



DANGER! Make sure all electrical installation, service and/or maintenance work is performed by a qualified electrician and is in accordance with applicable electrical codes.

DANGER! Hazardous voltage inside the electric boxes and at the motor can cause shock, burns, or death. Disconnect and lock out power supply before servicing! Keep all electrical component covers closed and securely fastened during sawmill operation.





WARNING! Consider all electrical circuits energized and dangerous.

WARNING! Disconnect and lock out power supply before servicing the sawmill! Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Never assume or take the word of another person that the power is off; check it out and lock it out.

WARNING! Do not wear rings, watches, or other jewelry while working around an open electrical circuit.

WARNING! Remove the blade before performing any service to the motor or sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

DANGER! Never clean the blade or blade wheels using the hand-held brush or scraper whilst the sawmill blade is in motion.

CAUTION! Before installation of the blade, inspect it for damage and cracks. Use only properly sharpened blades. Always handle the blade with extreme caution. Use suitable carrier equipment for transporting the blades.

CAUTION! Always wear gloves when handling the blade. Never grab the blade with bare hands!

CAUTION! If the blade breaks during sawmill operation, push the EMERGENCY STOP button to stop the blade motor and wait 10 seconds before you open the blade housing cover.

CAUTION! The sawmill's work-stand should be equipped with a 4 kg or bigger dry powder extinguisher.

Keep Safety Labels In Good Condition



IMPORTANT! Always be sure that all safety decals are clean and readable. Replace all damaged safety decals to prevent personal injury or damage to the equipment. Contact your local distributor, or call your Customer Service Representative to order more decals.

IMPORTANT! If replacing a component which has a safety decal affixed to it, make sure the new component also has the safety decal



affixed.

See Table 1-1. Pictogram decals used to warn and inform the user about danger in the LT70.

TABLE 1-1

| Decal View | W-M No. | Description |
|---|---------|---|
| 096317 | 096317 | CAUTION! Read thoroughly the manual before operating the machine. Observe all safety instructions and rules when operating the sawmill. |
| CO 099220 | 099220 | CAUTION! Close all guards and covers before starting the machine. |
| → •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• | 099221 | CAUTION! Keep all persons a safe distance away from work area when operating the machine. |

| | 098176 | CAUTION! Keep away from debarker blade! |
|--------------|---------|--|
| 0 0 096316 | 096316 | CAUTION! Do not open or close the electric box when the switch is not in the "0" position. |
| ₹ 1096319 | 096319 | CAUTION! Disconnect power supply before opening the box. |
| 085977B | 085977B | No lift the machine grasping by the element! |



| → | 086099 | CAUTION! Keep away - hot parts! |
|---|--------|--|
| 099222 | 099222 | CAUTION! Sawdust outlet. Protect eyes! |
| - C00542 | 099542 | CAUTION! Trailer. |
| 096321 | 096321 | Blade movement direction |
| 505189 | 505189 | Lever of tensioner's ball valve |
| Type Finm Elmm psi MPa 276 1.07 38 60-62 0.41-0.43 376 1.14 38 60-62 0.41-0.43 2735 1.07 35 65 0.45 3735 1.14 35 65 0.45 576 1.27 38 65-70 0.45-0.48 476 1.4 38 66-70 0.45-0.48 | 518439 | Blade Tension Values |

| 50h | 512240 | Clean chain from sawdust every 50 hours of operation or once a week |
|---------------|---------|---|
| 50h | 512158 | Lubricate chain every 50 hours of operation or once a week |
| Grando Grando | S12004G | CAUTION! Always wear safety goggles when operating the sawmill! |
| St. Page Sch | S12005G | CAUTION! Always wear protective ear muffs when operating the sawmill! |



| | | TABLE 1-1 |
|------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | 501465 | CAUTION! Always wear safety boots when operating the sawmill |
| | 501467 | Lubrication Point |
| P11789-70 | P11789-70 | Aligning the blade on the wheels |
| CE | P85070 | CE safety certification |
| C A A A A A A A A A A | 099401 | Russian safety certification |
| 2930 RPM 520007E | S20097E | 2930 RPM - Motor rotation direction |

Safety & General Information Keep Safety Labels In Good Condition





Safety & General Information Belt Sizes

1.7 Belt Sizes

See Table 1-2. Belt sizes for the LT70 are shown below.

| Description | Belt Size | Wood-Mizer Part # |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Motor Drive Belt (E25) | 3B/HB 2462La | 089464 |
| Up/Down Drive Belt (AC mills) | HA-670 | 091328 |
| Blade Pulley Belts | B72.5 ¹ | 017922 |

TABLE 1-2

¹ To insure proper blade tracking, use Goodyear, Dayco Super II, or Browning belts only.

1.8 Blade Sizes

See Table 1-3. Wood-Mizer TRU•SHARP™ offers three types of blades to provide efficient sawing for all models of sawmills. The engine/motor size of your sawmill and the type of wood you saw should determine which blade you choose for optimum performance. ¹

| | Softwood | Medium Hardwood | Frozen Timber or Dense Hardwood |
|---|----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| 5-15HP Gas | B275IH1030 B275IH741030 | B375IH929 | B375IH929 ¹ |
| 7.4-11kW (10-15HP) Electric 16-25HP Gas 33HP Diesel | B376IH1030 B376IH741030 | B275IH1030 B275IH741030 B376IH1030 B376IH741030 ² | B375IH929 ¹ |
| 15-18.5kW (20-25HP) Electric 42HP Diesel | B376IH1030 B376IH741030 | B275IH1030 B275IH741030 B376IH1030 B376IH741030 ² | B375IH929 ¹ |

TABLE 1-3

See The Blade Handbook for blade hook angle, tooth height, and tooth set specifications.

¹ TRU•SHARP™ "F" blades use a 9/29 profile (9° hook angle and 29° back angle) and are designed to cut frozen and/or extremely dense, hard-to-cut wood. Standard TRU•SHARP™ blades use a 10/30 profile.

² Customer may choose preferred blade.

^{1.}LT70 Sawmill is equipped with a blade with a length of 4.67 m.

1.9 Cutting Capacity

See Table 1-4. The LT70A can accept logs as listed below.

| | LT70AS | LT70AM | LT70AL |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Maximum Log Diameter | 36,6" (93 cm) | 36,6" (93 cm) | 36,6" (93 cm) |
| Maximum Log Length ¹ | 15'-11" (4.8 m) | 20'-2" (6.1 m) | 27'-6" (8.4 m) |
| Maximum Log Weight ² | 4400 lbs. (1996 kg) | 4400 lbs. (1996 kg) | 6614 lbs. (3000 kg) |

TABLE 1-4

¹ If your sawmill is equipped with a bed extension option, add the length of this extension to the sawmill length capacity (e.g. for BX12 add 12').

² Sawmills equipped with bed extensions can accept heavier logs if the weight is distributed so neither the sawmill or extension is loaded beyond the 4400 lbs. (1996 Kg) limit. Loading logs heavier than 4400 lbs. (1996 Kg) on a sawmill equipped with a bed extension requires auxiliary log handling equipment.

1.10 Engine/Motor Specifications

See Table 1-5. Engine/motor type specifications for the LT70 are shown below.

| Engine/Motor Type | Manufacturer | Model No. | Power | Other Specifications |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|--------|----------------------|
| 25HP Electric Motor ¹ | Siemens, Germany | 1LA7166-2AA60Z | 18,5kW | 33,8 A, 2930 RPM |

TABLE 1-6

See Table 1-7. See the table below for power supply specifications for the LT70 sawmill

| | 3-Phase Volts | Fused Discon- nect Switch | Recommended Wire Size |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| 15kW (EA20) | 400 VAC | 32 A | 6 mm ² up to 15 m of length |
| 18,5kW (EA25) | 400 VAC | 40 A | 6 mm ² up to 15 m of length |
| Hydraulic (+4kW) | 400 VAC | +10A | +1,5 mm ² up to 15 m of length |



TABLE 1-7

DANGER! It is recommended that a 30mA Ground Fault Interrupter (GFI) be used.

See Table 1-8. The other motors used in sawmills LT70AH are listed below.

| Model | Manufacturer | Voltage | Rated output | WM Part No |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------|
| Power Feed Motor | Besel, Polska | 3x230/ 400V | 1380 RPM - 1,1kW | 090104 |
| Up/Down Motor | Leeson, USA | 3x230/ 400V | 1390 RPM -1,1kW | 086530 |
| Blade Guide Arm Motor | Motor Products Owosso, USA | 12V | 60 RPM - 17W | P09698-1 |
| Hydraulic Pump Motor | Besel, Polska | 3x400V | 1415 RPM - 4 kW | 092258 |

TABLE 1-8

¹ The electric motors supplied on Wood-Mizer sawmills carry a rating assigned by the motor manufacturer for the continuous duty operation of the motor, potentially, 24 hours per day, day after day. This rating is useful in sizing motors for use in applications like blowers for heating and ventilation that are never cycled off except for system maintenance.

Safety & General Information Noise Level

1.11 Noise Level

See Table 1-9. The average noise level is given in the table below 12.

| Sawmill | Noise Level L _{EX8} |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| LT70 E15 AH | 87,1 dB (A) |
| LT70 E20 AH | 87,1 dB (A) |
| LT70 D42 DH | 87,5 dB (A) |

TABLE. 1-9

^{1.} The noise level measurement was taken in accordance with PN-EN ISO 3746 Standard . The noise exposure level given above concerns an 8-hour work day. Value for associated uncertainty K=4dB.

^{2.} The measured values refer to emission levels, not necessarily to noise levels in the workplace. Although there is a relation between emission levels and exposure levels, it is not possible to determine with certainty if preventives are needed or are not needed. The factors affecting a current level of noise exposure during work are inter alia room characteristics and characteristics of other noise sources, e.g. number of machines and machining operations nearby. Also, the permissible exposure level value may vary depending on country. This information enables the machine's user to better identify hazards and a risk.

1.12 Overall Dimensions

See Table 1-10. The overall dimensions of the LT70 sawmills with M and S frame are listed below.Chains

| Model | Length ¹ | Width ² | Width (Operating Position with Loading Arms) | Height ³ | Weight | Weight w/Trailer |
|-------|---------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|
| LT70S | 21' 11" | 6' 6" | 8' 2" | 7' 8" | 3291 lbs. | 3716 lbs. |
| | (6.7 m) | (2 m) | (2.5 m) | (2.4 m) | (1481 kg) | (1672 kg) |
| LT70M | 26' 2" | 6' 6" | 8' 2" | 7' 8" | 3491 lbs. | 3916 lbs. |
| | (8 m) | (2 m) | (2.5 m) | (2.4 m) | (1571 kg) | (1762 kg) |

TABLE 1-10

See Table 1-11. The load capacity of the chains is listed below.

| | Load Capacity According to ISO Nr 08A-1 |
|------------------|---|
| Power Feed Chain | 22700N |
| Up/Down Chain | 45400N |

¹ Length from hitch to chain bracket. ² Width from fender to fender.

³ Height from ground to mast. Placing head in maximum position will add to total height.

1.13 Hydraulic System

See Table 1-12. The specifications of the hydraulic system are shown below.

| Hydraulic Pump | #M-300-0230 Monarch |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| Pressure Rating | 15MPa (2200 PSI) |
| Max. Pressure | 16MPa (2300 PSI) |

TABLE 1-12

1.14 Dust Extractor Specifications

See Table 1-13. Specifications of the dust extractors used on the resaw for each saw head are listed below.¹

| Airflow | 1200 m ³ /h 3937ft ³ /h | |
|--|--|--|
| Inlet diameter | 100 mm (5.9") | |
| Motor power | 1,5 kW | |
| Number of sacks | 1 pcs | |
| Sack capacity | 0,25 m ³ (8.8 ft) ³ | |
| Weight 110 kg (242.5 | | |
| Pressure drop | 1,5 kPa (0.22 psi) ¹ | |
| Recommended conveying air velocity in the duct | 20 m/s 65.6 ft/s | |

TABLE 1-13

¹ The pressure drop between the inlet of the capture device and the connection to the CADES should be maximum 1,5 kPa (for the nominal air flow rate). If the pressure drop exceeds 1,5 kPa the machine might not be compatible with conventional CADES.



IMPORTANT! The dust extractor hoses must be grounded or made with materials not accumulating electrostatic charge.



CAUTION! Always turn on the dust extractor before starting the machine



IMPORTANT! The total value of hand-arm vibration the operator may be exposed to does not exceed 2.5 m/s². The highest root mean square value of weighted acceleration to which the whole operator's body is subjected does not exceed 0.5 m/s².

^{1.} External chip and dust extraction equipment with fixed installations are dealt with in EN 12779:2016-04



1.15 Components

See Figure 1-1. The major components of the Wood-Mizer LT70 Series are shown below.

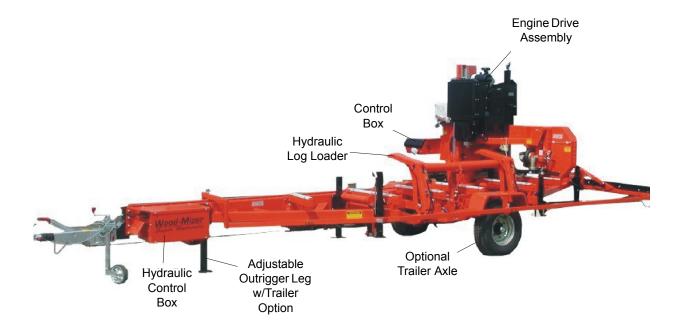


FIG. 1-1

1.16 LT70S/M AH Hydraulic Schematic

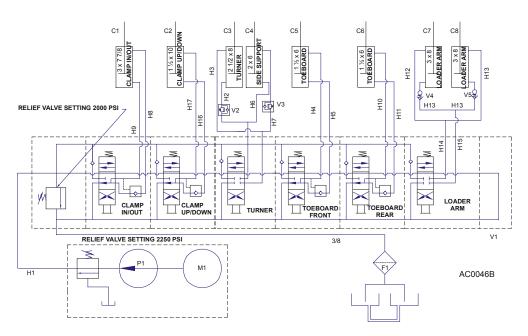


FIG. 1-2 HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC.

Relief valve setting 2000/2250 PSI -

Clamp In/Out -

Clamp Up/Down -

Turner -

Side Support -

Toe Board -

Toe Board Front -

Toe Board Rear -

Loader Arm -

1.17 LT70S/M AH Hydraulic Components

| ID | Mfg. Part No. | Manufacturer | Wood-Mizer Part # | Description | |
|--------|---------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| C1 | 015090 | J-D Hydraulic | 017275 | Hyd. Cylinder, 3" Bore X 7 7/8" Stroke | |
| C2 | PMC-19410 | Prince Mfg. | 015053 | Hyd. Cylinder, 1 1/2" Bore X 10" Stroke | |
| C3 | P12846 | J-D Hydraulic | P12846 | Hyd. Cylinder, 2 1/2" Bore X 8" Stroke | |
| C4 | P12845 | J-D Hydraulic | P12845 | Hyd. Cylinder, 2" Bore X 6" Stroke | |
| C5, C6 | 014482 | J-D Hydraulic | 014482 | Hyd. Cylinder, 1 1/2" Bore x 6" Stroke | |
| C7, C8 | P12847 | J-D Hydraulic | P12847 | Hyd. Cylinder, 3" Bore X 8" Stroke | |
| M1, P1 | | Hydromar, Szamotuly | 086789 | Hydraulic Unit (Container + Hydraulic Pump + Motor), 14.5 l/min. | |
| V1 | HDS11/6-6 | Betro Inc. | 015260 | Valve, 6-Handle | |
| V2, V3 | 49004-700 | Vonberg | 015484 | Sequence Valve | |
| V4, V5 | 28000-502-2.5 | Vonberg | 015750 | Valve, Hydraulic Velocity Fuse | |
| F1 | S28 | Hyd. Filter Supply | P20301 | Filter, Hydraulic Fluid Cartridge | |

TABLE 1-14

1.18 LT70S / LT70M Hydraulic Hoses

| ID | Color Code | LENGTH "A" | Application | Wood-Mizer Part No. |
|-----|----------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| H1 | None | 18" | 1/4" Hydraulic Pump To Valve | 015704 |
| H2 | None | 18" | 1/4" Hydraulic Pump To Valve | 015704 |
| Н3 | Plain | 27" | 3/8" Log Turner Cylinder Base | 014796 |
| H4 | Orange | 0.69m (27") | 3/8" Log Turner Cylinder Top | 087775 |
| H5 | Yellow | 3.27m (129") | 1/4" Front Toe Board Top (LT40S) | 087790 |
| | | 3.83m (151") | 1/4" Front Toe Board Top (LT40M) | 087776 |
| Н6 | Gray | 3.27m (129") | 1/4" Front Toe Board Base (LT40S) | 087790 |
| | | 3.83m (151") | 1/4" Front Toe Board Base (LT40M) | 087776 |
| H7 | Pink | 4.2m (166") | 3/8" Side Support Cylinder Base (LT40S) | 087791 |
| | | 4.77m (188") | 3/8" Side Support Cylinder Base (LT40M) | 087777 |
| Н8 | Plain | 4.2m (166") | 3/8" Side Support Cylinder Top (LT40S) | 087791 |
| | | 4.77m (188") | 3/8" Side Support Cylinder Top (LT40M) | 087777 |
| Н9 | White | 3.68m (145") | 3/8" Clamp Cylinder Top (LT40S) | 087792 |
| | | 4m (157") | 3/8" Clamp Cylinder Top (LT40M) | 087778 |
| H10 | Dark Orange | 3.28m (129") | 3/8" Clamp Cylinder Base (LT40S) | 087793 |
| | | 3.8m (151") | 3/8" Clamp Cylinder Base (LT40M) | 087779 |
| H11 | Purple | 5.2m (204") | 1/4" Rear Toe Board Top (LT40S) | 087794 |
| | | 5.74m (226") | 1/4" Rear Toe Board Top (LT40M) | 087780 |
| H12 | Black | 5.2m (204") | 1/4" Rear Toe Board Base (LT40S) | 087794 |
| | | 5.74m (226") | 1/4" Rear Toe Board Base (LT40M) | 087780 |
| H13 | Green | 1.58m (62") | 3/8" Loading Arm Branch Top | 014797 |
| H14 | Yellow | 1.6m (63") | 3/8" Loading Arm Branch Base | 014798 |
| H14 | Yellow | 1.8m (71") | 3/8" Loading Arm Branch Base | 093329 |

TABLE 1-15

1

| H15 | Blue | 4.34m (171") | | |
|-----|--------|-----------------|--|--------|
| | | 4.9m (193") | 3/8" Loading Arm Cylinder Top (LT40M) | 087781 |
| H16 | Red | 4.34m (171") | 3/8" Loading Arm Cylinder Bottom (LT40S) | 087795 |
| | | 4.9m (193") | 3/8" Loading Arm Cylinder Bottom (LT40M) | 087781 |
| H17 | Green | 4.57m (180") | 1/4" Clamp Up (LT40S) | 087796 |
| | | 5.1m (202") | 1/4" Clamp Up (LT40M) | 087789 |
| H18 | Yellow | 4.57m (180") | 1/4" Clamp Down (LT40S) | 087796 |
| | | 5.1m (202") | 1/4" Clamp Down (LT40M) | 087789 |

TABLE 1-15

1.19 LT70 Series AH5 Hydraulic Schematic

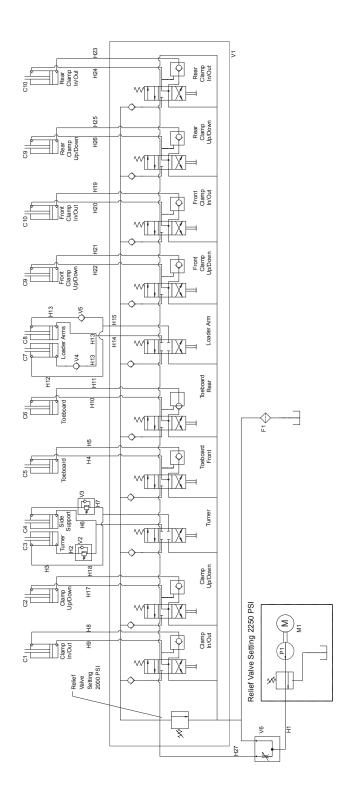


FIG. 1-2

Relief valve setting 2000/2250 PSI -

Clamp In/Out -

Safety & General Information LT70 Series AH5 Hydraulic Schematic

| Clamp Up/Down - |
|-----------------------|
| Turner - |
| Side Support - |
| Toe Board - |
| Toe Board Front - |
| Toe Board Rear - |
| Loader Arm - |
| Front Clamp Up/Down - |
| Front Clamp In/Out - |
| Rear Clamp Up/Down - |
| Rear Clamp In/Out - |

1.20 LT70 Series AH7 Hydraulic Schematic

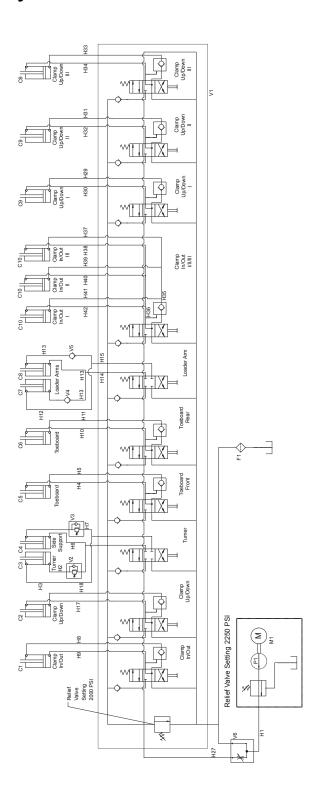


FIG. 1-2

Relief valve setting 2000/2250 PSI -

Clamp In/Out -

Safety & General Information LT70 Series AH7 Hydraulic Schematic

| Clamp Up/Down - | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Turner - | | | |
| Side Support - | | | |
| Toe Board - | | | |
| Toe Board Front - | | | |
| Toe Board Rear - | | | |
| Loader Arm - | | | |
| Clamp Up/Down I/II/III - | | | |
| Clamp In/Out I/II/III - | | | |

1.21 Hydraulic Blade Tensioner Schematic

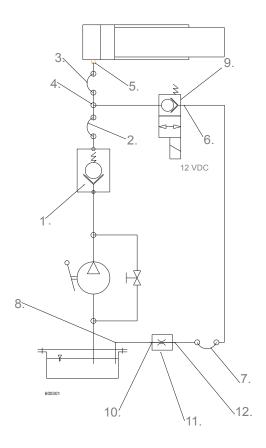


FIG. 1-3 HYDRAULIC SCHEMATIC.

1.22 Hydraulic Blade Tensioner Components

| ID | Description | | | |
|----|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Non-return Valve HVR NW10MLED | | | |
| 2 | Hose DN-12 | | | |
| 3 | Hose DN-12 | | | |
| 4 | T-Pipe DT RNW10HL | | | |
| 5 | Connector VRNW10HL | | | |
| 6 | Elbow W90HROKO6HJ04 | | | |
| 7 | Hose 1/4" | | | |
| 8 | Elbow W90HROK04HJ | | | |
| 9 | Valve ECP 20/22B2 | | | |
| 10 | Connector 4-4F642E DM XS | | | |
| 11 | Throttle Valve VSG522.100000 | | | |
| 12 | Connector 4-4F42ED MXS | | | |

TABLE 1-16

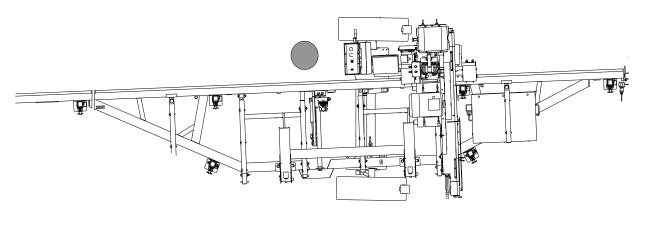
SECTION 2 SETUP & OPERATION

2.1 Sawmill Setup



IMPORTANT! Before starting to use the sawmill you have to meet the following conditions:

- Set up the sawmill on firm, level ground and level the sawmill. Secure the sawmill to the ground to prevent moving during operation. A concrete foundation or pads (rated to support 31 T/m² at each sawmill foot position) and 16mm anchored bolts are recommended.
- Under roof, the sawmill should always be operated with the sawdust collection system.
- The sawmill can't be operated outdoor when it is raining/snowing and in case of rain/snow the sawmill must be stored under roof or indoor.
- The sawmill can be operated in temperature range from -15° C to 40° C only.
- Illuminance at operator's position must be 300lx¹.
- The sawmill operator's position is shown below.





■ Have a qualified electrician install the power supply (according to EN 60204 Standard). The power supply must meet the specifications given in the table below.

| 3-Phase Volts | Fuse disconnect | Suggested Wire Size | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 400 VAC | 40 A | 6 mm ² up to 15 m long | |

TABLE 2-0

1.. The light source can not cause stroboscopic effect.



IMPORTANT! When starting the machine for the first time, check that main motor rotation direction is as indicated by the arrow located on the motor body (fan guard). If the rotation direction is incorrect, invert the phases in the phase inverter in the power socket (electric box). Setting the phases in the phase inverter correctly will ensure correct rotation directions of all sawmill motors.**CAUTION!** Press the emergency button located on the control box to stop the blade and the track feed motor. Turn the emergency stop clockwise to release the stop. The sawmill not restart until the emergency stop is not released.

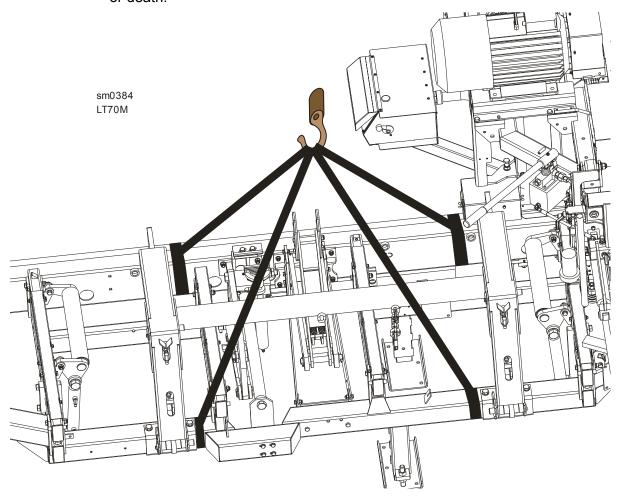


WARNING! In case of a blade or drive belt brake, wait until all rotating parts are completely stop. Failure to do so may result in serious injury

■ Tie the belts in the places shown on the picture below. The sawmill can be lifted using a forklift, a winch or a crane. The belts and the lifting equipment must be rated for at least 3000kg (6600 lb).



WARNING! When lifting the sawmill, use extreme caution and keep all persons at a safe distance. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.



2.2 Stationary Sawmill Setup

See Figure 2-1. Set up the mill on firm footing and level by eye. Fasten the mill to the floor to prevent any creep after prolonged use. A cement pad with 5/8" (16 mm) diameter anchor bolts is recommended. The cement pad should be rated to support 6350 lbs./sq.ft. (31 T/m²) at each sawmill foot position.

NOTE: Make sure the unit is level before securing. It is possible to twist the mill frame by jacking one foot higher than the others.

Level the sawmill by adjusting the feet to raise or lower each end of the sawmill. Adjust all feet evenly to avoid twisting the mill frame by jacking one feet higher than the others.



WARNING! Securely fasten the feet of a stationary sawmill to the floor before operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

See Figure 2-2.

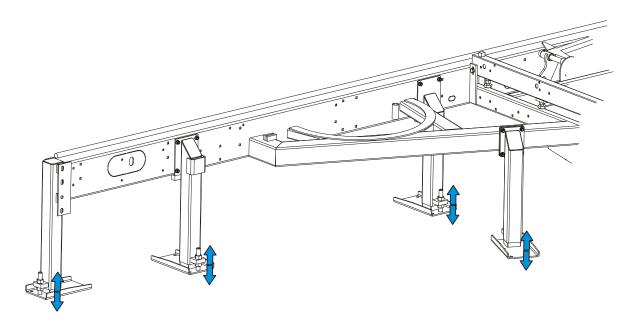
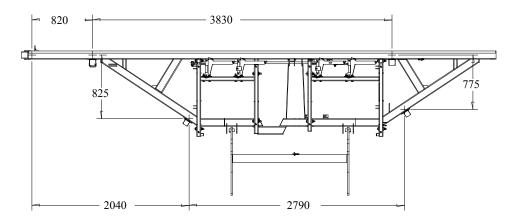
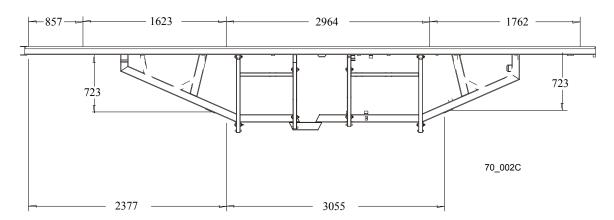


FIG. 2-2



LT70S Stationary Metric Dimensions*



LT70S Stationary Metric Dimensions*

FIG. 2-2

- 1. Unhook the saw head safety chain, located at the bottom of the vertical mast.
- 2. Turn the key switch on the control panel to the accessory position. Use the up/down switch on the control panel to raise the cutting head from the carriage rest pin. Remove the locking pin and swing the rest pin down below bed level.
- Use the saw head forward/reverse switch (left side of control box) to move the cutting head toward the front end of the mill. The hydraulic control levers become operational when the contacts at the bottom of the saw head touch the power strip on the frame tube. The hydraulic control levers will only work when the cutting head is close enough to the front end of the mill to touch the power strip.
 - **4.** Raise the two side supports that will prevent a log from falling off the side of the mill when loaded.

^{*}All dimensions in millimeters

See Figure 2-3.

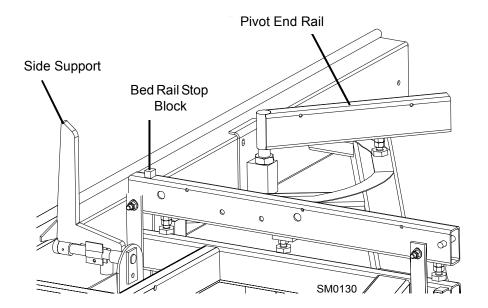


FIG. 2-3

2.2.4 Sawmills with cable guide

See Figure 2-1. The figure below shows setup of the sawmill, the control box and the guiding rail columns.

Secure the columns to the ground using 16mm anchored bolts.

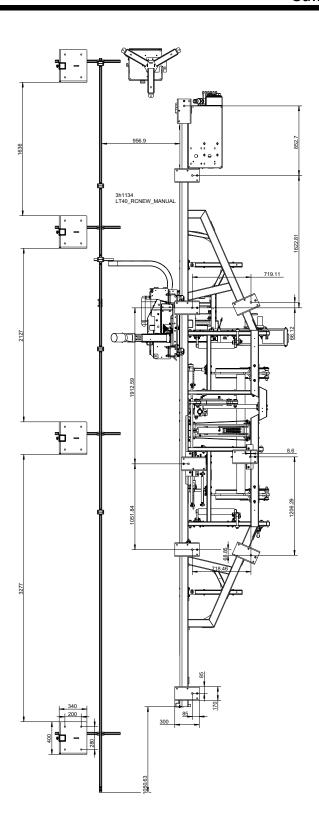


FIG. 2-1 LT40MRC

See Figure 2-2. The electrical wires should be installed on the guiding rail as shown below.



FIG. 2-2

See Figure 2-3. Install the rail bracket arm as shown below.

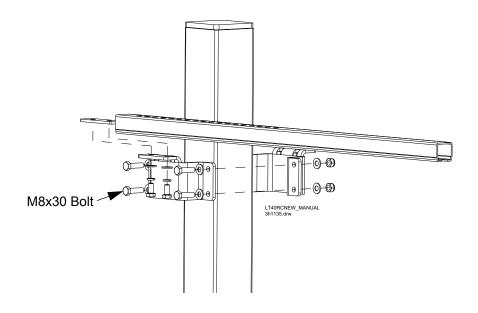


FIG. 2-3

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See Figure 2-4. Install the guiding rail.

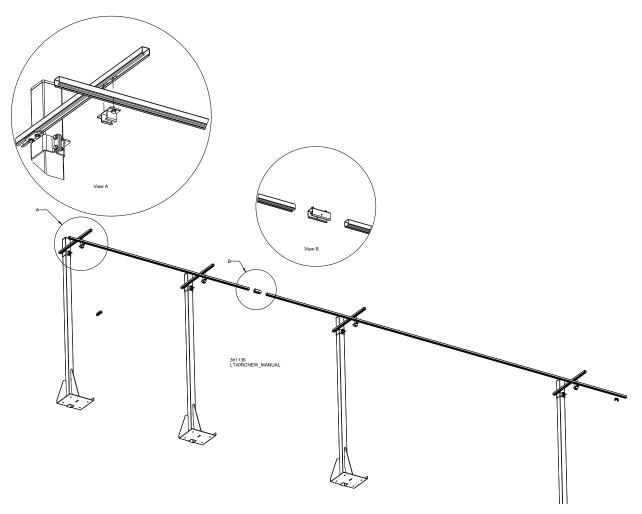


FIG. 2-4

See Figure 2-5.

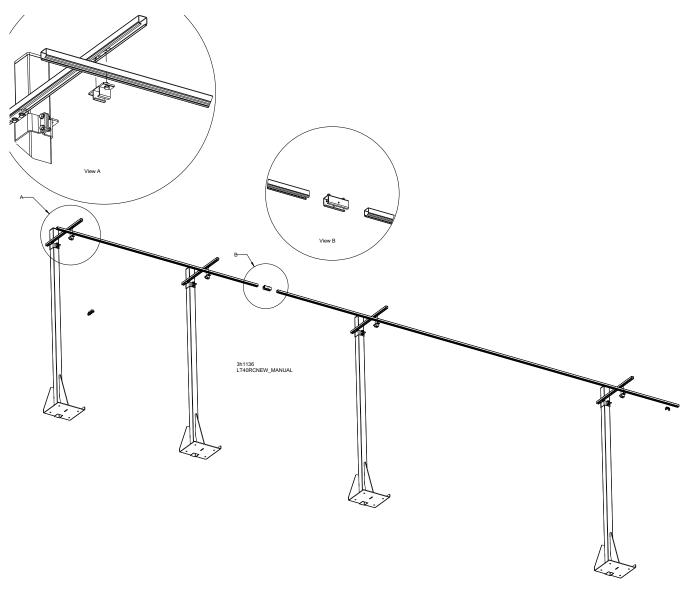


FIG. 2-5

2.3 Portable Sawmill Setup



WARNING! Do not set up the mill on ground with more than a 10 degree incline. If setup on an incline is necessary, put blocks under one side of the mill or dig out areas for outrigger legs to keep mill level. Setting up the mill on an incline could cause it to tip over, resulting in serious personal injury.

WARNING! Chock the trailer wheels to prevent movement before unhitching it from the towing vehicle. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

WARNING! Always make sure the trailer is supporting the sawmill frame when operating a sawmill with adjustable outriggers. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death. The adjustable outriggers are intended to support the saw frame with assistance from the trailer.

- 1. Unhitch the mill from the vehicle.
- 2. Lower and set the front outriggers. To lower the leg, first place a 19 socket wrench on the outrigger adjustment bolt and turn the bolt until the outrigger movable part reaches its highest position. Next pull the locking pin out of the outrigger hole. When the outrigger contacts the ground, release the pin. Then place a 19 socket wrench on the outrigger adjustment bolt and turn the bolt until the locking pin enters the nearest outrigger hole.



WARNING! Put front outrigger down before moving cutting head from the rest position. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

See Figure 2-5.

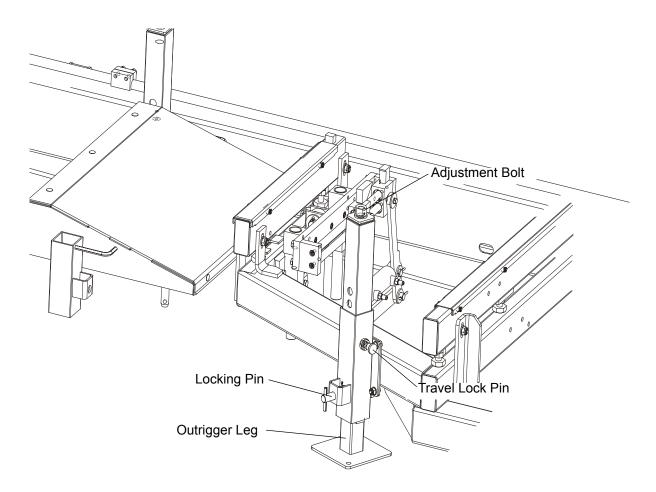


FIG. 2-5. OUTRIGGER ADJUSTMENT.



CAUTION! If setup sawmill on a boggy terrain (such as deep mud or sand) place the board or metal plate under each outrigger leg to prevent it from sinking.

- **3.** Dismount the saw head protection belt and raise the saw head.
- 4. Unhook the saw head safety chain, located at the bottom of the vertical mast.
- **5.** Remove the fenders by lifting them out of the slots.



CAUTION! To prevent fender damage, remove fenders before operating sawmill or loading logs.

- **6.** Use the saw head forward/reverse switch (left side of control box) to move the cutting head toward the front end of the mill. Lower and set the remaining rear outriggers.
- 7. Level the sawmill by adjusting the outriggers to raise or lower each end of the sawmill. Adjust all outriggers evenly to avoid twisting the mill frame by jacking one outrigger higher than the others.

Raise the two side supports to prevent the log from falling off the side of the mill when loaded.

See Figure 2-6.

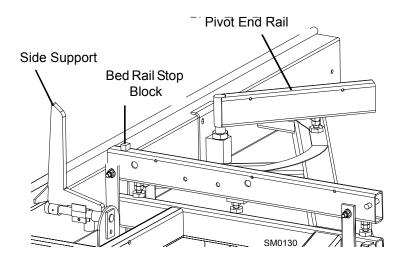


FIG. 2-6

2.4 Middle Track Cover

Before operating the sawmill do as follows:

- 1. Clean the upper and lower rails to remove any sawdust and rust preventives.
- 2. Unbolt and remove the middle track cover from its storage position.
- 3. Soak the felt wiper with Dexron III transmission fluid, 10W30 motor oil or 3-in-1 turbine oil.
- 4. Install the middle track cover so it fits against the rail and secure with two thumb screws.

See Figure 2-7.

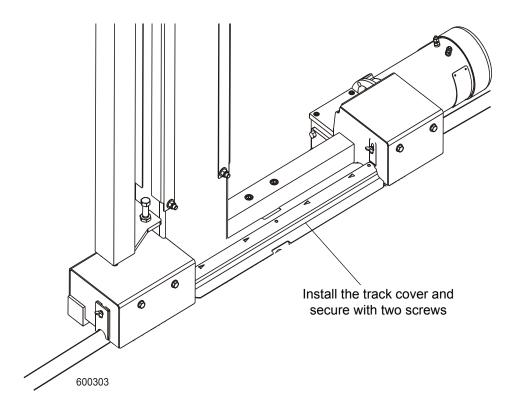


FIG. 2-7



CAUTION! Install the track cover so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

2.5 Replacing The Blade



DANGER! Always disengage the blade and shut off the sawmill engine before changing the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



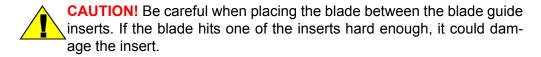
WARNING! Always wear gloves and eye protection when handling bandsaw blades. Changing blades is safest when done by one person! Keep all other persons away from area when coiling, carrying or changing a blade. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

Adjust the blade guide arm all the way open.

Open the two blade housing covers that cover the blade wheels. Release the blade tension. <u>See Section 2.6</u> until the wheel is pulled in and the blade is lying loose in the blade housing. Lift the blade out of the blade housing.

When installing a blade, make sure the teeth are pointing the correct direction. The teeth should be pointing toward the operator side of the mill when you are looking at the blade below the blade

guides. Install the blade so it is lying around the wheels.



Position 1 1/4" wide blades on the wheels so the gullet is 1/8" (3.0 mm) out from the edge of the wheel. Position 1 1/2" wide blades on the wheels so the gullet is 3/16" (4.5 mm) out from the edge of the wheel.

Close the blade housing covers.

Next, tension the blade correctly.

2.6 Tensioning The Blade

Before tensioning the blade, check the air pressure gauge to see that the air tension system is properly charged. The gauge should read 44 PSI, i.e. 0.3 MPa (yellow colour) with the blade tension completely released. To add air pressure attach an air pump to the air valve. To release air, push in the valve stem.

See Figure 2-8.

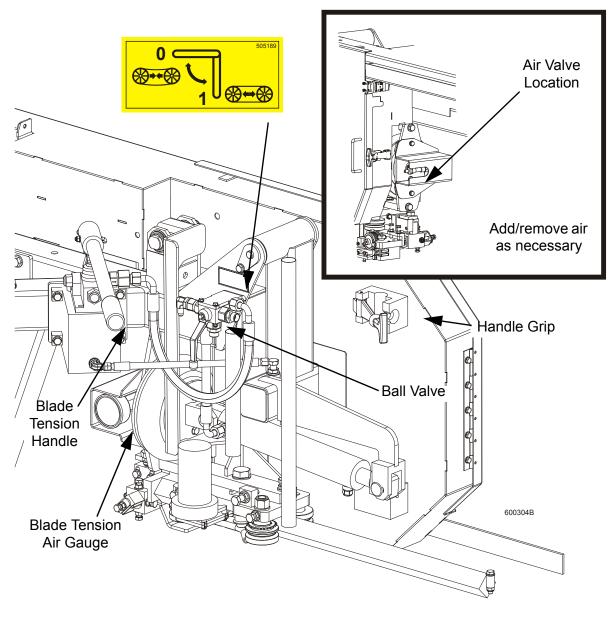


FIG. 2-8

To tension the blade use the tension handle, when the ball valve handle is in "1" working position. To release, shift the ball valve handle in "0" loosing position. The blade tension handle should be placed in the handle grip when not use.

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See Table 2-6. The recommended tension for different blades is shown below.

| Blade Type | Blade Dime | ensions | Tensio | n range |
|------------|----------------|------------|--------|-----------|
| | Thickness (mm) | Width (mm) | PSI | MPa |
| 2735 | 1,07 | 35 | 60-62 | 0,41-0,43 |
| 3735 | 1,14 | 35 | 65 | 0,45 |
| 276 | 1,07 | 38 | 60-62 | 0,41-0,43 |
| 376 | 1,14 | 38 | 62-65 | 0,43-0,45 |
| 576 | 1,27 | 38 | 65-70 | 0,45-0,48 |
| 476 | 1,4 | 38 | 65-70 | 0,45-0,48 |

TABLE 2-1

The tension gauge should be checked occasionally when adjusting the cant control or while cutting. Ambient temperature changes will cause tension to change. Adjust the tension handle as necessary to maintain the recommended tension level.



CAUTION! Release the blade tension when the mill is not in use (for example at the end of a shift). Tension the blade again before starting the motor.

2.7 Tracking The Blade

- 1. Turn the key switch to #2 position.
- 2. Manually spin one of the blade wheels until the blade positions itself on the blade wheels.
- 3. Check that if the blade is properly positioned on the blade wheels.

See Figure 2-9. Position 1 1/4" wide blades so the gullet is 1/8" (3.0 mm) out from the edge of the blade wheel ($\pm 1/16$ [1.5 mm]). Position 1 1/2" blades so the gullet is 3/16" (4.5 mm) out from the edge of the blade wheel ($\pm 1/16$ [1.5 mm]).

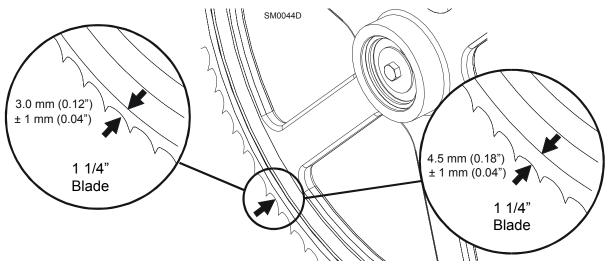
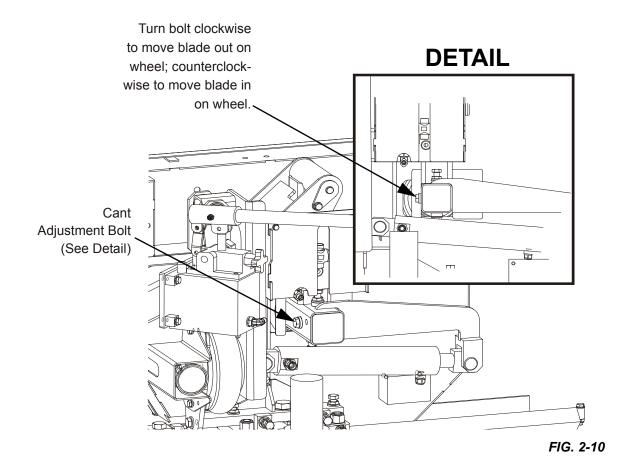


FIG. 2-9

4. Use the cant adjustment bolt to adjust where the blade travels on the blade wheels.

See Figure 2-10.



To move the blade out on the blade wheel, turn the cant adjustment bolt clockwise. To move the blade in on the blade wheel, turn the bolt counterclockwise.

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NOTE: Slight adjustments of the side bolts on the outer blade wheel are usually all that is necessary to track the blade properly. See Section 7.4 for complete blade wheel alignment instructions.

- **5.** Adjust the blade tension if necessary to compensate for any changes that may have occured while adjusting the cant control.
- 6. Spin the blade wheel by hand.
- **7.** Check again the position of the blade on the blade wheels. Repeat Steps 5 and 6 as necessary until the blade tracks on the blade wheels properly.
- 8. Turn the key switch to #0 position
- 9. Be sure to close the blade housing and pulley covers when the adjustment is complete.



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are closed (i.e. the safety switches located on them are engaged).



IMPORTANT! After aligning the blade on the wheels, always double-check the blade guide spacing and location. (<u>See Section 5</u> for more information.)

2.8 Starting The Engine (or Motor)

See the appropriate manual supplied with your specific engine/motor configuration for starting and operating instructions.



DANGER! Make sure all guards and covers are in place and secured before operating or towing the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

DANGER! Always be sure the blade is disengaged and all persons are out of the path of the blade before starting the engine or motor. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.



WARNING! Always wear eye, ear, respiration, and foot protection when operating the sawmill. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

WARNING! Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the on (#1) or accessory position. This prevents accidental saw head movement which may cause serious injury or death.

DANGER! Check the sawmill wiring every year. Make sure all electrical installation, service and/or maintenance work is performed by a qualified electrician.

WARNING! Hazardous voltage inside the electric box is dangerous. Turn the main switch to the OFF ("0") position and lock out power supply before opening the box door!

WARNING! The door of the electric box can be opened only when the main switch is in the "0" position. The door is closed when the switch is in the "1" position. Serious damage to the box may result while opening the door when the main switch is in the "1" position.



CAUTION! If at any time you need to immediately stop the blade motor, press the emergency stop button located on the control box.

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2.9 Hydraulic Control Operation

The hydraulic control levers become operational when the contacts at the bottom of the saw head touch the power strip on the frame tube. The hydraulic control levers will only work when the cutting head is close enough to the front end of the mill to touch the power strip.

See Figure 2-11. A/DH3 hydraulic units have six control levers to load, clamp, turn and level logs. A/DH5 and A/DH7 hydraulic units have four additional levers for controlling the Pull-Down clamps. In sawmills equipped with A/DH5 hydraulic system, individual Pull-Down clamps are controlled with separate levers. In sawmills with A/DH7 hydraulic system, in/out movement of individual clamps is controlled with the same lever and up/down movement of individual clamps is controlled with separate levers. A/DH5 and A/DH7 hydraulic control boxes are equipped with an oil flow control valve.

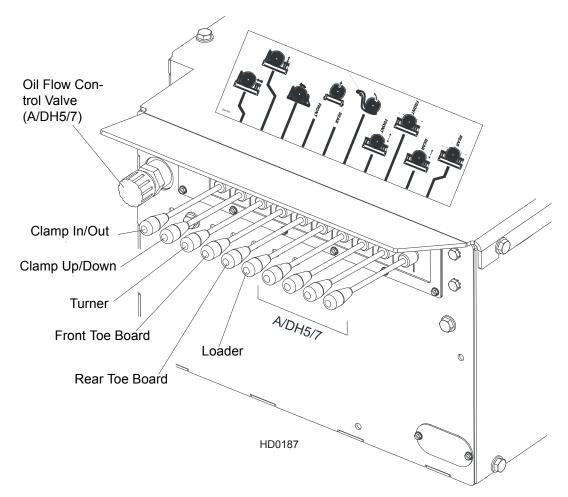


FIG. 2-11

See Figure 2-12. Clamping cants on sawmills equipped with A/DH5 hydraulic system

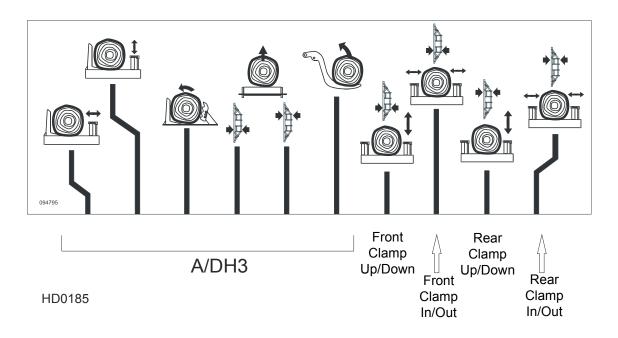


FIG. 2-12

See Figure 2-13. Clamping cants on sawmills equipped with A/DH7 hydraulic system

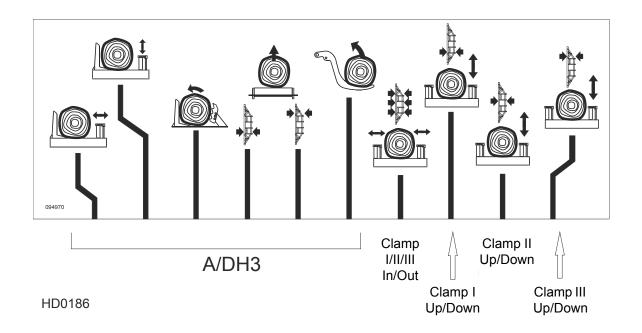


FIG. 2-13

Use the hydraulic control levers to get the mill ready to load a log.



DANGER! Keep all persons out of the path of moving equipment and logs when operating sawmill or loading and turning logs. Failure to do

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so will result in serious injury.



CAUTION! Always make sure the engine is running before operating the hydraulic controls. Operating the controls without the engine running will result in power drainage from the battery. Holding the hydraulic switches halfway up or down also will cause excessive drainage from the battery.

1. Move the clamp out and down so it will not get in the way of logs being loaded onto the bed.



Lower the clamp in/out lever to move the clamp out toward the loading side of the sawmill.

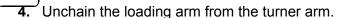


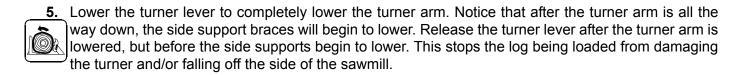
Lower the clamp up/down lever to lower the clamp below bed level.

2. Raise the log loader lever to extend the legs of the log loader out as far as they will go.



3. The chain securing the log loading arm to the log turner arm will be tight. Raise the log turner lever to raise the turner arm until there is slack in the chain.



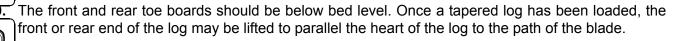


- **6.** When raising the turner lever, the side supports rise first. After reaching a fully vertical position, the turner arm will engage and start to rise.
- **7.** Manually lower the log loader so the legs rest on the ground.



CAUTION! Be careful when manually lowering the log loader. Do not drop the loader onto the ground or perform any action which might break the velocity fuse valves on the loader cylinders. These valves control hydraulic flow and are necessary to prevent the loading arm from collapsing during use.

8. Lower the loader lever to lower the loading arm as far as it will go. Logs must be rolled onto the loading arm one at a time for loading onto the bed of the mill.



The front toe board is raised by lifting the front toe board lever up. The rear toe board is raised by lifting the rear toe board lever up. Once a flat has been made and the log is ready to be turned, push the appropriate toe board lever down to lower either toe board until it falls below the level of the bed.

2.10 Loading, Turning, And Clamping Logs

To Load Logs

1. Move the saw saw head to the front end of the frame.



CAUTION! Before loading a log, be sure the cutting head is moved far enough forward so the log does not hit it. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.



CAUTION! Be sure the log clamp, turning arm and toe boards are adjusted out of the path of the log before loading a log onto the bed. Failure to do so may result in machine damage or cause misalignment.

- 2. Raise the side supports on the sawmill bed to prevent the log from falling off the side of the bed.
- **3.** Move a log up to the loading arm. Use cant hooks or loading equipment to move the logs to the foot of the loading arms.
- **4.** Roll the log onto the loader so that it is approximately centered with the sawmill bed. The log turner will operate much easier if the log is centered on the sawmill bed.
- 5. Raise the loader lever to raise the log onto the sawmill bed. Simply let the loader rise until the log rolls onto the mill bed.
 - **6.** Raise the clamp up (raise the clamp up/down lever.)to prevent the log from rolling of the bed.
 - 7. Lower the loading arm. Leave the loading arm about halfway up while squaring the log. This will stop the log from rolling off the side of the mill.



WARNING! Always leave loading arm halfway up while log is on saw-mill bed. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

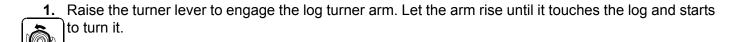
NOTE: Logs also may be loaded onto the mill with a tractor or other equipment specifically designed for that purpose.

- **8.** Raise the clamp up to prevent the log from rolling of the bed.
- 9. Raise the clamp up/down lever.



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To Turn Logs



- 2. Spin the log against the side supports until it is turned the way you want it for the first cut. If you want to turn the log more, do the following steps.
- 3. Engage the clamp by raising the clamp in/out lever. Clamp the log against the side supports.



Lower the turner lever to lower the turner arm below the log.

- **5.** Raise the turner arm to get a new bite on the log.
- **6.** Disengage the clamp.
- 7. The log can be turned now. Repeat steps 4 through 7 until the log is turned as desired.

To Turn Logs (Optional Procedure)

If you are turning a small cant, you may opt to use the clamp to turn the cant.

- 1. Lower the clamp up/down lever to lower the clamp below bed level.
- 2. Raise the clamp in/out lever to move the clamp in, beneath the edge of the cant.
- 3. Raise the clamp up/down lever to raise the clamp and flip the cant.



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Loading, Turning, And Clamping Logs

To Clamp Logs

1. Raise the clamp in/out lever and clamp the log against the side supports.



2. Lower the turner lever until the turner arm falls below the bed.



3. When the turner arm is lowered all the way, the side supports will begin to lower. Back the clamp off slightly, and let the side supports come down until they are positioned below the level of your first few cuts.

To Level A Tapered Log

Use the toe board lever(s) to raise either end of a tapered log, if desired.



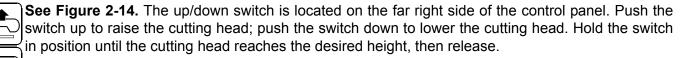
Raise the appropriate lever to raise the front or rear toe board until the heart of the log measures the same distance from the bed rails at each end of the log.

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2.11 Up/Down Operation

This section describes operation of the up/down system with the standard controls. See the operation section of the Setworks or Accuset manual for operation of the up/down system using these options.

- 1. Install a blade, if needed, and check for correct blade tension. (See Section 2.6).
- 2. Set the cutting head to the desired height. (The blade height scale shows the height of the blade above the bed rails.)



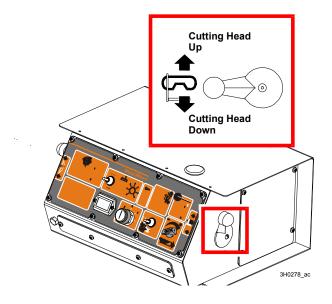


FIG. 2-14

The up/down switch is designed to return to the neutral or "off" position when released. If the switch remains engaged, manually move the switch to the neutral or "off" position. Repair the up/down drum switch.



CAUTION! Always make sure the up/down switch moves to the neutral or "off" position when released to ensure that the saw head stops moving. Failure to do so may result in machine damage.

CAUTION! DO NOT try to force the saw head above the 35" (88 cm) mark or below the 1" (2.54 cm) mark. Damage to the up/down system may result.

2.12 Blade Guide Arm Operation

- 1. Look down the length of the log to see its maximum width. The outer blade guide should be adjusted to clear the widest section of the log by less than 1" (25.4 mm).
- 2. Use the blade guide toggle switch on the control panel to adjust the outer blade guide as necessary. Push the switch to the left to move the arm in. Push the switch to the right to move the arm out.

See Figure 2-15.

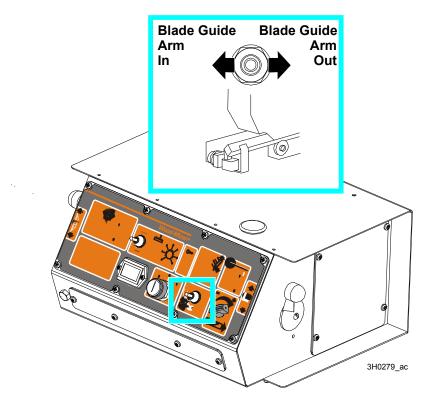


FIG. 2-15

3. Be sure to adjust the arm back out before returning the saw head.

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2.13 Power Feed Operation

See Figure 2-16. The power feed system moves the saw head forward and backward by using two switches on the control panel.

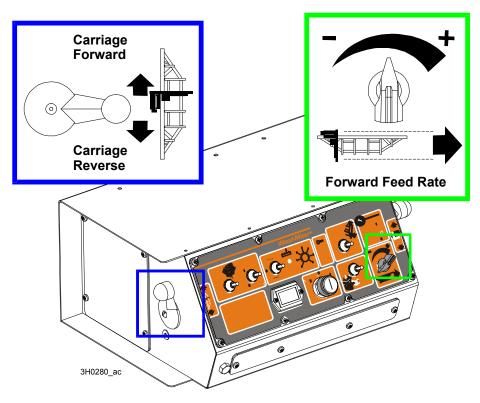


FIG. 2-16

Saw Head Feed Rate



The saw head feed rate switch controls the speed at which the saw head travels forward. Turn the switch clockwise to increase speed. Turn it counterclockwise to reduce speed.

Saw Head Forward and Reverse



The saw head forward/reverse switch controls the direction in which the saw head travels. Turn the forward/reverse switch upward to move the saw head forward. Turn the switch down to move the saw head backward.

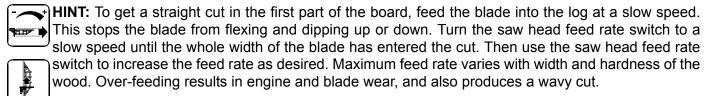
The middle position (as shown) is the neutral position. The power feed switch is designed to return to the neutral or "off" position when released from operating in the reverse position. If the switch remains engaged, manually move the switch to the neutral or "off" position. Repair the drum switch (See Section 4.2).



WARNING! Be sure the power feed switch is in the neutral position before turning the key switch to the on (#1) or accessory (#3 or #2) position. This prevents accidental saw head movement, which may cause serious injury or death.

Using The Power Feed

1. To move the saw head forward, push the drum switch handle forward and turn the feed rate switch clockwise.



2. Stop the saw head at the end of the cut by turning the saw head feed rate switch counterclockwise until the saw head stops moving. Disengage the clutch/brake lever up or the optional blade switch down to stop the blade and drop the engine to idle. Remove the board from the top of the log. Always disengage the blade before returning the saw head for the next cut.



CAUTION! Be sure to stop the blade when returning the saw head. This will not only prevent the blade from being pulled off and ruined by a wood sliver, but also will increase the life of the blade.

- **3.** Make sure that the blade does not catch on the end of the log. Raise the saw head slightly to make sure the blade clears the log when returned.
- 4. Return the saw head to the front of the mill by pushing the drum switch handle down. The power feed motor will bypass the saw head feed rate switch and the saw head will automatically return at the fastest speed available.

HINT: Try to stop the blade while the heel of the blade is still on the log. Then bring the saw head back without adjusting the blade up. This lets you keep the blade at the current height setting so you can make the next blade height adjustment more quickly.



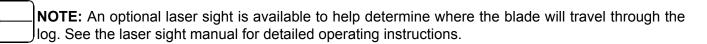
DANGER! Stay clear of the area between the trailer axle and saw saw head. Failure to do so will result in serious injury.

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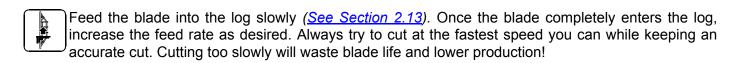
2.14 Cutting The Log

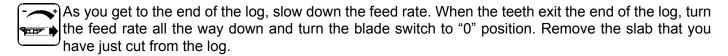
The following steps guide you through normal operation of the Wood-Mizer sawmill.

- **1.** Once the log is placed where you want it and clamped firmly, turn the key switch to the accessory (#1) position.
- 2. Use the blade height scale to determine where to make your first cut (<u>See Section 2.17</u>). The blade height scale will help you to do this. Set the blade to the desired height with the up/down switch. Make sure that the blade will clear all side supports and the clamp. Adjust the outer blade guide to clear the widest section of the log by moving the blade guide toggle switch.



- 3. Make sure all covers and guards are in place. Start the engine.
- 4. Start the water lube if necessary to prevent sap buildup on the blade. See Section 2.18.
- 5. If you want to use the board return function, push the toggle switch on the control panel down. <u>See Section 2.8</u>.





- 8. Use the saw head forward/reverse switch to return the saw head to the front of the mill. Always disengage the blade before returning the saw head for the next cut.
 - **9.** Repeat until the first side of the log is cut as desired. Set aside the usable flitches (boards with bark on one or both sides). You can edge them on the mill later.

- the log turner. Turn the log 90 or 180 degrees. Make sure the flat on the log is placed flat against side supports if turned 90 degrees. Make sure it is placed on bed rails if turned 180 degrees. If the log was turned 90 degrees and you are using toe boards to compensate for taper in the log, raise the front or rear toe board again on the second side of the log until the heart is parallel with the bed.
 - **11.** Repeat the steps used to cut the first side of the log until the log is square. Cut boards from the remaining cant by adjusting the blade height for the thickness of boards that you want.

Example: Remember that the blade cuts a 1/16 - 1/8" (1.6-3.2 mm) wide kerf. If you want 1" (25.4 mm) thick boards, lower the saw head 1 1/16 - 1 1/8" (27-28.6 mm) for each board.

2.15 Edging

The following steps guide you through edging boards on the Wood-Mizer sawmill.

- **1.** Raise the side supports to 1/2 the height of the flitches, or the boards that need to be edged.
- 2. Stack the flitches on edge against the side supports.
- **3.** Clamp the flitches against the side supports halfway up the flitch height. (Wider flitches should be placed to the clamp side. When they are edged, flip them over to edge the second side without disturbing the other flitches or without having to pull them from the middle of the stack).
- **4.** Adjust the blade height to edge a few of the widest boards.
- **5.** Loosen the clamp and turn the edged boards over to edge the other side.
- 6. Repeat steps 2-4.
- **7.** Loosen the clamp and remove the boards that have good clean edges on both sides. Clamp the remaining flitches and repeat steps 2-5.

2.16 Optional Cutting Procedure

In order to achieve maximum production rates with Super Series mills; it may be desirable to leave the blade engaged when returning the saw head. (Normal operation procedures recommend disengaging the blade before returning the saw head for maximum blade life and fuel economy.)



DANGER! If leaving the blade engaged for maximum production rates, make sure the off-bearer stays out of the path of the blade. Failure to do so will result in serious injury or death.



CAUTION! If you choose to leave the blade engaged; raise the blade to clear the log before returning the saw head. Failure to do so may cause damage to the blade and/or sawmill.

2.17 Blade Height Scale

See Figure 2-17. The blade height scale is attached to the saw head frame. It includes:

- a blade height indicator
- an inch scale
- a quarter scale

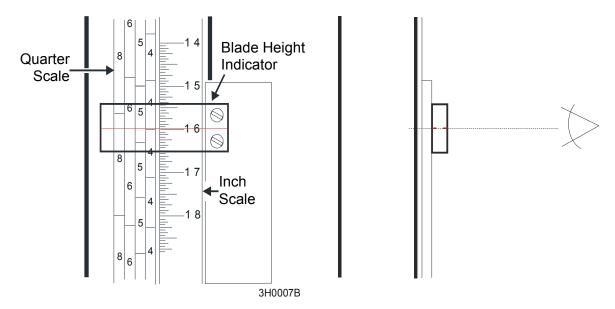


FIG. 2-17

The scales are attached to the frame and move up and down with the saw head. The blade indicator, used to read the inch and quarter scales, remains stationary.

Blade Height Indicator

The blade height indicator has two horizontal, red lines on both sides. Readings should be taken with eyes level with the indicator, when the two red lines are in line. This will allow to avoid the parallax error (different scale readings depending on the angle of vision).

The Inch Scale

The horizontal red line on the blade height indicator shows how many inches the bottom of the blade is above the bed of the mill. If you know the height of your blade at each cut, you can determine the thickness of lumber you are sawing.

Example: You want to cut 1" (25 mm) random width boards from a log. Position the blade for the first cut. Move the saw head to an even measurement on the inch scale. Make a trim cut. Return the saw head for the second cut and lower it 1 1/8" (29 mm) below the original measurement. (The extra 1/8" (3 mm) allows for saw kerf and shrinkage of the lumber.)

The yellow area on the scale identifies where the blade could encounter a side support or log clamp. Check that these items are below the blade level before sawing

The Quarter Scale

See Table 2-7. Two quarter scales are provided with four sets of marks. Each set represents a specific lumber thickness. Saw kerf and shrinkage allowance are included, but actual board thickness will vary slightly depending on blade thickness and tooth set.

To choose which scale to use, determine what finished thickness you want to end up with. The Grade Hardwood Quarter Scale provides thicker finished boards usually required by commercial buyers. The Standard Quarter Scale allows for kerf and shrinkage of finished boards suitable for most custom applications. Always check with your customer before you saw to determine what actual finished thickness is required.

| Sta | Standard Quarter Scale | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Scale | Actual Board Thickness | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4/4 | 1" (25 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5/4 | 1 1/4" (32 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6/4 | 1 1/2" (38 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8/4 | 2" (51 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |

| Grade I | Grade Hardwood Quarter Scale | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Scale | Actual Board Thickness | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4/4 | 1 1/8" (29 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5/4 | 1 3/8" (35 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6/4 | 1 5/8" (41 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8/4 | 2 1/8" (54 mm) | | | | | | | | | | |

TABLE 2-7

To use the quarter scale, look at the blade height indicator.Line up the horizontal red line on the indicator with the nearest mark on the scale you want to use. Make a trim cut. When you return the saw head for a second cut, lower the saw head to the next mark on the scale. This mark shows where the blade should be positioned to cut a certain thickness of lumber, without having to measure on the inch scale.

Example: You want to cut 1" (25 mm) (4/4) random width boards from a log. Position the blade for the first cut. Adjust the quarter scale so a 4/4 mark is aligned with the red line on the indicator. Make a trim cut. Return the saw head for the second cut. Now, instead of having to measure down 1 1/8"

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(29 mm) on the inch scale, you can simply lower the blade so the indicator is aligned with the next 4/4 mark on the quarter scale. Turn the log 90 degrees and repeat.

2.18 Water Lube Operation

See Figure 2-18. The Water Lube System keeps the blade clean. Water flows from a 5-gallon (18.9 liter) bottle through a hose to the blade guide where the blade enters the log. A valve in the bottle cap controls the amount of water flow.

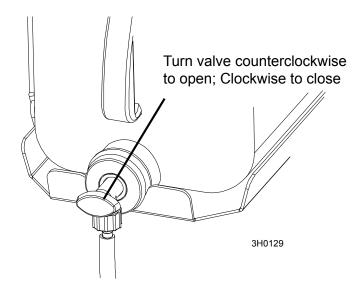


FIG. 2-18

LT70 Series sawmills include a solenoid valve that will automatically start the water flow when the power feed is activated in the forward direction. The solenoid will stop the water flow when the feed switch is returned to the neutral position.

Not all types of wood require the use of the Water Lube System. When it is needed, use just enough water to keep the blade clean. This saves water, and lowers the risk of staining the boards with water. Usual flow will be 1-2 gallons (3.8-7.6 liters) per hour. A squirt of liquid dishwashing detergent in the water bottle will help clean the blade when cutting wood with a high sap content.



WARNING! Use ONLY water with the water lube accessory. Never use flammable fuels or liquids. If these types of liquids are necessary to clean the blade, remove it and clean with a rag. Failure to do so may result in serious injury or death.

Before removing the blade, engage the clutch/brake lever. Let the blade spin with water running on it for about 15 seconds. This will clean the blade of sap buildup. Wipe the blade dry with a rag before storing or sharpening.

If you are sawing in freezing temperatures, remove the water lube bottle from the sawmill when done sawing and store it in a warm place. Blow any remaining water from the water lube hose.

To remove water from the water valve on LT70 sawmills, turn the key switch to accessory, turn the feed rate knob down to '0' and place the feed switch in the forward position. Blow any remaining water from the water lube hose and valve. Return the forward/reverse switch to neutral and turn the key switch to off (#0).

NOTE: If your sawmill is equipped with LubeMizer System, please refer to LubeMizer Operation Manual.

2.19 Preparing The Sawmill For Towing

The Wood-Mizer trailer package makes transporting your sawmill easy and convenient. To get your sawmill ready for towing, follow these instructions.

1. Move the saw saw head to the front end of the sawmill. Raise the rear outriggers.

See Figure 2-19. Secure outrigger with both Locking Pin and Travel Lock Pin.

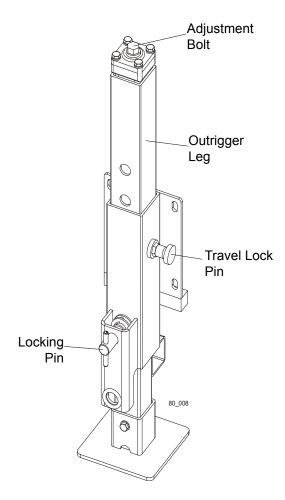


FIG. 2-19. ADJUSTABLE OUTRIGGER.



CAUTION! Be sure the outrigger base is adjusted properly before securing in travel position with the lock pin.

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2. Move the clamp all the way in toward the main bed frame tube.



CAUTION! Move the hydraulic clamp and turner to provide maximum ground clearance before towing. Failure to do so may result in damage to the sawmill.

- **3.** Move the saw head forward to the travel position over the rear bed rail. Position the hole in the saw head over the travel rest pin.
- 4. Move the rest pin to its travel position. Secure the rest pin using locking pin.

See Figure 2-20.



FIG. 2-20

5. Lower the saw head until it is it contacts the stop blocks on the mast rails. Secure the saw head with saw head protection belt.

See Figure 2-21.



FIG. 2-21



CAUTION! It is important that the lower stop bolts are properly adjusted to secure the saw head on the track rail. Failure to properly adjust the stop bolts can cause saw head damage, especially during mill transportation.

6. If necessary, adjust the two stops located at the bottom of the mast so the saw head contacts them after it is lowered 3/4" (19mm) past where it contacts the rest pin.

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See Figure 2-22.

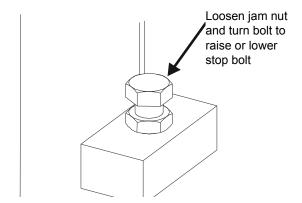


FIG. 2-22

- 7. Use the hydraulic controls to raise the log turner and loader as high as they will go. Manually lift the loader and hook the loader chain to the elbow of the turner. Use the hydraulic turner lever to lower the turner until the chain is tight. Push the loader lever down to bring the loader arm channels up to the loader.
- **8.** Hook the saw head safety chain located at the bottom of the saw head to the bracket at the bottom of the mast.

See Figure 2-23.

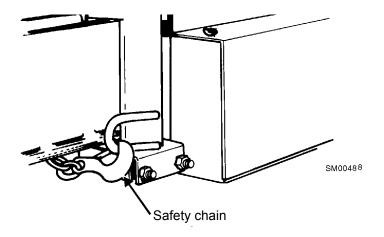


FIG. 2-23



CAUTION! Check to be sure the saw head safety chain is secured before towing the sawmill. Failure to properly secure the saw head can result in severe machine damage. Be sure the blade housing and pulley covers are in place and secure. Use the safety retainer pin and cable to fasten blade housing covers.

- **9.** Remove all loose objects from the bed of the mill.
- **10.** Place both fenders in the slots located behind the trailer tires and secure with retaining pins. Raise all but the very front outrigger.

See the trailer operator's manual for specific information regarding hitch operation and towing the sawmill.

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SECTION 3 MAINTENANCE

This section lists the maintenance procedures that need to be performed.



WARNING! Disconnect and lock out power supply before servicing, cleaning and doing maintenance to the saw! Failure to do so may result in serious injury.

The Short Interval Maintenance Schedule lists procedures that need to be performed every 4, 8 or 25 hours. The Maintenance Log lists procedures that need to be performed every 50, 100, 200, or 1000 hours. Keep track of machine maintenance by filling in the machine hours and the date you perform each procedure.



This symbol identifies the interval (hours of operation) at which each maintenance procedure should be performed.

Be sure to refer to option and engine manuals for other maintenance procedures.

3.1 **Wear Life**

See Table 3-1. This chart lists estimated life expectancy of common replacement parts if proper maintenance and operation procedures are followed. Due to the many variables which exist during sawmill operation, actual part life may vary significantly. This information is provided so that you may plan ahead in ordering replacement parts.

| Part Description | Estimated Life |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Blade Wheel Belt B72.5 ¹ | 500 hours |
| Up/Down Motor | 2000 hours |
| Up/Down Drum Switch | 1000 hours |
| Blade Guide Rollers | 1000 hours |
| Power Feed Drum Switch | 1200 hours |
| Drive Belt | 1250 hours |
| Power Feed Motor | 1500 hours |
| Power Feed Belt | 2000 hours |
| Up/Down Belt | 2000 hours |

TABLE 3-1

¹ To insure proper blade tracking, use Goodyear, Dayco Super II, or Browning belts only.



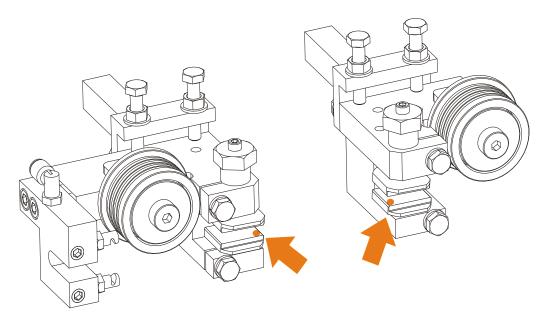
3.2 Blade Guides

1. Check the rollers for performance and wear every blade change. Make sure the rollers are clean and spinning freely. If not, rebuild them. Replace any rollers which have worn smooth or have become cone shaped.

Steel Guide Blocks

2. Inspect the blocks at every blade change for damage or wear.

As the blocks wear, the front inside corner will wear more than the body of the block. When the corner wears far enough, sawing performance will be affected even if the body of the block is adjusted properly to the blade. At this point, the block should be replaced. If you have access to the appropriate equipment, you can grind or mill the blocks to a new flat surface and reuse them. It is recommended you develop a routine schedule for replacing the blade guide blocks based on your sawing conditions and experience.



RYS. 3-0

3. Check the inserts are properly spaced from the bottom of the blade every 25 hours of operation. As the rollers wear, the gap between the blade and inserts will become larger. Use the provided shim or a feeler gauge to check the inserts are adjusted 0,3-0,5 mm from the blade.

See Figure 3-1. To adjust the disks up, loosen the bottom guide disk mounting bolt and clamp bolt. Use the provided adjustment tool. to raise bottom disk Retighten the bottom disk mounting bolt and clamp bolt. See Section: Blade Disk Adjustment



IMPORTANT! The disks should be parallel to the blade. Check the space between the disks and the blade at each side of the disks to insure it is parallel. Use the appropriate adjustment bolt to tilt the disks

mounting plate so the insert is parallel to the blade.

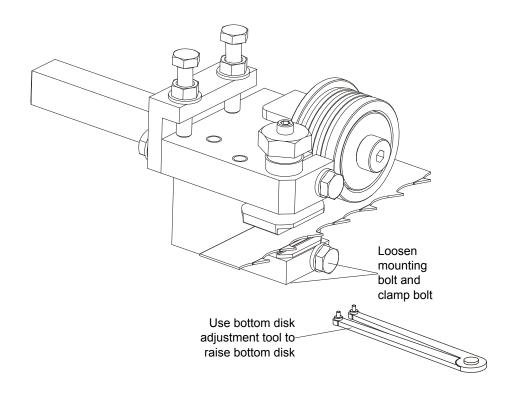


FIG. 3-1

A/R>

Inspect the blade guide assemblies for proper alignment every time you change the blade. <u>See Section: Blade Guides</u> for blade guide adjustment instructions.



WARNING! Blade guide alignment is essential for optimal cutting performance, blade life and safety. Failure to check and maintain proper blade guide alignment will result in stress cracks forming in the blade. These cracks will lead to premature blade breakage. If the blade breaks during operation and the blade has multiple stress cracks, the blade could shatter into several pieces and escape from the protective guards of the sawmill. Small blade pieces projected into the area around the sawmill creates a safety hazard for the operator and any bystanders surrounding the mill.



WARNING! DO NOT use blades with stress cracks. Blades with stress cracks can shatter causing bodily injury and/or machine damage.

Preventing sap buildup on the blade is critical when using the high-performance blade guide system. If the wood you are sawing leaves sap buildup using plain water in the blade lube system, use Wood-Mizer lube additive (Part No. 033439).

Throat Bolt

Make sure the blade bolt in the top center of the C-frame is 1.5 mm (1/16") away from the blade. If not, loosen the nut and adjust the bolt as necessary. Check the bolt every blade change. Failing to maintain this adjustment will lead to early blade breakage.

See Figure 3-2.

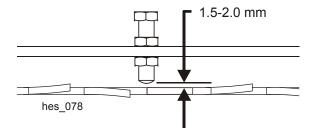


FIG. 3-2

3.3 Sawdust Removal

- 1. Remove the excess sawdust from the blade wheel housings and sawdust chute every blade change.
- 2. Remove all sawdust and debris from around the velocity fuse valves every 8 hours of operation. The valves are located at the bottom of the log loader cylinders. Remove sawdust buildup from the track rail cover.

3.4 Saw Head Track, Wiper & Scrapers

Properly maintaining the sawmill saw head track is critical in preventing corrosion that can cause pitting and scaling on the rail surfaces. Pitted and scaled surfaces can, in turn, cause rough cuts or jerky power feed movement

See Figure 3-3.

1. Clean track rails to remove any sawdust and sap buildup every eight hours of operation.

Use a light-grade sandpaper or emery cloth to sand off any rust or other adhering particles from the rails.



CAUTION! Keep track rails free of rust. Formation of rust on the track rail in the areas where the cam bearings roll can cause rapid deterioration of the track rail's surface.

Lubricate the rails by wiping them with Dexron III ATF transmission fluid, 10W30 motor oil, or 3-in-1 turbine oil. Oil lubrication will help protect the rails from corrosive elements such as acid rain and/or moisture from nearby bodies of saltwater (if applicable). This lubrication is essential to maintain the integrity of the track rails and track rollers and to achieve long service life.

2. Remove sawdust from the track roller housings and lubricate the felt track wiper every twenty-five hours of operation.

Remove the track roller housing covers and brush any sawdust buildup from the housings.

3. Check the track scrapers as needed. Make sure the scrapers fit firmly against the rail. If a track

scraper needs to be adjusted, loosen the thumb screw, push the scraper downward until it fits firmly against the rail, and retighten the thumb screw.

Clean and lubricate the upper track wiper every twenty-five hours of operation. Unbolt the wiper, remove it from the sawmill, and remove any sawdust buildup. Soak the felt wiper with Dexron III transmission fluid, 10W30 motor oil or 3-in-1 turbine oil.



CAUTION! Reinstall the track wiper so that it lightly touches the track rail. If the wiper presses too firmly against the rail, it can cause the power feed to bind.

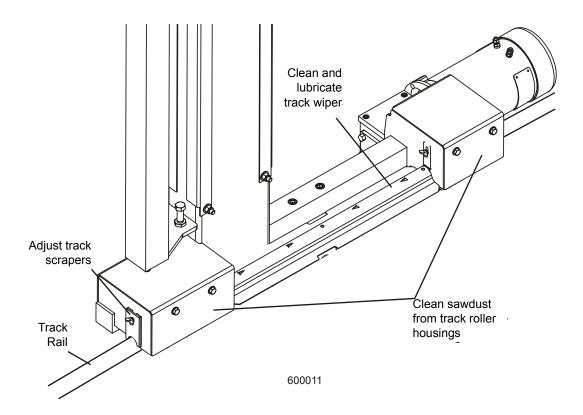


FIG. 3-3

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3.5 Vertical Mast Rails

Clean and lubricate the vertical mast rails every 50 hours of operation. Clean with solvent and remove any rust with a light-grade sand paper or emery cloth. Lubricate the mast with motor oil or automatic transmission fluid (ATF).



CAUTION! Never use grease on the mast rails as it will collect sawdust.

3.6 Drum Switches

Lubricate the up/down and power feed drum switch contacts inside the control panel every fifty hours of operation. Use only contact grease supplied by Wood-Mizer. Remove the control panel cover. Use a cotton swab to apply grease to the switch contact ends.



WARNING! Drum switch grease contains Petroleum Hydrocarbon Lubricant. Eye and skin irritant. If introduced into eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes. If film or irritation persists, seek medical attention. Wash skin with soap and water. If ingested, do not induce vomiting - contact a physician. KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

3.7 Miscellaneous

1. Oil all chains with Dexron III ATF every fifty hours of operation.



CAUTION! Do not use chain lube. It causes sawdust buildup in chain links.

- 2. Apply a thin film of a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease to the blade guide arm every fifty hours of operation to help prevent it from rusting.
- **3.** Adjust the blade guide arm drive chain as necessary. To adjust the chain, loosen the blade guide arm motor mounting plate bolts and slide the motor to take slack out of the chain
- **4.** Grease the clamp mechanism, loading arms, clutch handle pivot and side supports with a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease every fifty hours of operation.
- 5. Lubricate the board return pivot every fifty hours of operation with a NLGI No. 2 grade lithium grease.

 Apply grease to the grease fitting on the board return pivot tube.
 - 6. Check the mill alignment every setup. See Section 5, Alignment od Sawmill Operators Manual.
 - **7.** Make sure all safety warning decals are readable. Remove sawdust and dirt. Replace any damaged or unreadable decals immediately. Order decals from your Customer Service Representative.

8.

3.8 Drive Belt Adjustment



DANGER! Never adjust the drive belts while the engine is running. Failure to do so may result in serious injury.



Periodically check the drive belt for wear. Replace any damaged or worn belts as needed.

See Figure 3-4. Adjust proper drive belt tension using the bolt located between the drive side wheel covers. To tighten drive belt turn the bolt clockwise. To loosen drive belt turn the bolt counter clockwise.

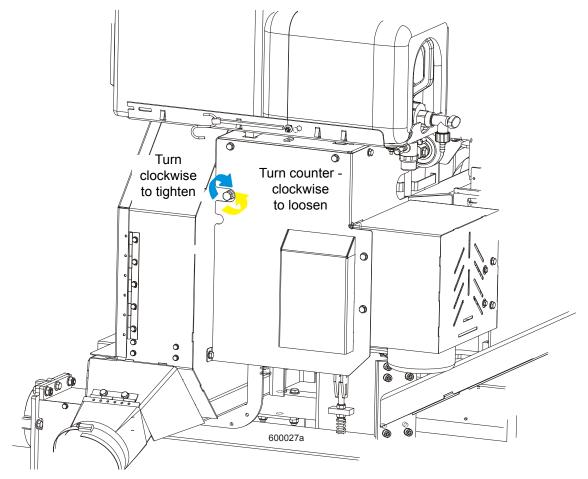


FIG. 3-4



3.9 Up/Down System



Adjust the up/down chain tension as needed. Measure chain tension with the head all the way to the top of the vertical mast. Find the chain adjusting bolt at the bottom of the mast. Use the adjustment nut to adjust the bolt until the center of the chain can be deflected 3/4" (1.9cm) with a 5 lb. (2.3 KG) deflection force.



CAUTION! Do not over-tension the chain. Over-tensioning the chain may lead to early failure of the gear reducer.

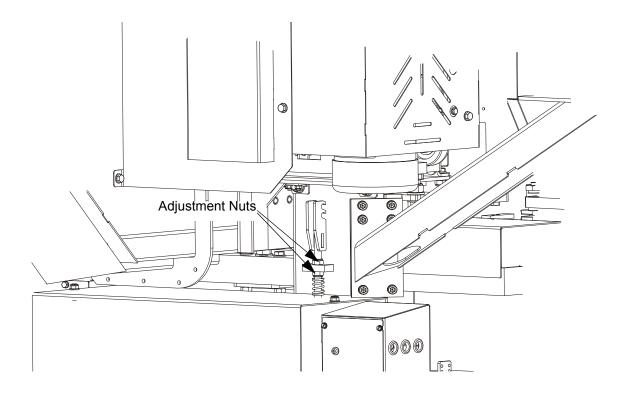


FIG. 3-4

1. Adjust the motor belt tension as needed. To do this, loosen the motor mounting bolts and turn adjustment bolts clockwise or counterclockwise evenly, until the belt is properly tensioned. Tighten the motor mounting bolts.

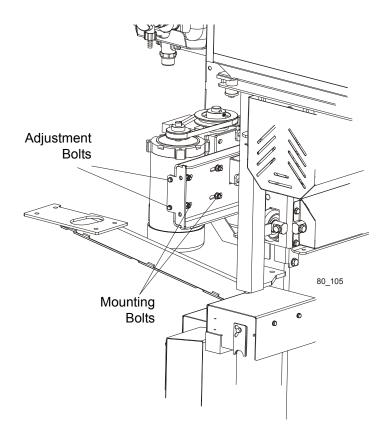


FIG. 3-4

AR

Periodically check the belt for wear. Replace any damaged or worn belts as needed.

2. When oil leaks from the gear reducer please contact Customer Service.

3.10 Power Feed

1. Adjust the power feed chain as needed. Measure the power feed chain tension with the saw head all the way toward the front of the mill. Use the two lock nuts at the rear of the mill to tighten or loosen the power feed chain. Adjust the chain until it measures 7 to 8 inches (17.8 to 20.3 cm) from the top of the top rail at its lowest point.



CAUTION! Do not overtighten the feed chain. Damage to the power feed motor may result.

See Figure 3-5.

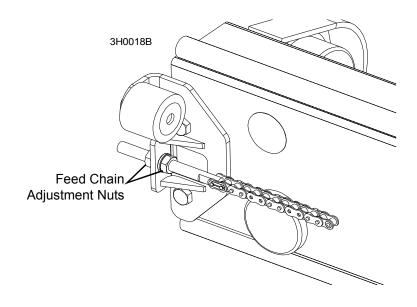


FIG. 3-5

2.

3.11 Hydraulic System (Sawmill with Hydraulic Only)

1. Check the hydraulic fluid level every fifty hours of operation. Add fluid as necessary. The level in the hydraulic pump should be 3/4" (19mm) from the top with all cylinders collapsed.

If humidity is a problem or the mill is used outside in humid weather, drain and replace two quarts (.95 liters) of fluid every six months. This will drain any accumulated water and help prevent pump failure due to water ingestion. It also will prevent excessive fluid wear and allow the fluid to maintain its hot end performance. If humidity is not a problem, drain and replace one gallon (3.8 liters) of fluid every year to prevent fluid wear.

See Figure 3-6. If you are operating in temperatures -20° to 100° F (-29° to 38° C), use an all-weather hydraulic fluid such as Exxon Univis J26. For alternate fluids and/or other temperature ranges, refer to the chart below. Operating above the recommended temperature range of a fluid could result in excessive pump wear. Operating below the recommended temperature range could result in reduced hydraulic cylinder speed.

TEMPERATURE

F -30° -20° -10° 0° 10° 20° 30° 40° 50° 60° 70° 80° 90° 100° 110° 120°

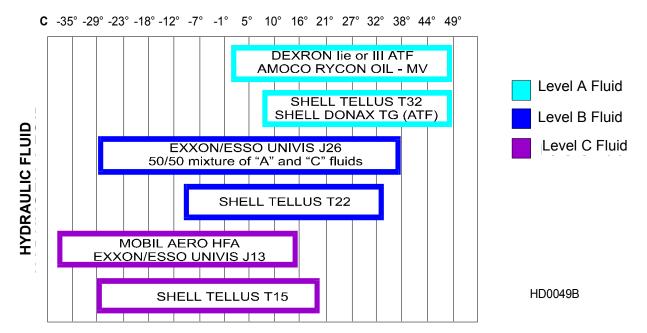


FIG. 3-6

Replace the hydraulic system cartridge filter every 500 hours of operation.

2. Periodically check all hydraulic lines and fitting as needed. Replace as necessary.

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3.12 Safety Devices Inspection

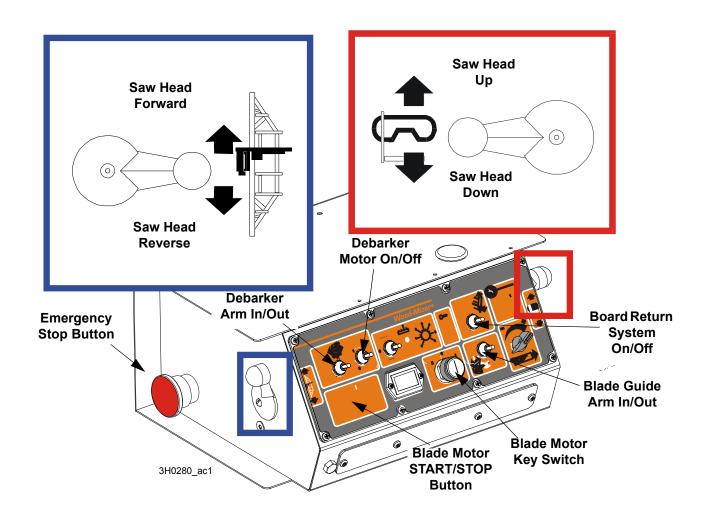
LT70 AC - Safety Devices Inspection

Safety devices on the LT70AC machine which must be checked before every shift:

- E-STOP button and its circuit inspection
- Inspection of the control circuits with the E-STOP button pressed
- Blade cover safety switch #1 and its circuit inspection
- Blade cover safety switch #2 and its circuit inspection
- Motor brake and its circuit inspection

1. E-STOP button and its circuit inspection

- Turn on the blade motor;
- Press the E-STOP button located on the left side of the control box. The blade motor should be stopped. Pressing the START button should not start the motor until the E-STOP button is released.



2. Inspection of the control circuits with the E-STOP button pressed

- Turn on the blade motor;
- Press the E-STOP button located on the left side of the control box. The blade motor should be stopped.
- With E-STOP button pressed, try to move the saw head up and down using the switch and the Setworks buttons and forward/backward using the power feed switch. Both systems should not start.
- With E-STOP button pressed, try to start the debarker blade motor and move the debarker arm in and out. The debarker should not work.
- With E-STOP button pressed, try to move the blade guide arm in and out. The blade guide arm should not work.
- With E-STOP button pressed, try to start the board return system. The board return system should not work.

3. Blade cover safety switch #1 and its circuit inspection.

- Turn on the blade motor:
- Open the blade housing cover #1;
- The blade motor should be stopped;
- Try to start the motor. The blade motor should remain stopped;
- Close the blade housing cover #1;
- The blade motor should remain stopped until it is restarted with the START button.

4. Blade cover safety switch #2 and its circuit inspection.

- Turn on the blade motor;
- Open the blade housing cover #2;
- The blade motor should be stopped;
- Try to start the motor. The blade motor should remain stopped;
- Close the blade housing cover #2;
- The blade motor should remain stopped until it is restarted with the START button.

5. Motor brake and its circuit inspection

- Turn on the blade motor. Stop the motor using the STOP button. Measure the braking time.
- Turn on the blade motor. Stop the motor by switching the key to the "0" position. Measure the braking time.
- Turn on the blade motor. Stop the motor by switching the key to the "2" position. Measure the braking time.

Maintenance Safety Devices Inspection

■ The braking time should always be shorter than 10 seconds. If the braking time is longer, it is necessary to adjust or replace the motor disk brake. See your motor option manual.

| | | | INTEN | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|--------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| | , | Ingine And Op | | or Additional | Maintenance F | Procedures) | | | | | | |
| Lubricate Blade Guide Rollers | See Section 5.2 | Daily - Eve | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Check Blade Screw | See Section 5.2 | - | ry Blade Cha | | - | | | | | | | |
| Check Blade Guide Roller Performance | See Section 5.2 | | ry Blade Cha | | | | | | | | | |
| Remove Excess Sawdust From Blade Wheel Hous- ings And Sawdust Chute | See Section 5.3 | Daily - Eve | ry Blade Cha | nge | | DAILY M | 1AINTE | NANCE | PROCI | EDURE | S | |
| Clean Sawdust From Hydraulic Loader Fuses, Battery Box Lid & Track Cover | See Section 5.3 | Daily - Eve | ry 8 Hours | | | | | | | | | |
| Clean And Lubricate Track | See Section 5.4 | Daily - Eve | ry 8 Hours | | | | | | | | | |
| Remove Sawdust From Upper Track Roller Housings | See Section 5.4 | Bi-Weekly | - Every 25 Ho | urs | | | | | | | | |
| Clean And Lubricate Upper Track Wiper | See Section 5.4 | Bi-Weekly | - Every 25 Ho | urs | | | | | | | | |
| PROCEDURE | REFERENCE | | F | | TE AND THE | TOTAL HOURS MACHINE HOU ATES MAINTEN | JRS AS YOU P | ERFORM EAC | | E. | | |
| | | 50 HRS | 100 HRS | 150 HRS | 200 HRS | 250 HRS | 300 HRS | 350 HRS | 400 HRS | 450 HRS | 500 HRS | |
| Clean & lube mast rails | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate drum switches | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains | See Section 5.6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate blade tensioner screwhandle and rods | See Section 5.6See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check for wear | See Section 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check brake strap tension | See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check belt tensions | See Section 5.9 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid | See Section 5.13 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check up/down & power feed gear box fluid levels | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check hydraulic fluid level | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace hydraulic system filter | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic pump, power feed and up/down motor brushes | See Section 5.10 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing | See Section 5.11 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| MAINTENANCE LOG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|--|
| PROCEDURE | REFERENCE | | TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCEDURE. A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 550 HRS | 600 HRS | 650 HRS | 700 HRS | 750 HRS | 800 HRS | 850 HRS | 900 HRS | 950 HRS | 1000 HRS | |
| Clean & lube mast rails | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate drum switches | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains | See Section 5.6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate blade tensioner screwhandle and rods | See Section 5.6See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check for wear | See Section 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check brake strap tension | See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check belt tensions | See Section 5.9 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid | See Section 5.13 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check up/down & power feed gear box fluid levels | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check hydraulic fluid level | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace hydraulic system filter | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic pump, power feed and up/down motor brushes | See Section 5.10 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing | See Section 5.11 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | MA | INTEN | ANCE L | .OG | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| PROCEDURE | TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCE REFERENCE A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1050 HRS | 1100 HRS | 1150 HRS | 1200 HRS | 1250 HRS | 1300 HRS | 1350 HRS | 1400 HRS | 1450 HRS | 1500 HRS |
| Clean & lube mast rails | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate drum switches | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains | See Section 5.6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate blade tensioner screwhandle and rods | See Section 5.6See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check for wear | See Section 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check brake strap tension | See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check belt tensions | See Section 5.9 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid | See Section 5.13 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check up/down & power feed gear box fluid levels | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check hydraulic fluid level | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace hydraulic system filter | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic pump, power feed and up/down motor brushes | See Section 5.10 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing | See Section 5.11 | | | | | | | | | | |

| MAINTENANCE LOG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| PROCEDURE | REFERENCE | TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCEDURE. ERENCE A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1550 HRS | 1600 HRS | 1650 HRS | 1700 HRS | 1750 HRS | 1800 HRS | 1850 HRS | 1900 HRS | 1950 HRS | 2000 HRS | |
| Clean & lube mast rails | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate drum switches | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains | See Section 5.6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate blade tensioner screwhandle and rods | See Section 5.6See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check for wear | See Section 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check brake strap tension | See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check belt tensions | See Section 5.9 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid | See Section 5.13 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check up/down & power feed gear box fluid levels | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check hydraulic fluid level | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace hydraulic system filter | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic pump, power feed and up/down motor brushes | See Section 5.10 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing | See Section 5.11 | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | MA | AINTEN | ANCE L | _OG | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| PROCEDURE | TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCEDURE. REFERENCE A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2050 HRS | 2100 HRS | 2150 HRS | 2200 HRS | 2250 HRS | 2300 HRS | 2350 HRS | 2400 HRS | 2450 HRS | 2500 HRS |
| Clean & lube mast rails | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate drum switches | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains | See Section 5.6 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate blade tensioner screwhandle and rods | See Section 5.6See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check for wear | See Section 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check brake strap tension | See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check belt tensions | See Section 5.9 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid | See Section 5.13 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check up/down & power feed gear box fluid levels | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check hydraulic fluid level | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace hydraulic system filter | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic pump, power feed and up/down motor brushes | See Section 5.10 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing | See Section 5.11 | | | | | | | | | | |

| MAINTENANCE LOG | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| PROCEDURE | TOTAL HOURS OF OPERATION FILL IN THE DATE AND THE MACHINE HOURS AS YOU PERFORM EACH PROCE REFERENCE A SHADED BOX INDICATES MAINTENANCE IS NOT NEEDED AT THIS TIME | | | | | | | | | URE. | | |
| | | 2550 HRS | 2600 HRS | 2650 HRS | 2700 HRS | 2750 HRS | 2800 HRS | 2850 HRS | 2900 HRS | 2950 HRS | 3000 HRS | |
| Clean & lube mast rails | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate drum switches | See Section 5.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease pivot points and bearings/Oil chains | See Section 5.6 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Lubricate blade tensioner screwhandle and rods | See Section 5.6See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rotate drive/idle blade wheel belts/Check for wear | See Section 5.9 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check brake strap tension | See Section 5.8 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check belt tensions | See Section 5.9 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace cylinder drive bearing fluid | See Section 5.13 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check feed & up/down chain tensions | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check up/down & power feed gear box fluid levels | See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic lines & fittings | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Check hydraulic fluid level | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Replace hydraulic system filter | See Section 5.10 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Inspect hydraulic pump, power feed and up/down motor brushes | See Section 5.10 See Section 5.11 See Section 5.12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Grease up/down shaft bearing | See Section 5.11 | | | | | | | | | | | |

SECTION 4 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

4.1 Sawing Problems

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|---|--|---|
| Blades Dull Quickly | Dirty logs | Clean or debark logs, especially on entry side of the cut |
| | When grinding teeth, heating too much and causing teeth to soften | Grind just enough metal to restore sharpness to the teeth. Use water/coolant while sharpening blade |
| | Poor sharpening techniques | Make sure the tip is being sharpened completely (See Sharpener Manual) |
| Blades Break Prematurely | Rubber belts on blade wheels worn to a point that blade contacts metal pulley - look for shiny spots on edge of wheels | Change blade wheel belts (B-57) |
| | Poor sharpening techniques | See Sharpener Manual |
| | Tension too tight | Tension blade to recommended specifications |
| Blade Does Not Track Right on Drive Wheel | Cant adjustment is incorrect | Readjust |
| | Flat/worn belts | Replace B-57 belts |
| Blade Guides Do Not Spin While Cutting | Frozen bearings | Replace bearings |
| | Stiff bearings | Grease bearings |
| Drive Belts Wear Prematurely or Jump | Engine/motor and drive pulleys out of alignment | Align pulleys <u>See Section 4.5</u> <u>Engine/Motor and Drive Pulleys Alignment.</u> |

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|---|--|---|
| Boards Thick Or Thin On Ends Or Middle Of Board. | Stress in log which causes log to not lay flat on the bed. | After log has been squared, take equal cuts off opposing sides. Take a board off the top. Turn the log 180 degrees. Take a board off. Repeat, keeping the heart in the middle of the cant, and making it your last cut. |
| | Set in teeth. | Resharpen and reset blade. |
| | Bed rails misaligned. | Realign sawmill. |
| Height Adjustment Jumps or Stutters When Moving Up or Down. | Mast needs lubrication. | Lubricate mast track surface. |
| | Up/down chain improperly adjusted. | Adjust up/down chain. |
| | Drive belt(s) loose. | Adjust belts. |
| Lumber Is Not Square | Vertical side supports not square to bed | Adjust side supports. |
| | Blade not parallel to bed rails | Adjust bed rails parallel to blade. |
| | Sawdust or bark between cant and bed rails | Remove particles |
| | Tooth set problems | Resharpen and reset blade |
| Sawdust Builds Up On Track | Excessive oiling | Do not oil track |
| | Track wipers worn | Adjust wipers to firmly contact track |
| | Track is sticky | Clean track with solvent and apply sili- cone spray |
| Wavy Cuts | Excessive feed | Slow feed rate |
| | Improperly sharpened blade (This will be the problem 99% of the time!) | Resharpen blade (See Sharpener Man- ual - read entire manual!) |
| | Blade guides improperly adjusted | Adjust blade guides. |
| | Sap buildup on blade | Use Water Lube. |
| | Tooth set problem | Resharpen and reset blade |
| | | |

4.2 Electrical Problems

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--|---|--|
| Up/down Excessively Slow. | Up/down rollers stuck. | Adjust rollers. |
| | Up/down belt loose. | Adjust belt to be as loose as possible without slipping |
| | Thermal overload tripped | Reset |
| Up/down Or Power Feed Motors Do Not Work. | Worn/dirty contacts in drum switch. | Replace switch or remove control panel cover and clean contacts. |
| | Bad key switch. | Replace key switch. |
| | Circuit breaker. | Reset breaker in control box (<u>See Section 4.11</u>). |
| | Burned-out motor. | Replace motor. |
| Power Feed Motor Does Not Work. | Sawdust buildup in the power feed pulleys. | Sawdust buildup puts mechanical bind on power feed which causes thermal overload. Remove sawdust from pulleys and operate normally. Reset overload and operate normally. |
| Up/Down Or Power Feed Switches Remain Engaged When Switch Is Released. | Worn or dirty contacts in drum switch. | Manually move the power feed or up/down switch back to neutral or "off" position. Replace drum switch or remove control panel cover and clean and lubricate contacts NOTE: Use only contact grease supplied by Wood-Mizer. |
| | Drum switch spring broken. | Manually move the power feed or up/down switch back to neutral or "off" position. Replace drum switch spring. |
| Up/Down Or Power Feed Motors Overheat And Loose Power. | System overload or bind occurred. | Correct problem. <u>See Section 4.3 Power</u> <u>Feed Problems.</u> Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Normal operation factors exceeded (eg: up/down control jockeyed excessively). | Allow motor to cool before restarting. |

4.3 Power Feed Problems

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--|--|---|
| Power Feed Is Jerky At Low Speeds Or Does Not Move Until Speed Is Above Halfway Mark. | Drum switch is dirty. | Clean drum switch and lubricate with contact grease supplied by Wood-Mizer. |
| | Drum switch contacts are bad | Check that contacts are in good condition and positively close circuit. |
| | Components are loose or wires are broken. | Replace or repair PC board. |
| Power Feed Is Jerky When Shaft Of Feed Rate Dial Is Moved Back And Forth. | Variable speed switch is bad - perform the variable speed switch test. | Replace variable speed switch. |
| Power Feed Is Jerky, But Power Feed Motor Runs Prop- erly At All Speeds. | Problem is mechanical. | Refer to the Mechanical Test. |
| Power Feed Is Sluggish, Trips Circuit Breaker Or Current Limit. | Sawdust buildup in power feed cover. | Remove power feed belt cover and remove sawdust. |

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Power Feed Motor Overheats. | Middle track oiler is dragging. | Clean middle track oiler and lubricate with 30-weight oil or ATF (Automatic Transmission Fluid) such as Dexron II. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Ground is not level. | Level mill with carpenter's level. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Track roller bearing drag is excessive. | Lubricate bearings; Replace tight bearings. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Lower track rollers are not aligned properly. | Check stop block clearance from lower track rail. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Chain is dragging. | Make sure chain is centered on cam follower bearing; Clean and lubricate chain; Adjust chain tension. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Chain is improperly tensioned. | Adjust chain tension. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Seat load is excessive. | Check seat bearings for freedom of movement; Loosen clamping screw 1/4 turn. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Power feed is binding. | Adjust belt tension; Check condition of belt, pulleys, bearings, and sprocket; Check motor for ground fault. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Saw head load is excessive. | Avoid unnecessary modifications to saw heads that would give them extra weight. Allow motor to cool before restarting. |
| | Blade is dull or improperly set. | Use proper blade maintenance procedures (See Sharpener or Toothsetter manual). Allow motor to cool before restarting |

4.4 Hydraulic Problems

| Poor ground connection Poor ground connection Check negative contact and lower rail. Check contact and rail for tarnish or loose wires. Clean as necessary Circuit breaker tripped Defective pump motor Poor cable connection Pefective motor pump contactor You Can Get Response From the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles All But One or Two Handles Poor ground connection Check negative contact and lower rail. Check contact and rail for tarnish or loose wires. Clean as necessary Replace Check cable connection Check cable connection Replace Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Locate the valve switch at the bottom of the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! | PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Check contact and rail for tarnish or loose wires. Clean as necessary Circuit breaker tripped Replace Defective pump motor Replace. Poor cable connection Check cable connection Defective motor pump contactor Replace You Can Get Response From the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each of the five switch contacts. Press each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! | lic Handle, But Get No | | adjusted far enough forward for battery positive contact to touch 6ft. strip on main tube. Check contact and strip for tarnish |
| Defective pump motor Poor cable connection Check cable connection Defective motor pump contactor You Can Get Response From the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Locate the valve switch at the bottom of the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each of the five switch contacts. Press each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! | | Poor ground connection | Check contact and rail for tarnish or loose |
| Poor cable connection Defective motor pump contactor You Can Get Response From the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Locate the valve switch at the bottom of the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each of the five switch contacts. Press each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! | | Circuit breaker tripped | Replace |
| You Can Get Response From the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Locate the valve switch at the bottom of the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each of the five switch contacts. Press each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! | | Defective pump motor | Replace. |
| You Can Get Response From the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Valve assembly switch contacts are not properly adjusted Locate the valve switch at the bottom of the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! | | Poor cable connection | Check cable connection |
| the Pump By Actuating All But One or Two Handles properly adjusted the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each of the five switch contacts. Press each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! | | Defective motor pump contactor | Replace |
| switch spring; they have been preset at | the Pump By Actuating All | | the valve assembly. Use a 3MM allen wrench to loosen the set screw on each of the five switch contacts. Press each contact to the valve block and tighten the contact set screw to secure in place. CAUTION! Do not overtighten! NOTE: Do not adjust the valve switch or |

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|---|---|--|
| | Low fluid level | Check fluid level. Add an all-season hydraulic fluid such as Amoco Rycon Oil MV or Mobil Multipurpose ATF (automatic transmission fluid) until level is 4 - 4 1/2" from bottom of reservoir with all cylinders retracted |
| | Pressure relief valve moved from proper setting | Adjust pressure relief valve. |
| | Low air temperature causing fluid to thicken | Allow fluid to warm up. Synthetic fluids are available that allow for hydraulic operation in cold weather conditions (Mobil SHC 526) |
| Pump Motor Runs Continu- ously When Power Contact Is Made | Solenoid is stuck closed | Tapping the solenoid may solve this prob- lem temporarily. Replace solenoid |
| Fluid Leaks From Around Cyl- inder Piston Ram | Worn seals | Replace seals in cylinder. Check piston ram for abrasive weld that may be causing premature seal failure |
| Fluid Leak Around Pump Box | Loose seal or fitting | Wipe pump off completely to locate cause of lead. You may have to unbolt the pump to wipe behind it. NOTE: Movement of the sawmill can cause fluid to slosh up into the foam filter in the reservoir cap, and subsequently spray out, giving the appearance that fluid is leaking from the pump |

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--|--|--|
| Hydraulic Side Supports Go Down Before Or At Same Time As Log Turner | Dirt in sequence valve | Remove sequence valves and clean thoroughly with kerosene. NOTE : Be sure to reassemble the valve and install it in its original position on the cylinder |
| | Retainer in sequence valve worn | Replace sequence valve |
| | Low air temperature causing fluid to thicken | Allow fluid to warm up. Synthetic fluids are available that allow for hydraulic operation in cold weather conditions (Mobil SHC 526) |
| Hydraulic Turner Goes Up Before Or At Same Time As Side Supports | Spring weakening in sequence valve | Locate sequence valve at top of turner cylinder. Turn heavy spring in about 1/4 turn |
| | Dirt in sequence valve | Remove sequence valves and clean thoroughly with kerosene. NOTE : Be sure to reassemble the valve and install it in its original position on the cylinder |
| | Retainer in sequence valve worn | Replace sequence valve |
| | Low air temperature causing fluid to thicken | Allow fluid to warm up. Synthetic fluids are available that allow for hydraulic operation in cold weather conditions. (Mobil SHC 526) |
| | Springs weakening in sequence valve. | Locate sequence valve at bottom of turner cylinder. Turn heavy spring in about 1/4 turn |

4.5 Engine/Motor and Drive Pulleys Alignment

- 1. Install the drive belt.
- 2. Use a straight edge to align the engine/motor pulley to the drive pulley. Also check that the engine pulley is within 1/8" square with the drive pulley. Loosen the engine mounting bolts and rotate the engine if necessary.
- **3.** Check front-to-back movement of the engine does not exceed 1/4". Tighten the motor mount U-bolts if necessary.
- **4.** Engage the clutch handle and adjust the drive belt tension to 7/16" deflection with 10 lb. of force.
- **5.** Recheck the pulley alignment and engine squareness with the clutch handle engaged. Adjust if necessary.
- **6.** Adjust the drive belt support to 1/4" ($\pm 1/32$) from the belt while engaged.

4.6 Power Feed Variable Speed Switch Test

With the feed rate dial switch all the way down, move the shaft of the dial back and forth to see if there is a jerky response. Turn the dial and move the shaft back and forth again. Repeat several times. If the jerkiness occurs at the same location on the dial several times, you need to replace the variable speed switch.

4.7 Power Feed Preliminary Test

This test will determine if the problem is a mechanical or electrical.

- 1. Remove the drive belt from the power feed drive pulley.
- 2. Turn the key switch to the ACC position. Put the saw head forward/reverse switch into the forward position and turn the feed rate dial through all speeds. If the power feed motor runs properly at all speeds, the problem is a mechanical one instead of an electrical one.

4.8 Power Feed Mechanical Test

- Remove the weight from the track rollers. They should turn smoothly and easily with very little play.
- 2. Make sure the middle track cover is not bent or touching the top rail.
- **3.** Make sure the middle track oiler is free of sawdust buildup.
- **4.** Make sure the power feed chain is not stiff from rust. Also make sure the chain is not too tight.
- 5. Make sure the power feed chain cam bearing is not touching the main frame tube.

- 6. Make sure there is no sap or rust on the rails.
- **7.** Make sure the block on the lower track roller assembly is not rubbing the lower rail. Also make sure the track rollers are not too tight.
- **8.** Make sure the power feed belt is properly tightened.

4.9 Circuit Breaker Operation

Sawmill controls are equipped with manual reset circuit breakers to protect the electrical circuits.

See Figure 4-1. The blade guide and accessory are located inside the control box. Remove the circuit breaker panel from the control box to access the internal breakers.

NOTE: If the breaker is still hot, you may not be able to reset it immediately. Allow the breaker to cool for a few minutes before attempting to reset.

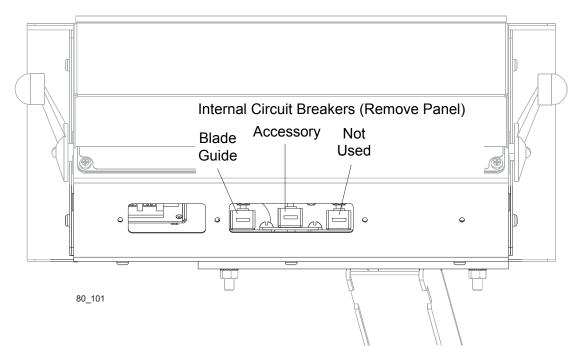


FIG. 4-1

SECTION 5 SAWMILL ALIGNMENT

The Wood-Mizer sawmill is factory aligned. Two alignment procedures are available to realign the sawmill if necessary. The Routine Alignment instructions should be performed as necessary to solve sawing problems not related to blade performance. The Complete Alignment procedure should be performed approximately every 1500 hours of operation (sooner if you regularly transport the sawmill over rough terrain).

5.1 Routine Alignment Procedure:

Blade Installation

- 1. Remove the blade and check the blade wheels. Remove any sawdust buildup from the surface of the wheels.
- 2. Install a clean blade and apply the appropriate tension (See Section 2.6).
- 3. Check the blade guide inserts and drive side deflector plate are properly adjusted (See Section 3.2).
- **4.** Adjust the idle-side cant control to track the blade (<u>See Section 2.7</u>).
- **5.** Close the blade housing covers and make sure all persons are clear of the saw head.
- **6.** Turn the key switch to #2 position.
- 7. Manually spin one of the blade wheels until the blade positions itself on the blade wheels.

Saw Head Tilt

As the blade enters a wide log or cant, the outside of the saw head will drop down slightly. To compensate for the drop, the saw head is adjusted 1/26" (1 mm) higher at the outside.

- 1. Move the saw saw head so the blade is positioned over a bed rail. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from full open.
- 2. Raise the saw head so the bottom of the blade measures 14 3/4" (375 mm) from the top surface of the bed rail near the inner blade guide assembly.

See Figure 5-1.

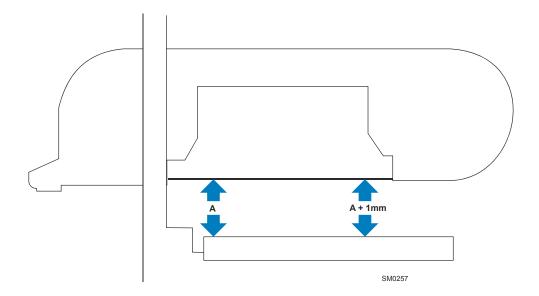


FIG. 5-1

3. Measure from the blade to the bed rail near the outer blade guide assembly. This measurement should be 1/26" (1 mm) higher than the inner measurement or 14 13/16" (376mm).

See Figure 5-2. To adjust the saw head tilt, use the bolts located at the bottom of the saw head mast. Loosen the three sets of four retaining plate bolts. To raise the outside of the saw head, back the stop bolts out, then tighten the adjustment bolts. To lower the outside of the saw head, loosen the adjustment bolts and tighten the stop bolts. Recheck the measurement from the blade to the bed rails and adjust the stop bolts and adjustment bolts until the outside of the saw head is 1/26" (1mm) higher than the inside. Retighten the retaining plate bolts.

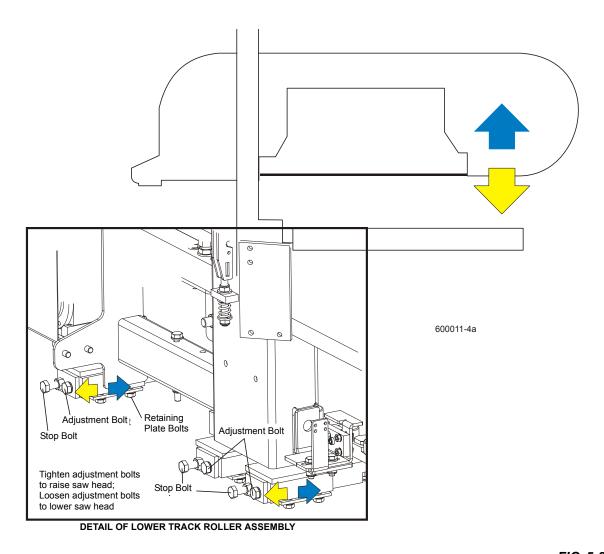


FIG. 5-2

Blade Guide Arm Alignment

The blade guide arm moves the outer blade guide in and out. If the arm becomes loose, the blade guide will not quide the blade properly, causing inaccurate cuts. A loose blade guide arm can also cause blade vibration.

- 1. Adjust the blade guide arm in to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed.
- 2. Manually try to move the arm up and down. If you can move the arm by hand, you will need to tighten the arm rollers.

See Figure 5-3. Loosen the jam nuts and turn the adjustment bolts in to tighten the blade guide arm rollers. Retighten the jam nuts.

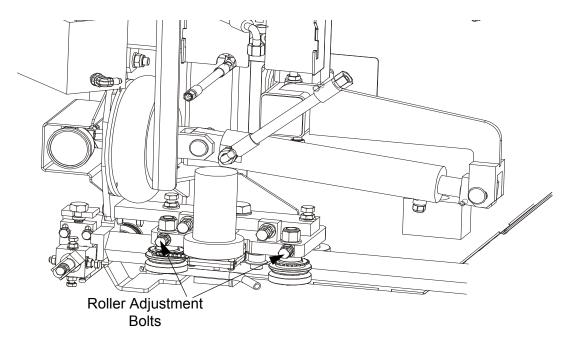


FIG. 5-3

After tightening the blade guide arm rollers, check that the arm is aligned properly.

Blade Guides

3. With the arm adjusted 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed, measure the distance between the blade guide roller flange and the back of the blade. If the sawmill is equipped with optional all-ceramic guides, measure from the back of the blade to the back roller.

See Figure 5-4.

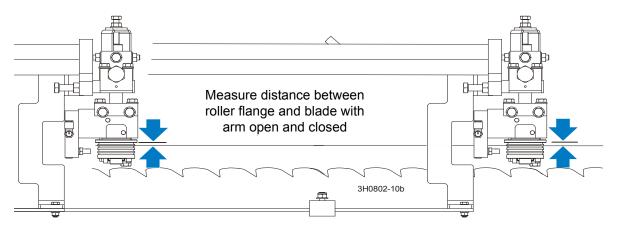


FIG. 5-4

4. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully open and remeasure the distance from the roller flange to the back of the blade. The two measurements should be the same. If not, adjust the outer rollers in or out to tilt the arm horizontally.

See Figure 5-5. Loosen the horizontal adjustment bolt jam nuts. To tilt the arm in toward the blade, loosen the right bolt and tighten the left bolt. To tilt the arm out away from the blade, loosen the left bolt

and tighten the right bolt. Retighten the jam nuts and recheck the blade guide arm horizontal tilt.

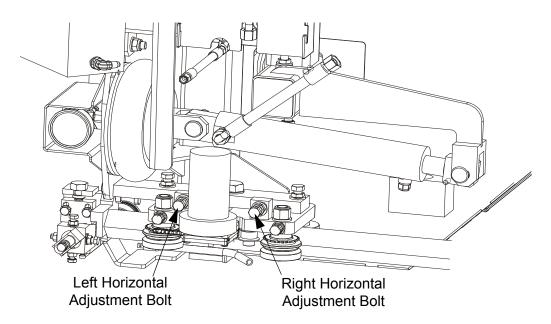


FIG. 5-5

- **5.** Now check the vertical tilt of the blade guide arm. Move the saw saw head so the blade guide arm is positioned over a bed rail.
- **6.** With the arm 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed, raise or lower the saw head until the bottom of the blade guide block is 15" (375 mm) from the top of the bed rail.

See Figure 5-6.

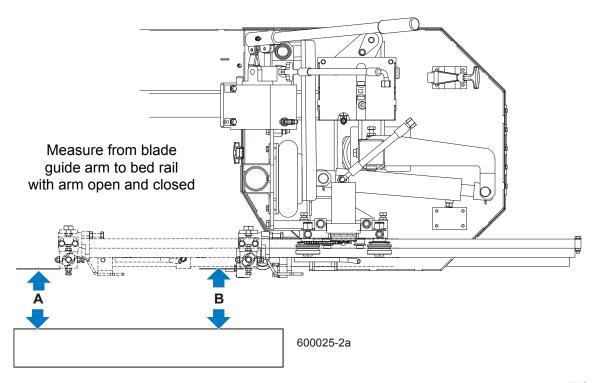


FIG. 5-6

7. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully open. Measure the distance from the bottom of the blade guide mounting block to the bed rail. This measurement should be 15" (375 mm) or slightly higher because the saw head is tilted up 1/26" (1 mm) on the outside (<u>See Saw Head Tilt</u>). If the blade guide is closer to the bed rail or more than 1/26" (1mm) higher with the arm open, adjust the blade guide arm vertically.

See Figure 5-7. Loosen the vertical adjustment bolt jam nuts. To tilt the blade guide arm down, loosen the right bolt and tighten the left bolt. To tilt the blade guide arm up, loosen the left bolt and tighten the

right bolt. Retighten the jam nuts and recheck the blade guide arm vertical tilt.

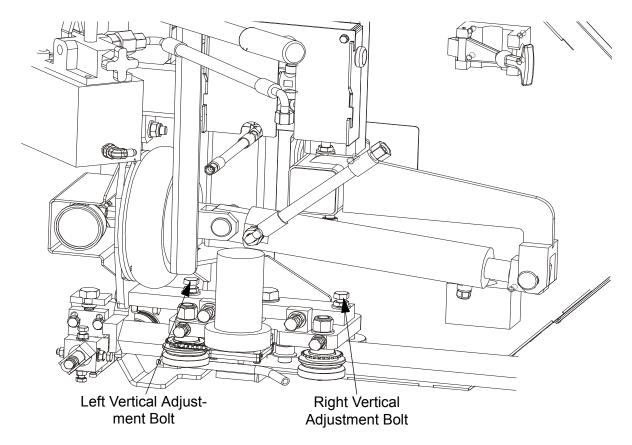


FIG. 5-7

Blade Guide Vertical Tilt Alignment

The blade guides should be adjusted properly in the vertical plane. If the blade guides are tilted vertically, the blade will try to travel in the tilted direction.

A Blade Guide Alignment Tool (BGAT) is provided to help you measure the vertical tilt of the blade.

- 1. Open the adjustable blade guide arm 1/2" (15 mm) from full open.
- 2. Clip the alignment tool on the blade. Position the tool close to the outer blade guide assembly. Be sure the tool does not rest on a tooth or burr, and is lying flat against the bottom of the blade.

See Figure 5-8.

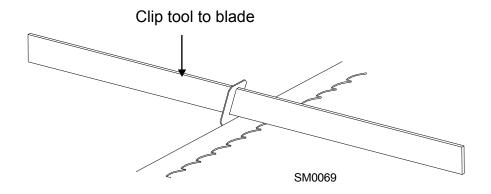


FIG. 5-8

- 3. Move the saw head so that the front end of the tool is positioned above the bed rail. Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom edge of the tool.
- **4.** Move the saw head so that the back end of the tool is positioned above the bed rail. Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom edge of the tool.
- **5.** If the measurement from the tool to the bed rail is not equal within 1/26" (1mm), adjust the vertical tilt of the outer blade guide roller.
 - **See Figure 5-9.** Loosen the jam nuts on the top and bottom vertical tilt adjustment screws. To tilt the roller up, loosen the bottom screw and tighten top screw. To tilt the roller down, loosen the top screw and

tighten the bottom screw. Tighten the jam nuts and recheck the tilt of the blade.

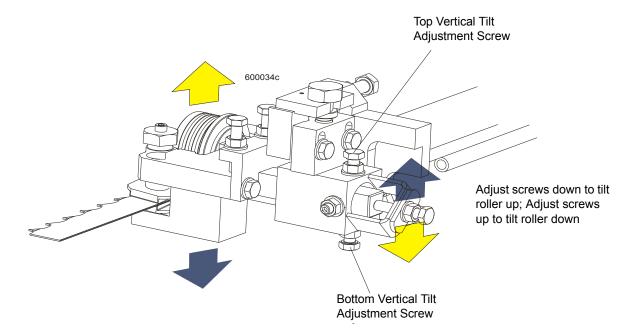


FIG. 5-9

6. Move the blade guide alignment tool close to the inner blade guide roller assembly and repeat the above steps. Adjust the vertical tilt of the inner blade guide if necessary.

Blade Guide Horizontal Tilt Adjustment

If the blade guides are tilted in the wrong direction horizontally, the back of the blade may contact the flange as the roller is spinning down, causing it to push the blade away from the guide roller.

- 1. Remove the blade guide alignment tool from the blade and adjust the blade guide arm halfway in.
- **2.** Remove the clip from the blade guide alignment tool. Place the tool against the face of the outer blade guide roller.

See Figure 5-10.

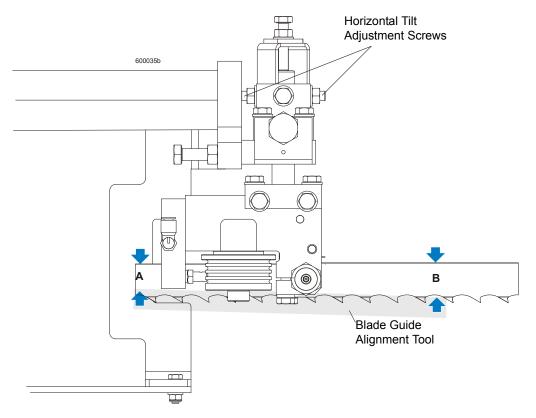


FIG. 5-10

- 3. Measure between the back edge of the blade and the tool at the end closest to the inner blade guide ("B").
- 4. Measure between the back edge of the blade and the other end of the tool ("A").

The roller should be tilted slightly to the left ('A' 1/8" [3 mm] less than 'B' ±1/8" [3 mm]).

See Figure 5-11. Loosen the jam nuts on the horizontal tilt adjustment screws. To tilt the roller left, loosen the right screw and tighten left screw. To tilt the roller right, loosen the left screw and tighten the

right screw. Tighten the jam nuts and recheck the tilt of the blade.

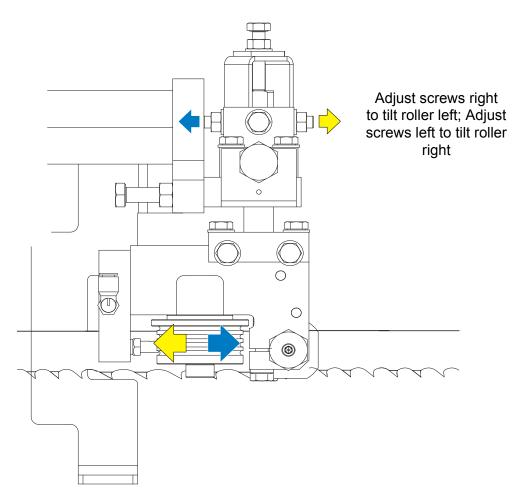


FIG. 5-11

5. Repeat the above steps for the inner blade guide roller assembly.

NOTE: Once the blade guides have been adjusted, any cutting variances are most likely caused by the blade. <u>See Blade Handbook, Form #600.</u>

Blade Guide Flange Spacing

Each blade guide must be adjusted so the roller flange is the correct distance from the back edge of the blade. If the flange is too close to or too far from the blade, the sawmill will not cut accurately.

HINT: When adjusting blade guide spacing, loosen the top set screw and one side set screw only. This will ensure horizontal and vertical tilt adjustments are maintained when the adjustment screws are retightened.

1. Measure the distance between the flange on the inner blade guide roller to the back edge of the blade. This distance should measure 3 mm. Adjust the roller back or forward if necessary.

See Figure 5-12. Loosen the top and one side screw shown and rear adjusting bolt if necessary. Tap the blade guide forward or backward until properly positioned. Retighten the screws and jam nuts.

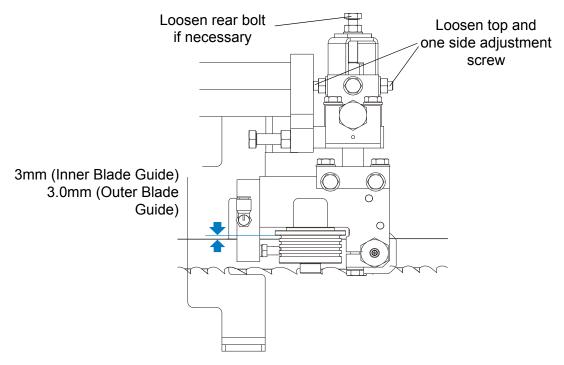


FIG. 5-12

2. Measure the distance between the flange on the outer blade guide roller to the back edge of the blade. This distance should measure 3.0 mm. Adjust the roller back or forward if necessary.

5.2 Horizontal Adjustment of Side Supports

Logs and boards are clamped against the side supports when sawing. The sides supports must be square to the bed to ensure square lumber.

- **1.** Swing the side support down.
- 2. Measure between the face of the support and the main bed tube. Make measurements at both ends of the side support to make sure that it is parallel to the rail.

See Figure 5-13.

- 3. Use the two lower bolts to adjust the side support so B=A.
- 4. Repeat for remaining side supports.

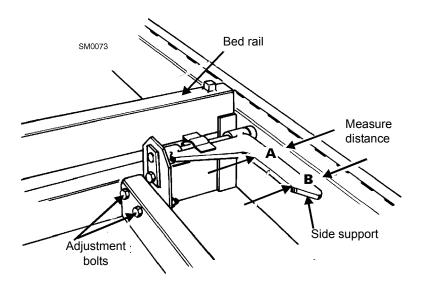


FIG. 5-13

5.3 Vertical Adjustment of Side Supports

- 1. Place a flat board across the bed rails.
- 2. Swing a side support up so that it is vertical.
- 3. Pull back at the top of the support to eliminate slack as if a log were being clamped against it.

See Figure 5-14.

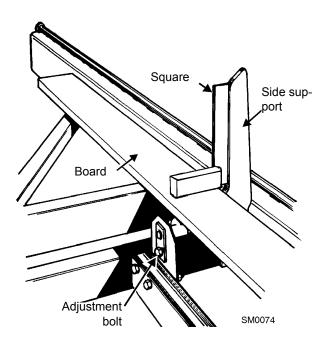


FIG. 5-14

- **4.** Check the angle of each support with a square on the board.
- **5.** The side support should be 90° to the bed rails. Loosen the top adjustment bolt, adjust the side support, and retighten the bolt.
- 6. Repeat for the remaining side supports.

Blade Height Scale Adjustment

After the entire sawmill has been aligned and all adjustments made, check that the blade height scale indicates the true distance from the blade to the bed rails.

- Move the saw head so the blade is positioned directly above one of the bed rails. Measure from the bottom edge on a down-set tooth of the blade to the top of the bed rail, near the inner blade guide assembly.
- 2. View the blade height scale with eyes level with the indicator. The scale should indicate the actual distance from the blade to the bed rail. Adjust the indicator if necessary.

See Figure 5-15. Loosen the indicator bracket mounting bolts and adjust the bracket until the indicator is aligned with the correct mark on the scale. Retighten the bracket mounting nuts.

For example, if the measurement from the down-set tooth of the blade to the bed rail was 14 3/4" (375 mm), make sure the indicator reads 14 3/4" (375 mm) on the scale.

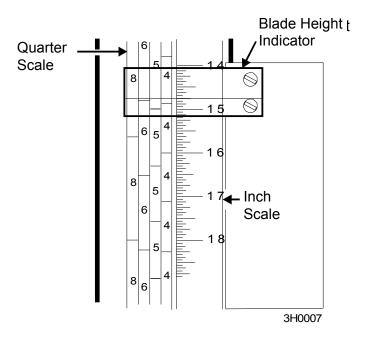


FIG. 5-15

5-16 HDSdoc041217 Sawmill Alignment

5.4 Complete Alignment Procedure

Frame Setup

Before performing the following alignment procedures, setup the mill on firm, level ground.

If your sawmill is stationary, with no trailer axle, lower the feet so the weight of the sawmill is evenly supported.

If your sawmill has a trailer axle and adjustable outriggers, adjust the outriggers as follows:

LT70S DH: Adjust the two end outriggers on the main frame tube down just enough to lift weight from the trailer tire.

LT70M DH: Adjust the front and third outriggers on the main frame tube down just enough to lift weight from the trailer tire.

LT70L DH. Adjust front outriggers on the main frame tube down just enough to lift weight from the trailer tires.

All Portable Sawmills: Adjust the outer outriggers down just so they touch the ground but do not bear weight.

See SECTION 3 for additional setup information.

Blade Installation

- 1. Remove the blade and replace the balde wheel belts. New blade wheel belts are required to perform the complete alignment procedure.
- **2.** Blow sawdust off of the blade guide assemblies. Remove sawdust from the blade housings. Scrape any sawdust buildup from the blade wheel rims.
- 3. Remove the blade guide assemblies and the blade.

NOTE: To remove the blade guide assemblies and maintain the tilt adjustments, only loosen one side screw and the top screw. Leaving the other side screw and bottom screw in position will insure you will return the rollers to their original tilt adjustment.

- **4.** Adjust the outer blade guide arm in or out until the outer blade guide is approximately 24" (61 cm)from the inner blade guide.
- **5.** Install a new blade and apply the appropriate tension (<u>See Section 2.6</u>).
- 6. Close the blade housing covers and make sure all persons are clear of the saw head.

- **7.** Turn the key switch to #2 position.
- 8. Manually spin one of the blade wheels until the blade positions itself on the blade wheels.

Blade Wheel Alignment

The blade wheels should be adjusted so they are level in the vertical and horizontal planes. If the blade wheels are tilted up or down, the blade will want to travel in the tilted direction. If the blade wheels are tilted horizontally, the blade will not track properly on the wheels.

1. Use the blade guide alignment tool to check the vertical alignment of each blade wheel. Attach the tool to the blade near the inner blade guide mount. Be sure the tool does not rest on a tooth or burr, and is lying flat against the bottom of the blade.

See Figure 5-16.

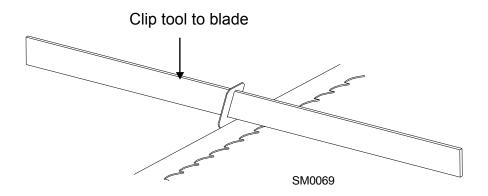


FIG. 5-16

- 2. Move the saw head so the front end of the tool is positioned over the first bed rail. Measure from the bottom of the tool to the top surface of the bed rail.
- 3. Move the saw head so the rear of the tool is positioned over the bed rail. Again, measure from the bottom of the tool to the bed rail.
- **4.** If the two measurements differ by more than 1/16" (1.5 mm), adjust the vertical tilt of the drive-side blade wheel.

See Figure 5-17. Use the vertical adjustment screws to adjust the drive-side blade wheel. To tilt the wheel down, loosen the top adjustment screw one quarter turn. Loosen the jam nut on the bottom adjustment screw and tighten the screw. Tighten the top and bottom jam nuts.

To tilt the wheel up, loosen the bottom adjustment screw one quarter turn. Loosen the jam nut on the top adjustment screw and tighten the screw. Tighten the top and bottom jam nuts.

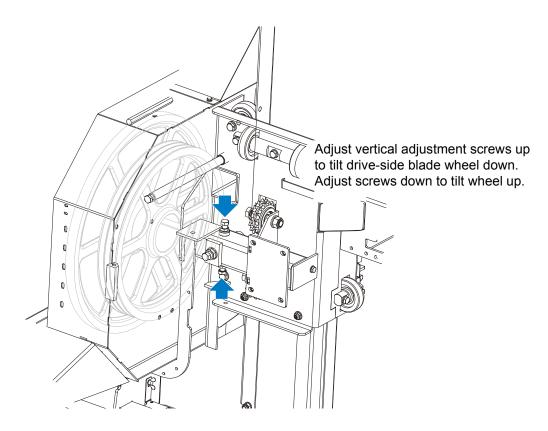


FIG. 5-17

- **5.** Recheck the vertical tilt of the drive-side blade wheel with the blade guide alignment tool. Readjust the blade wheel as necessary until the front and rear of the tool are the same distance from the bed rail (within 1/16" [1.5 mm]).
- 6. Remove the tool from the blade and reattach it near the outer blade guide assembly.
- 7. Measure from the tool to the bed rail at both ends of the tool. If the measurements at the front and rear ends of the tool differ by more than 1/16" (1.5 mm), adjust the vertical tilt of the idle-side blade wheel.

See Figure 5-18. Use the vertical adjustment screws to adjust the idle-side blade wheel. To tilt the wheel up, loosen the bottom adjustment screw one quarter turn. Loosen the jam nut on the top adjustment screw and tighten the screw. Tighten the top and bottom jam nuts.

To tilt the wheel down, loosen the top adjustment screw one quarter turn. Loosen the jam nut on the bottom adjustment screw and tighten the screw. Tighten the top and bottom jam nuts.

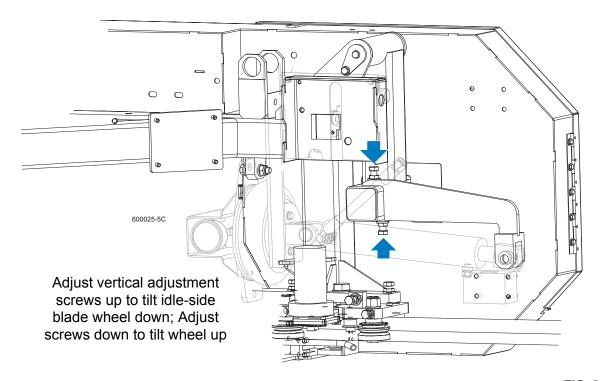


FIG. 5-18

8. Recheck the vertical tilt of the idle-side blade wheel with the blade guide alignment tool. Readjust the blade wheel as necessary until the front and rear of the tool are the same distance from the bed rail (within 1/16" [1.5 mm]).

9. Check the position of the blade on the idle-side blade wheel.

See Figure 5-19. The horizontal tilt of the blade wheel should be adjusted so that the gullet of a 1-1/4" blade is 1/8" (3 mm) out from the front edge of the wheel ($\pm 1/26$ [1mm]). The gullet of a 1-1/2" blade should be 3/16" (4.5 mm) out from the front edge of the wheel ($\pm 1/26$ [1 mm]). Do not let the teeth ride on the wheels.

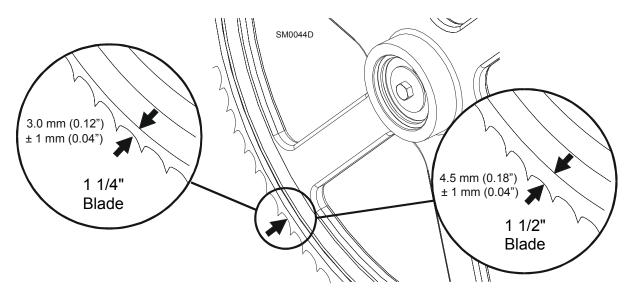


FIG. 5-19

See Figure 5-20. Use the cant control adjustment to adjust the idle-side blade wheel. If the blade is too far forward on the wheel, turn the cant control clockwise. If it is too far back on the wheel, turn the cant control counterclockwise.

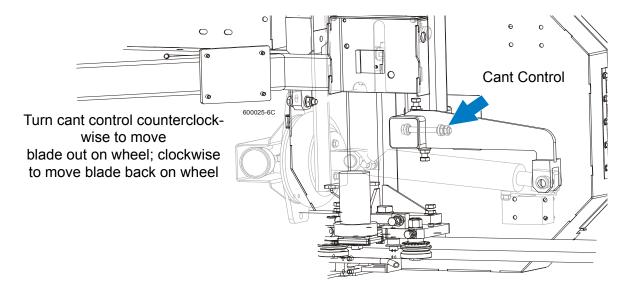


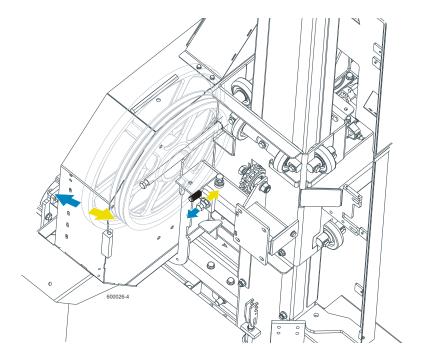
FIG. 5-20

10. Check the position of the blade on the drive-side blade wheel. The blade should be positioned on the wheel as described for the idle-side blade wheel. Adjust the drive-side blade wheel if necessary.

See Figure 5-21. Use the horizontal adjustment screw to adjust the drive-side blade wheel. To move the

blade back on the wheel, loosen the jam nut on the adjustment screw and tighten the screw. Tighten the jam nut.

To move the blade out on the wheel, loosen the jam nut on the adjustment screw and loosen the screw. Tighten the jam nut.



Loosen adjustment bolt to move blade out on wheel;
Tighten adjustment bolt to move blade in on wheel

FIG. 5-21

Bed Rail Adjustment

- 1. Open the adjustable blade guide arm to within 1/2" (15 mm) of full open.
- 2. Move the saw head back to the front pivot bed rail. Raise the cutting head until the bottom of the blade is 17" (400 mm) above the outside of the pivot bed rail support by actual measurement with a tape or ruler.

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See Figure 5-22.

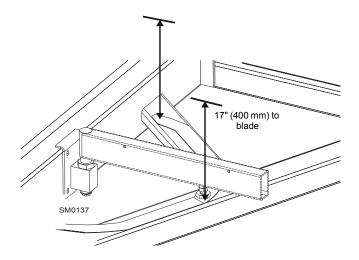


FIG. 5-22

3. Move the saw head forward to check the distance to the blade at the inside of the pivot bed rail support. All measurements should be equal.

See Figure 5-23. To adjust the saw head tilt, use the bolts located at the bottom of the saw head mast. Loosen the three sets of four retaining plate bolts. To raise the outside of the saw head, back the stop bolts out, then tighten the adjustment bolts. To lower the outside of the saw head, loosen the adjustment bolts and tighten the stop bolts. Recheck the saw head tilt and readjust the bolts as necessary.

Retighten the retaining plate bolts.

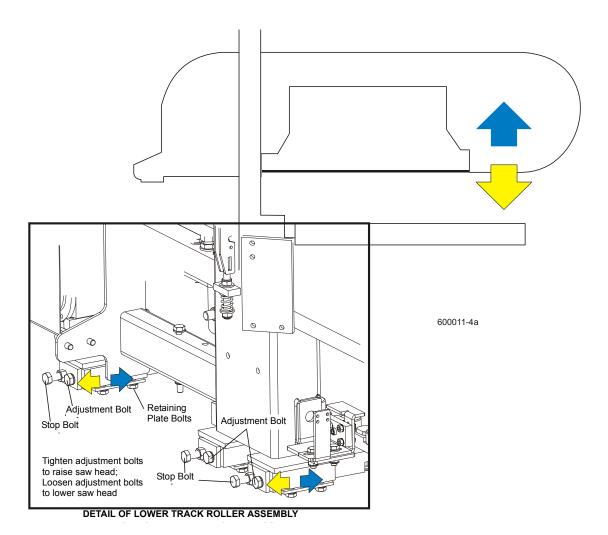


FIG. 5-23

- **4.** Move the clamp so it is 10" from the clamp stop. Adjust the clamp down to its lowest postion. Move the saw head forward until it is positioned over the clamp. Raise the saw head until the blade measures 15 5/16" (385 mm) from the clamp at its lowest position.
- **5.** Adjust the front pivot rail 90° to the main bed tube.
- 6. Move the saw head to center the blade over the front pivot bed rail.

- **7.** Measure the distance from the top of the pivot rail to the bottom of the blade. Make this measurement at each end of the pivot rail.
- 8. The two measurements should be 15" (375 mm).

See Figure 5-24. Loosen the locking set screws and turn the inner height adjustment nut to adjust the height of the inner end of the pivot rail. Loosen the jam nut and turn the outer adjustment bolt to adjust the height of the outer end of the pivot rail.

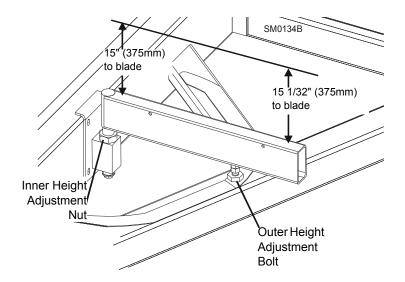


FIG. 5-24

- 9. Move the saw head so the blade is positioned over the center of the front main bed rail.
- **10.** Measure the distance between the bottom of the blade and the bed rail at each end of the bed rail. The bed rail should measure 15" (375 mm) from the blade to the bed rail (+1mm at the outer side).

See Figure 5-25. Loosen the bed rail clamping bolts and turn the adjustment bolts to move the bed rails to the blade if necessary. Retighten the clamping bolts and adjustment bolt jam nuts.

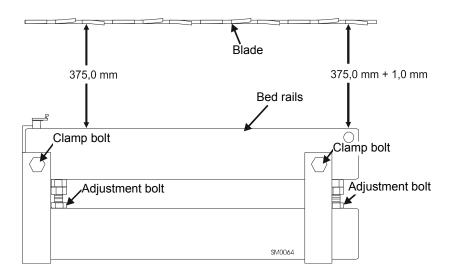


FIG. 5-25

11. Without adjusting the saw head height, check the three remaining main bed rails and the rear pivot rail. Adjust them so that all measure the same distance from the blade at both ends of the bed rail.

Blade Guide Installation

Each Wood-Mizer sawmill has two blade guide assemblies that help the blade maintain a straight cut. The two blade guide assemblies are positioned on the saw head to guide the blade on each side of the material being cut.

One blade guide assembly is mounted in a stationary position on the drive side of the saw head. This assembly is referred to as the "inner" blade guide assembly.

The other blade guide assembly is mounted on the idle side of the saw head. It is referred to as the "outer" assembly and is adjustable for various widths of materials to be processed.

NOTE: Before installing the blade guide assemblies, remove the blade guide adjusting screws and apply a lubricating oil such as 10W30 or Dexron III to each screw. This will prevent the screws and threaded holes from corroding and make screw adjustments easier.

1. Inspect the guide disks and repair or replace as necessary. Remove the blade from the sawmill.

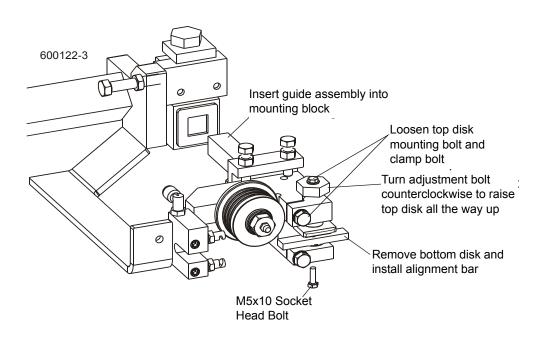


FIG. 5-25

- 2. Loosen the top disk clamp bolt and mounting bolt. Turn the adjustment bolt counterclockwise to raise the top disk all the way up. Remove the bottom guide disk from each blade guide assembly and install the provided alignment bar.
- 3. Install each blade guide assembly to the mounting blocks and push all the way back. Install, tension and track a new blade. Adjust the outer blade guide assembly so the roller flange is 1/8" from the back of the blade. Adjust the inner blade guide assembly so the roller flange is 1/16" from the blade.

See Figure 5-26.

Tighten the two previously-loosened tilt adjustment screws to secure the blade guide assembly. Turn the top adjustment bolt clockwise to raise the blade guide assembly so it does not touch the blade.

NOTE: Before adjusting the top bolt, unload pressure on the bolt by turning 1/2 turn in the opposite direction it was last adjusted.

With the roller flange positioned properly from the back of the blade, adjust the rear bolt so it touches the end of the blade guide mounting shaft.

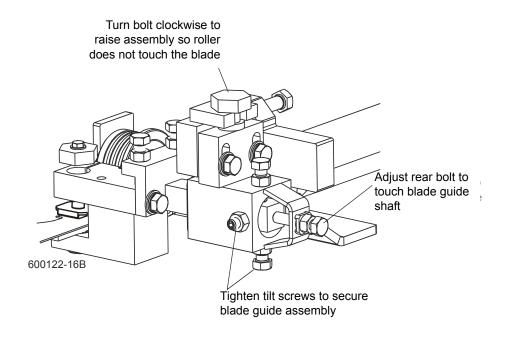


FIG. 5-26

Blade Guide Arm Alignment

The blade guide arm moves the outer blade guide in and out. If the arm becomes loose, the blade guide will not deflect the blade properly, causing inaccurate cuts. A loose blade guide arm can also cause blade vibration.

- 1. Adjust the blade guide arm in to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed.
- 2. Manually try to move the arm up and down. If you can move the arm by hand, you will need to tighten the arm rollers.

See Figure 5-27. Loosen the jam nuts and turn the adjustment bolts in to tighten the blade guide arm

rollers. Retighten the jam nuts.

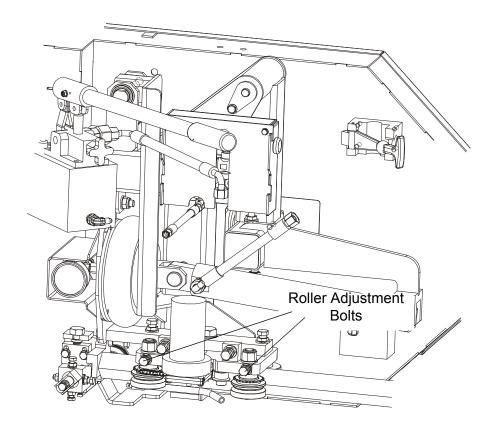


FIG. 5-27

After tightening the blade guide arm rollers, check that the arm is aligned properly.

3. With the arm adjusted 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed, measure the distance between the rear blade guide roller and the back of the blade.

See Figure 5-28.

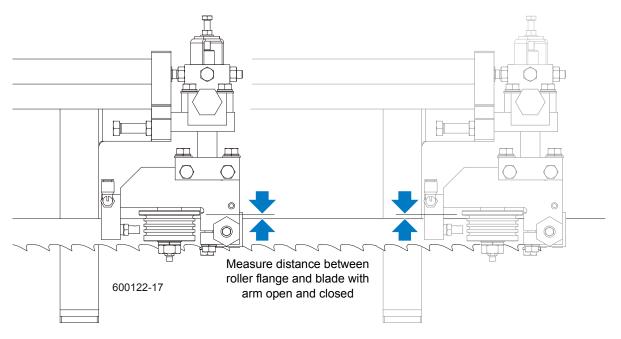


FIG. 5-28

4. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully open and remeasure the distance from the roller flange to the back of the blade. The two measurements should be the same. If not, adjust the outer rollers in or out to tilt the arm horizontally.

See Figure 5-29. Loosen the horizontal adjustment bolt jam nuts. To tilt the arm in toward the blade, loosen the right bolt and tighten the left bolt. To tilt the arm out away from the blade, loosen the left bolt and tighten the right bolt. Retighten the jam nuts and recheck the blade guide arm horizontal tilt.

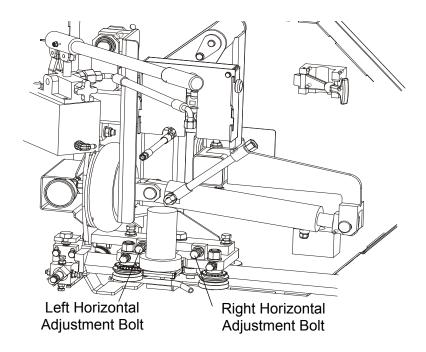


FIG. 5-29

- **5.** Now check the vertical tilt of the blade guide arm. Move the saw saw head so the blade guide arm is positioned over a bed rail.
- **6.** With the arm 1/2" (15 mm) from fully closed, raise or lower the saw head until the bottom of the blade guide block is 15" (375 mm) from the top of the bed rail.

See Figure 5-30. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from fully open. Measure the distance from the bottom of the blade guide mounting block to the bed rail. This measurement should be 15" (376 mm). If the measurements are not the same, adjust the blade guide arm vertically.

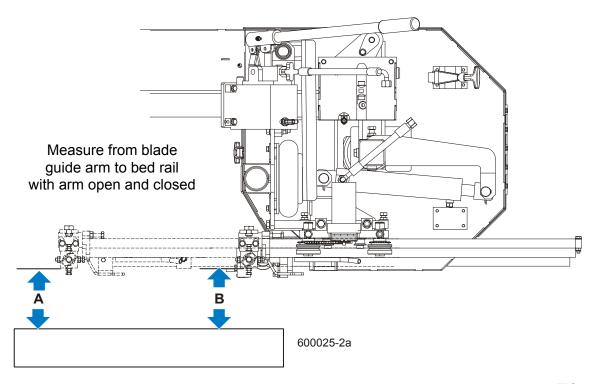


FIG. 5-30

See Figure 5-31. Loosen the vertical adjustment bolt jam nuts. To tilt the blade guide arm down, loosen the rear bolt and tighten the front bolt. To tilt the blade guide arm up, loosen the front bolt and tighten the

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rear bolt. Retighten the jam nuts and recheck the blade guide arm vertical tilt.

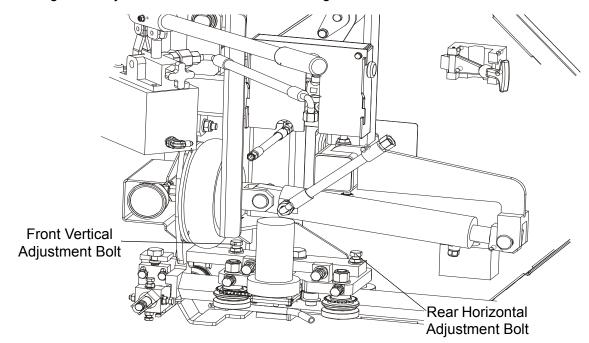


FIG. 5-31

Blade Guide Deflection

Perform the following steps to achieve proper blade deflection with the blade guides.

1. Raise the saw head until the blade is 375 mm above a bed rail. Measure the actual distance with a tape from the top of the rail to the bottom of the blade.

See Figure 5-32.

Loosen the clamp bolts. Turn the top adjustment bolt counterclockwise to lower the assembly until the blade guide roller deflects the blade down until the bottom of the blade measures 369 mm from the bed rail. Tighten the clamp bolts.

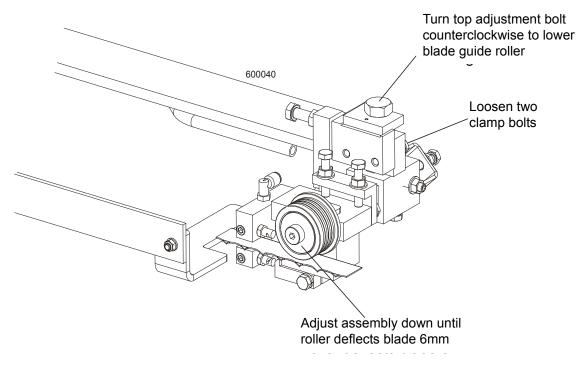


FIG. 5-32

2. Repeat for the other blade guide.

Blade Guide Vertical Tilt Alignment

The blade guides should be adjusted properly in the vertical plane. If the blade guides are tilted vertically, the blade will try to travel in the tilted direction.

A Blade Guide Alignment Tool (BGAT) is provided to help you measure the vertical tilt of the blade.

- 1. Open the adjustable blade guide arm 1/2" (15 mm) from full open.
- 2. Clip the alignment tool on the blade. Position the tool close to the outer blade guide roller. Be sure the tool does not rest on a tooth or burr, and is lying flat on the blade.

See Figure 5-33.

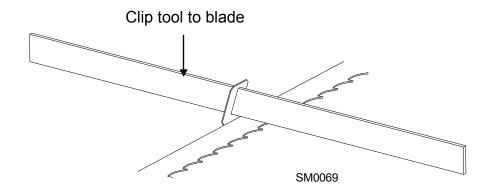


FIG. 5-33

- **3.** Move the saw head so that the front end of the tool is positioned above the bed rail. Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom edge of the tool.
- **4.** Move the saw head so that the back end of the tool is positioned above the bed rail. Measure the distance from the bed rail to the bottom edge of the tool.
- **5.** If the measurement from the tool to the bed rail is not equal, adjust the vertical tilt of the outer blade guide roller.

See Figure 5-34. Loosen the jam nuts on the top and bottom vertical tilt adjustment screws. To tilt the

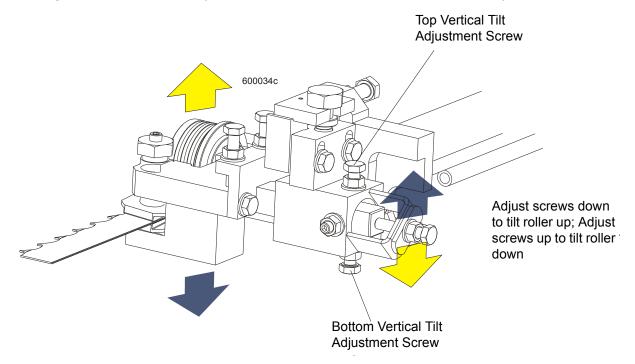


FIG. 5-34

roller up, loosen the bottom screw and tighten top screw. To tilt the roller down, loosen the top screw and tighten the bottom screw. Tighten the jam nuts and recheck the tilt of the blade.

- **6.** Move the blade guide alignment tool close to the inner blade guide roller assembly and repeat the above steps. Adjust the vertical tilt of the inner blade guide if necessary.
- 7. After adjusting the vertical tilt of the blade guides, recheck the blade deflection and adjust if necessary.

Blade Guide Horizontal Tilt Adjustment

If the blade guides are tilted in the wrong direction horizontally, the back of the blade may contact the flange as the roller is spinning down, causing it to push the blade away from the guide roller.

- 1. Remove the blade guide alignment tool from the blade and adjust the blade guide arm halfway in.
- 2. Remove the clip from the blade guide alignment tool. Place the tool against the face of the outer blade guide roller.

See Figure 5-35.

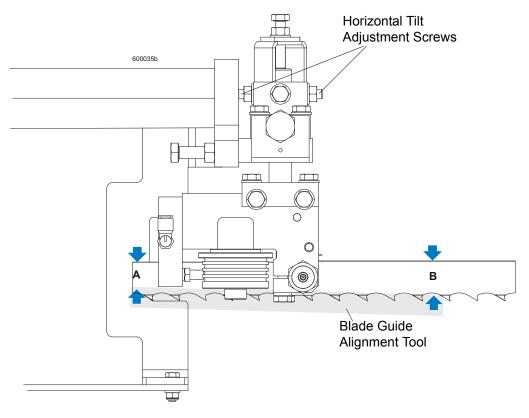


FIG. 5-35

- 3. Measure between the back edge of the blade and the tool at the end closest to the inner blade guide ("B").
- 4. Measure between the back edge of the blade and the other end of the tool ("A").

The roller should be tilted slightly to the left ('A' 1/8" [3 mm] less than 'B' ±1/8" [3 mm]).

See Figure 5-36. Loosen the jam nuts on the horizontal tilt adjustment screws. To tilt the roller left, loosen the right screw and tighten left screw. To tilt the roller right, loosen the left screw and tighten the right screw. Tighten the jam nuts and recheck the tilt of the blade.

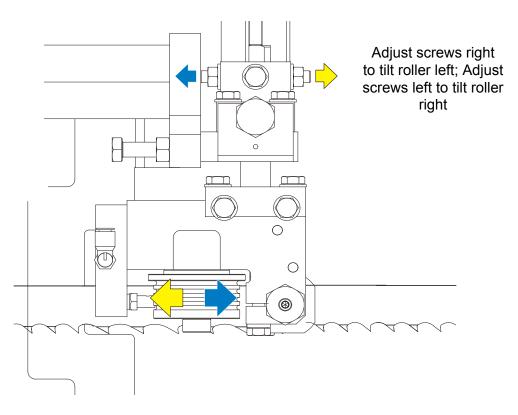


FIG. 5-36

5. Repeat the above steps for the inner blade guide roller assembly.

NOTE: Once the blade guides have been adjusted, any cutting variances are most likely caused by the blade. <u>See Blade Handbook</u>, <u>Form #600</u>.

5-38 HDSdoc041217 Sawmill Alignment

Blade Guide Flange Spacing

Each blade guide must be adjusted so the roller flange is the correct distance from the back edge of the blade. If the flange is too close to or too far from the blade, the sawmill will not cut accurately.

HINT: When adjusting blade guide spacing, loosen the top set screw and one side set screw only. This will ensure horizontal and vertical tilt adjustments are maintained when the adjustment screws are retightened.

1. Measure the distance between the flange on the inner blade guide roller to the back edge of the blade. This distance should measure 1/16" (1.5 mm). Adjust the roller back or forward if necessary.

See Figure 5-37. Loosen the top and one side screw shown and rear adjusting bolt if necessary. Tap the blade guide forward or backward until properly positioned. Retighten the screws and jam nuts.

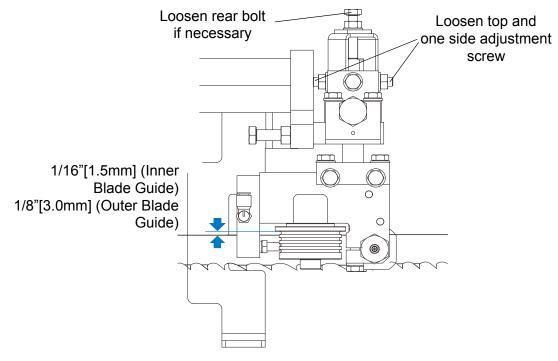


FIG. 5-37

- **2.** Measure the distance between the flange on the outer blade guide roller to the back edge of the blade. This distance should measure 1/8" (3.0 mm). Adjust the roller back or forward if necessary.
- 3. Check the blade guide disks and drive side deflector plate are properly adjusted (See Section 5.2).

Blade Guide Level

Perform the following adjustments to make sure the blade guide assembly is parallel to the blade.

1. Loosen the alignment bar mounting bolt. Use the provided bottom disk adjustment tool to adjust the alignment bar up so the bar is close to, but not touching the bottom of the blade. Retighten the alignment bar mounting bolt

2. Check that the gap from the alignment bar to the blade is the same along entire length of the bar. Shine a flashlight behind the blade guide assembly to help you see the gap between the bar and the blade. To adjust, loosen the rear clamp bolts, but leave snug. Determine which outer bolt to use to tilt the blade guide assembly as desired. Loosen the jam nut and turn the bolt until the alignment bar is parallel to the blade. Retighten the jam nut and clamp bolts. Repeat for the second blade guide assembly.

See Figure 5-38.

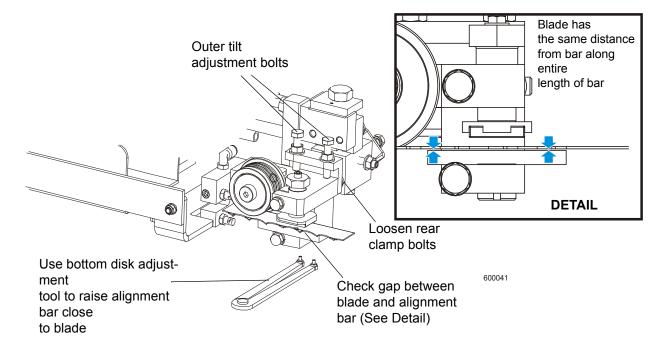


FIG. 5-38

Blade Disk Adjustment

 Remove the blade and remove the alignment bars from the blade guide assemblies. Install new or reconditioned bottom guide disks to both blade guide assemblies (leave mounting bolts loose). Use the provided bottom disk adjustment tool to lower the bottom disk all the way down. Install, tension and track the blade.

See Figure 5-39.

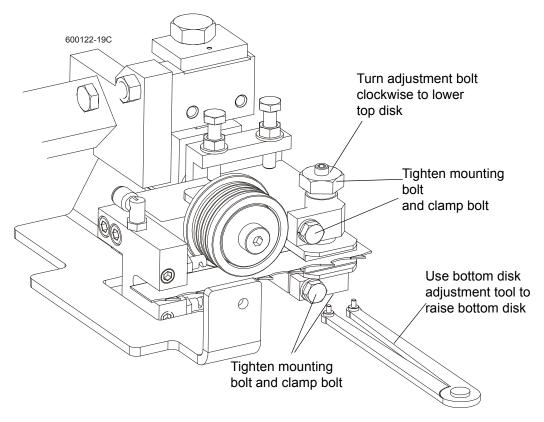


FIG. 5-39

- 2. Use the bottom disk adjustment tool to raise the bottom disk to 0.3-0.5 mm from the blade. Use the provided shim to set the distance from the disk to the blade. Tighten the bottom disk mounting bolt and clamp bolt.
- **3.** Turn the top disk adjustment bolt clockwise to lower the top disk to 0.3-0.5 from the blade (using the shim as a guide). Tighten the top disk mounting bolt and clamp bolt.
- **4.** After tightening the clamp bolt, recheck the distance from the top disk to the blade and readjust if necessary.

Horizontal Adjustment of Side Supports

Logs and boards are clamped against the side supports when sawing. The sides supports must be square to the bed to ensure square lumber.

- 1. Swing the side support down.
- 2. Measure between the face of the support and the main bed tube. Make measurements at both ends of the side support to make sure that it is parallel to the rail.

See Figure 5-40.

- **3.** Use the two lower bolts to adjust the side support so B=A.
- 4. Repeat for remaining side supports.

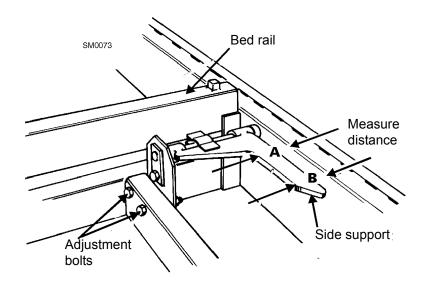


FIG. 5-40

Vertical Adjustment of Side Supports

- 1. Place a flat board across the bed rails.
- **2.** Swing a side support up so that it is vertical.
- 3. Pull back at the top of the support to eliminate slack as if a log were being clamped against it.

See Figure 5-41.

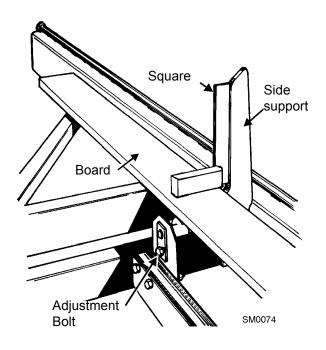


FIG. 5-41

- **4.** Check the angle of each support with a square on the board.
- **5.** The side support should be 90° to the bed rails. Loosen the top adjustment bolt, adjust the side support, and retighten the bolt.
- **6.** Repeat for the remaining side supports.

Clamp Stop/Stop Bolt Adjustment

- 1. Once the side supports are aligned, pivot them down to their horizontal position.
- 2. Tie a string across the face of the side supports.

Loosen the clamp stop bolts and adjust the clamp stop until it touches the string.

Saw Head Tilt

As the blade enters a wide log or cant, the outside of the saw head will drop down slightly. To compensate for the drop, the saw head is adjusted 1/16" (1.5 mm) higher at the outside.

1. Move the saw saw head so the blade is positioned over a bed rail. Adjust the blade guide arm to 1/2" (15 mm) from full open. The saw head should still be adjusted so the blade is 14 3/4" (375 mm) above the bed rails.

See Figure 5-42.

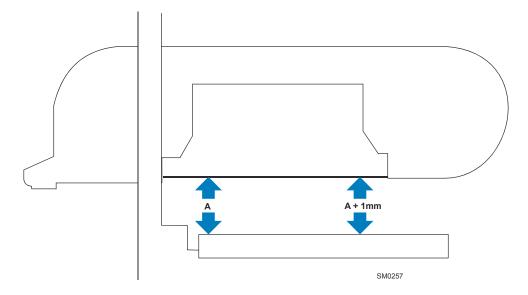


FIG. 5-42

2. Measure from the blade to the bed rail near the outer blade guide assembly. This measurement should be 1/16" (1.5 mm) higher than the inner measurement.

See Figure 5-43. To adjust the saw head tilt, use the bolts located at the bottom of the saw head mast. Loosen the three sets of four retaining plate bolts. To raise the outside of the saw head, back the stop bolts out, then tighten the adjustment bolts. To lower the outside of the saw head, loosen the adjustment bolts and tighten the stop bolts. Recheck the measurement from the blade to the bed rails and adjust the stop bolts and adjustment bolts until the outside of the saw head is 1/16" higher than the inside. Retighten the retaining plate bolts.

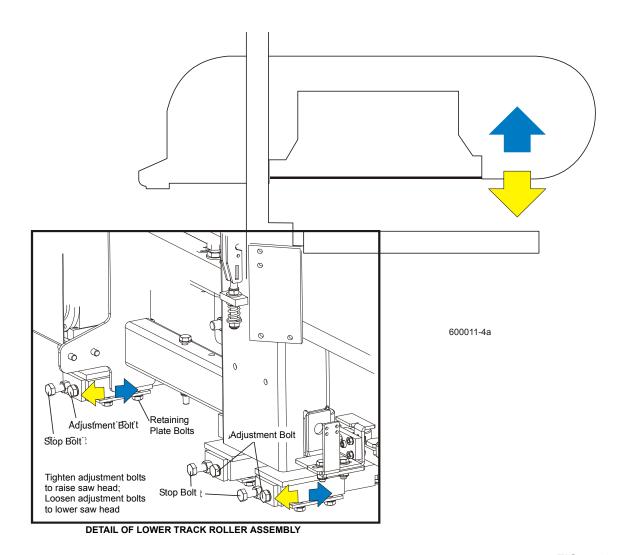


FIG. 5-43

Blade Height Scale Adjustment

After the entire sawmill has been aligned and all adjustments made, check that the blade height scale indicates the true distance from the blade to the bed rails.

1. Move the saw head so the blade is positioned directly above one of the bed rails. Measure from the bottom edge on a down-set tooth of the blade to the top of the bed rail (or stainless steel sleeve if applicable).

See Figure 5-44.

2. View the blade height scale with eyes level with the indicator.

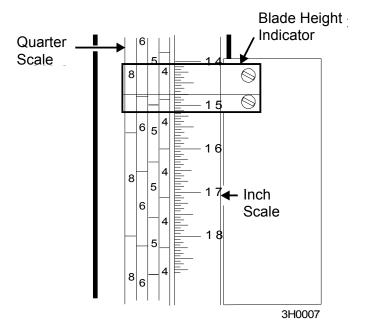


FIG. 5-44

3. Loosen the indicator bracket mounting bolts and adjust the bracket until the indicator is aligned with the correct mark on the scale. Retighten the bracket mounting nut.

For example, if the measurement from blade to bed rail was 14 3/4" (375 mm), make sure the indicator reads 14 3/4" (375 mm) on the scale.

SECTION 6 MOTOR BRAKE

6.1 Motor Brake Maintenance

Maintenance intervals

| Service brakes | \otherwise every six months |
|----------------|---|
| | ■ after 4000 operating hours at the latest |

TABLE 6-1.



IMPORTANT! Brakes with defective armature plates, cheese head screws, springs or flanges must be replaced completely.

Please observe the following for inspections and maintenance operations:

- Remove impurities through oil and grease using brake cleaning agents, if necessary, replace brake after finding out the cause of the contamination. Dirt deposits in the air gap between stator and armature plate impair the function of the brake and must be removed.
- After replacing the rotor, the original braking torque will not be reached until the run-in operation of the friction surfaces has been completed. After replacing the rotor, run-in armature plates and flanges have an increased initial rate of wear.

Checking the rotor thickness



DANGER! The motor must not be running when checking the rotor thickness.

- Remove the motor cover and seal ring (if mounted).
- Measure the rotor thickness with a caliper gauge. On brakes with friction plates, observe edging on outer diameter of friction plate.
- Compare measured rotor thickness with minimally permissible rotor thickness <u>See Table 12-2</u>
- Replace the complete rotor if necessary.

Check air gap

- Measure the air gap "sLu" between armature plate and rotor using a feeler gauge (see chapter 3.3).
- Compare the measured air gap to the maximum permissible air gap "sLümax." (see table below).

■ If necessary, adjust air gap to "sLürated".

| Brake Type | sLürated +0.1mm -0.05mm | sLümax Service Brake | Max. adjustment permissible wear | min. 1) | max. [mm] | Excess of the adjuster nut h _{Emax.} [mm] |
|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| INTORQ BFK458-25 | 0,4 mm (1/64") | 1,0 mm (3/64") | 4,0 mm (5/32") | [mm] 12 mm (15/32") | 16 mm (5/8") | 17 mm (43/64") |

TABLE 12-2



EC declaration of conformity according to EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC Annex II, 1.A

We herewith declare,

Wood-Mizer Industries sp. z o.o. 114 Nagorna street, 62-600 Kolo; Poland.

That the following described machine in our delivered version complies with the appropriate basic safety and health requirements of the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC based on its design and type, as brought into circulation by us. In case of alteration of the machine, not agreed by us, this declaration is no longer valid.

| Designation of the machine: | SAWMILL | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| TYPE: | LT70 | | | |
| Model: | | | | |
| No. of manufacturer: | | | | |
| Applicable EC Directives: | EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC EC Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC | | | |
| Applicable Harmonized Standards: | PN-EN ISO 12100:2012 PN-EN 1807-2:2013-08 PN-EN ISO 13849-1:2008 PN-EN 60204-1:2010 PN-EN ISO 13857:2010 PN-EN ISO 4413:2011 | | | |
| Notified Body according to annex IV : | PZ.LSV; Pruf- und Zertifizierungsstelle des Spitzenverbandes der landwirtschaftlichen Sozialversicherung | | | |
| Notification No | 2157 | | | |
| Responsible for: | EC type examination | | | |
| EC type-examination certificate no. | LSV-EG-2015/104 | | | |
| Responsible for Technical Documentation: | Adam Kubiak / R&D Manager Wood-Mizer Industries Sp. z o.o. 62-600 Koło, ul. Nagórna 114 Tel. +48 63 26 26 000 | | | |
| Place/Date/Authorized Signature: | Koło, 04.02.2015 Adam Kubiak | | | |
| Title: | R&D Manager | | | |